

Product Profile 2011

Power Factor Correction

Power Quality Solutions



Welcome to the World of Electronic Components and Modules



EPCOS is a leading manufacturer of electronic components, modules and systems. Our broad portfolio includes capacitors, inductors and ferrites, EMC filters, sensors and sensor systems, nonlinear resistors, and arresters, as well as SAW and BAW components and RF modules. As an innovative technology-driven company, EPCOS focuses technologically demanding growth markets in the areas of information and communications technology, automotive, industrial, and consumer electronics. We offer our customers both standard components as well as application-specific solutions.

EPCOS has design, manufacturing and marketing facilities in Europe, Asia and the Americas. We are continuously strengthening our global research and development network by expanding R&D activities at our production locations, primarily in Eastern Europe, China and India. With our global presence we are able to provide our customers with local development and manufacturing know-how and support in the early phases of their projects.

EPCOS is continually improving its processes and thus the quality of its products and services. The Group is ISO/TS 16949 certified and remains committed to constantly reviewing and systematically improving its quality management system.

Power Quality Solutions



Contents

Preview	4
PFC capacitor series overview	8
PQS key components overview	10
Important notes	12
PFC capacitors	
 PhaseCap Premium (230 800 V, 5.0 33 kvar) 	13
 PhaseCap Compact (230 1000 V, 5.0 33 kvar) 	20
 PhaseCap HD (400 525 V, 40 60 kvar) 	26
 PhiCap (230 525 V, 0.5 30 kvar) 	29
• MKV capacitors (400 800 V, 4.2 30 kvar)	36
PF controllers and measuring devices	40
BR604, BR6000, BR7000 series and BR7000-SOFTMulti Measuring Interfaces	50
• Grid analysis tool MC7000-3	52
Switching devices	
Capacitor contactors	54
Thryristor modules for dynamic PFC (TSM-series)	57
Reactors	
Reactors – Antiresonance harmonic filter	61
Discharge reactor	64
Fundamentals of Power Factor Correction	65
Components for Power Factor Correction	66
• Standard values: Selection tables for cables, cable cross sections and fuses	69
 Calculation table for reactive power demand (Qc) 	71
• Individual PFC for motors	72
Individual PFC for transformers	73
Detuned PFC in general Detuned PFC important facts and instructions.	74
 Detuned PFC: Important facts and instructions Component selection tables for detuned PFC 	75 76
Dynamic PFC: Important facts and instructions	80
Component selection tables for dynamic PFC	81
PFC basic formulas	84
Cautions	87
Addresses	92

© EPCOS AG 2011 3



General

The increasing demand of electrical power and the awareness of the necessity of energy saving is very up to date these days. Also the awareness of power quality is increasing, and power factor correction (PFC) and harmonic filtering will be implemented on a growing scale. Enhancing power quality – improvement of power factor - saves costs and ensures a fast return on investment. In power distribution, in low- and medium-voltage networks, PFC focuses on the power flow ($\cos \varphi$) and the optimization of voltage stability by generating reactive power - to improve voltage quality and reliability at distribution level.

How reactive power is generated

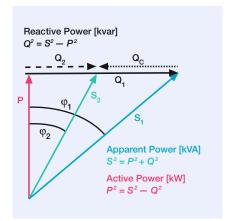
Every electric load that works with magnetic fields (motors, chokes, transformers, inductive heating, arc welding, generators) produces a varying degree of electrical lag, which is called inductance. This lag of inductive loads maintains the current sense (e.g. positive) for a time even though the negative-going voltage tries to reverse it. This phase shift between current and voltage is maintained, current and voltage having opposite signs. During this time, negative power or energy is produced and fed back into the network. When current and voltage have the same sign again, the same amount of energy is again needed to build up the magnetic fields in inductive loads. This magnetic reversal energy is called reactive power.

In AC networks (50 / 60 Hz) such a process is repeated 50 or 60 times a second. So an obvious solution is to briefly store the magnetic reversal energy in capacitors and relieve the network (supply line) of this reactive energy. For this reason, automatic

reactive power compensation systems (detuned / conventional) are installed for larger loads like industrial machinery. Such systems consist of a group of capacitor units that can be cut in and cut out and which are driven and switched by a power factor controller.

Apparent power $S = \sqrt{P^2 + Q^2}$ Active power $P = S * \cos \phi$ Reactive power $Q = S * \sin \phi$

With power factor correction the apparent power S can be decreased by reducing the reactive power Q.





Power factor Low power factor (cos φ)

Low $\cos \phi$ results in

- higher energy consumption and costs,
- less power distributed via the network,
- power loss in the network,
- higher transformer losses,
- increased voltage drop in power distribution networks.

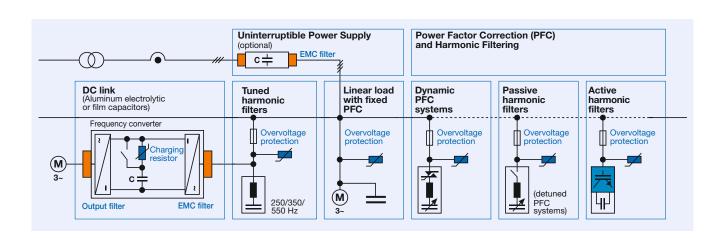
Power factor improvement

Power factor improvement can be achieved by

- compensation of reactive power with capacitors,
- active compensation using semiconductors,
- overexcited synchronous machine (motor/generator).

Types of PFC (detuned or conventional)

- individual or fixed compensation (each reactive power producer is individually compensated),
- group compensation (reactive power producers connected as a group and compensated as a whole),
- central or automatic compensation (by a PFC system at a central point),
- mixed compensation.



© EPCOS AG 2011 5

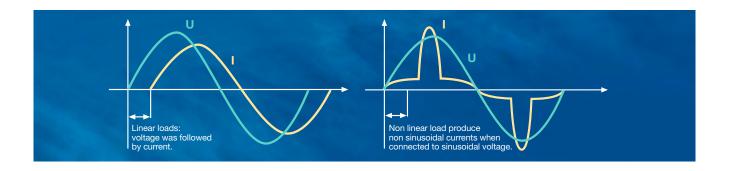


PQS strategy

Along with the emerging demand for power quality and a growing awareness of the need for environmental protection, the complexity in the energy market is increasing: users and decision-makers are consequently finding it increasingly difficult to locate

the best product on the market and to make objective decisions. It is in most cases not fruitful to compare catalogs and data sheets, as many of their parameters are identical in line with the relevant standards. Thus operating times are specified on the basis of

tests under laboratory conditions that may differ significantly from the reality in the field. In addition, load structures have changed from being mainly linear in the past to non-linear today. All this produces a clear trend: the market is calling increasingly for customized



solutions rather than off-the-shelf products. This is where Power Quality Solutions come into the picture. It offers all key components for an effective PFC system from a single source, together with:

- Application know-how
- Technical skills
- Extensive experience in the field of power quality improvement
- A worldwide network of partners
- Continuous development
- Sharing of information

These are the cornerstones on which Power Quality Solutions are built. On the basis of this strategy, EPCOS is not only the leading manufacturer of power capacitors for PFC applications but also a PQS supplier with a century of field experience, reputation and reliability.

© EPCOS AG 2011 7

PFC Capacitor Series Overview

Parameter		PhaseCap Premium	PhaseCap Compact
Power	QR	5.0 33.0 kvar	5.0 33.0 kvar
	***	230 800 V AC	
Rated voltage	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		230 1000 V AC
Inrush current	Is	up to 300 ⋅ I _R	up to 400 ⋅ I _R
Temperature class		-40/D: max. temp. 55 °C max. mean 24 h = 45 °C max. mean 1 year = 35 °C lowest temperature = -40 °C	-40/60: max. temp. 60 °C max. mean 24 h = 45 °C max. mean 1 year = 35 °C lowest temperature = -40 °C -40/C: max. temp. 50 °C max. mean 24 h = 40 °C max. mean 1 year = 30 °C lowest temperature = -40 °C
Losses: - Dielectric	QL	< 0.2 W/kvar	< 0.2 W/kvar
- Total ¹⁾	Q _L	< 0.45 W/kvar	< 0.45 W/kvar
Max. humidity	⊓rel	95%	95%
Safety		triple (self-healing, overpressure disconnector, dry technology)	dual (self-healing, 3-phase overpressure disconnector)
Impregnation		inert gas	semi-dry biodegradable resin
Mean life expectancy	t _{LD} (co)	up to 180 000 h (temp. class –40/C) up to 130 000 h (temp. class –40/D)	up to 200 000 h (temp. class –40/C) up to 150 000 h (temp. class –40/60)
Connection		optimized capacitor safety terminal	optimized capacitor safety terminal (IP20), (VDE 0106 part 100), for current and connection cable details and terminal type/capacitor type association see terminal drawings and capacitor type list
Cooling		natural or forced	natural or forced
Case / shape		aluminum/cylindrical	aluminum/cylindrical
Enclosure		IP20, indoor mounting, optionally with terminal cap for IP54	IP20, indoor mounting, optionally with terminal cap for IP54 (for diameter 116 and 136 mm)
Standard		IEC 60831-1+2, UL 810 5 th edition, cUL file # E238746 (up to 690 V), GOST	IEC 60831-1+2, EN 60831-1+2
Ordering code		B25667C*	B25673A* B25673S*
Page		13	20
		Fundary Water State Control of the	Toronto Control of the Control of th

¹⁾ Without discharge resistor

PFC Capacitor Series Overview

PhaseCap HD	PhiCap	MKV
40.0 60.0 kvar	0.5 30.0 kvar	4.2 30.0 kvar
400 525 V AC	230 525 V AC	400 800 V AC
up to 300 ⋅ I _R	up to 200 ⋅ I _R	up to 500 · I _B
-40/D: max. temp. 55 °C max. mean 24 h = 45 °C max. mean 1 year = 35 °C lowest temperature = -40 °C	-40/D: max. temp. 55 °C max. mean 24 h = 45 °C max. mean 1 year = 35 °C lowest temperature = -40 °C	-40/70: max. temp. 70 °C max. mean 24 h = 55 °C max. mean 1 year = 45 °C lowest temperature = -40 °C
< 0.2 W/kvar < 0.45 W/kvar	< 0.2 W/kvar < 0.45 W/kvar	< 0.2 W/kvar < 0.35 W/kvar
95%	95%	95%
triple (self-healing, overpressure disconnector, dry technology)	dual (self-healing, overpressure disconnector)	dual (self-healing, overpressure disconnector)
inert gas	biodegradable soft resin, semi-dry	oil
up to 180 000 h (temp. class –40/C) up to 130 000 h (temp. class –40/D)	up to 135 000 h (temp. class –40/C) up to 100 000 h (temp. class –40/D)	up to 300 000 h at temperature class -40/D
SIGUT™, block-type safety terminal	B32340 / B32343 series: fast-on terminals B32344 series: optimized capacitor safety terminal, block-type	SIGUT™, block-type safety terminal
natural or forced	natural or forced	natural or forced
aluminum / cylindrical	aluminum / cylindrical	aluminum / cylindrical
IP20	IP00 for B32340/B32343 series; optionally IP54 for B32344 series with terminal cap	IP20, optionally IP54 with terminal cap
IEC 60831-1+2, UL 810 5 th edition GOST	IEC 60831-1+2, UL 810 5th edition cUL file # E106388 CSA file # C22.2 N°190 MC # 236094, (up to ø 85 mm), GOST	IEC 60831-1+2 EN 60831-1+2 GOST
B25669*	B32340C* B32343C* B32344E*	B25836B*
26	29	36
American des 14th		The state of the s

PQS Key Components Overview

PF controller				
Parameter	Power factor controller BR604, BR6000 V5.0 and			
	BR604	BR6000/BR7000		
Supply voltage	230 V AC	110 230 V AC ±15%		
Measurement voltage range	230 V AC	30 525 V AC (L-N)	or (L-L)	
Measurement current	X/5 or X1/A selectable			
Frequency	50 and 60 Hz			
Sensivity	50 mA/10 mA			
Output stages	Relay outputs	Transistor outputs	Interface	
BR604	4	-	_	
3R6000-R6	6	_	-	
BR6000-R12	12	_	_	
BR6000-T6	-	6	_	
3R6000-T12	-	12	_	
3R6000-R12/S485	12	-	RS485	
R6000-T6R6	6	6	-	
3R6000-T6R6/S485	6	6	RS485	
3R6000-T12/S485	-	12	RS485	
BR7000	15	-	2x RS485	
ordering code	B44066R6004E230	B44066RE230	B44066R7415E230	
age	40	40 (BR6000); 46 (BR7	000)	
	Multi measuring interface MMI6000	ce MMI7000		
Operating voltage	230 V AC	110 230 V AC		
Measurement voltage	230 V AC, single phase	30 440 V AC (L-N) 50 690 V AC (L-L),		
Measurement current	X/5 or X/1 selectable	Three phase X:1A / X:	5A	
Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz		
Power consumption	< 4 VA	< 5 VA		
Ordering code	B44066M6 E230	B44066M7 E230		
Page	50	50		

Grid analysis tool	MC7000-3	
Parameter	MC7000-3	
Operating voltage	110 230 V AC ±15%	
Max. measuring voltage ¹⁾ (3-phase)	3 · 30 440 V AC (L-N), 50/60 Hz 3 · 50 760 V AC (L-L), 50/60 Hz	in the second se
Max. measuring current (3-phase)	30, 300, 3000 A	
Frequency	50/60 Hz	
Ordering code	B44066M7777E230	1
Page	52	

¹⁾ incl. all tolerances and voltages

PQS Key Components Overview

Switching de	vices		
Parameter	Capacitor contactors	Thyristor modules	Reactors – Antiresonance harmonic filter
		Thyristor switch for dynamic PFC systems	
Voltage	230 690 V	TSM-LC: 3 · 400 V TSM-HV: 3 · 690 V	400 and 440 V
Output range	12.5 100 kvar	TSM-LC: 10 200 kvar TSM-HV: 50 and 200 kvar	10 100 kvar
Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50 or 60 Hz
De-tuning		suitable for detuned and conventional systems	factor: 5.67%, 7%, 14%
Ordering code	B44066SJ230/J110 for all PFC systems B44066SN230/N110 for detuned PFC systems only	TSM-LC: B44066TE402 TSM-HV: B44066TE690	B44066D*
Page	54	57	61
	ICOS O CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF	TSW 1.C. We cannot be realized as the state of the state	

Important Notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.

- 4. In order to satisfy certain technical requirements, some of the products described in this publication may contain substances subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions (e.g. because they are classed as hazardous). Useful information on this will be found in our Material Data Sheets on the Internet (www.epcos.com/material). Should you have any more detailed questions, please contact our sales offices.
- 5. We constantly strive to improve our products. Consequently, the products described in this publication may change from time to time. The same is true of the corresponding product specifications. Please check therefore to what extent product descriptions and specifications contained in this publication are still applicable before or when you place an order.
 - We also reserve the right to discontinue production and delivery of products. Consequently, we cannot guarantee that all products named in this publication will always be available.
 - The aforementioned does not apply in the case of individual agreements deviating from the foregoing for customer-specific products.
- Unless otherwise agreed in individual contracts, all orders are subject to the current version of the "General Terms of Delivery for Products and Services in the Electrical Industry" published by the German Electrical and Electronics Industry Association (ZVEI).
- 7. The trade names EPCOS, BAOKE, Alu-X, CeraDiode, CSMP, CSSP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, DSSP, FormFit, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKD, MKK, MLSC, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, SIP5D, SIP5K, ThermoFuse, WindCap are trademarks registered or pending in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.epcos.com/trademarks.

Gas-impregnated • Dry type • Concentric winding • Wavy cut • Triple safety system

General

PhaseCap capacitors in cylindrical aluminum cases have been designed for power factor correction in low-voltage applications.

Loads like motors and transformers consume active power as well as reactive power.

Generators, supply cables and other electrical distribution equipment, in turn, should be relieved of reactive power.

The MKK (metalized plastic compact) AC series is intended to increase packing density per bank and cut component costs.

Improved thermal response and simplified installation are advantages of the cylindrical aluminum case.



Applications

- Automatic PFC equipment, capacitor banks
- Individual fixed PFC (e.g. motors, transformers, lighting)
- Group fixed PFC
- Tuned and detuned capacitor banks
- Filter applications
- Dynamic PFC

Features

- Compact design in cylindrical aluminum can with stud
- Concentric winding
- MKK-technology with wavy cut and heavy edge
- Voltage range 230 V ... 800 V
- Output range 5.0 kvar ... 33 kvar

Electrical

- Long life expectancy
- High pulse current withstand capability

Mechanical and maintenance

- Reduced mounting costs
- Maintenance-free
- Highest packing density thanks to compact dimensions

Safety

- Self-healing
- Overpressure disconnector
- Shock hazard protected terminals
- Longterm approved
- cUL approval up to 690 V
- Ceramic discharge resistor pre-mounted

Environmental

- Dry design, inert gas
- No oil leakage

Gas-impregnated • Dry type • Concentric winding • Wavy cut • Triple safety system

Technical data and limit va	lues	
Standards IEC 60831-1+2, EN 608	31-1+2, U	L 810 5 th edition
Overvoltage	V_{max}	V_R + 10% (up to 8 h daily) / V_R + 15% (up to 30 min daily) / V_R + 20% (up to 5 min daily) / V_R + 30% (up to 1 min daily)
Overcurrent	I _{max}	Up to 1.6 \cdot I_{R} including combined effects of harmonics, overvoltages and capacitance tolerance
Inrush current	Is	up to 300 ⋅ I _R
Losses: - Dielectric - Total*		< 0.2 W/kvar < 0.45 W/kvar
Rated frequency	f	50/60 Hz
Capacitance tolerance		-5% / +10%
Test voltage, terminal / terminal	V _{TT}	2.15 · V _{R1} , AC, 10 s
Test voltage, terminal / case	V_{TC}	up to $V_R \leq$ 660 V: 3 000 V AC, 10 s; above $V_R =$ 660 V: 6 000 V AC, 10 s
Mean life expectancy	t _{LD(Co)}	up to 180 000 h (temp. class -40/C); up to 130 000 h (temp. class -40/D)
Ambient temperature		-40/D; max. temp. 55 °C; max. mean 24 h = 45 °C; max. mean 1 year = 35 °C; lowest temperature = -40 °C
Cooling		natural or forced
Humidity	H _{rel}	max. 95%
Altitude		max. 4 000 m above sea level
Mounting position		upright/horizontal
Mounting and grounding		threaded M12 stud on bottom of case
Safety		dry technology, overpressure disconnector, self-healing, maximum allowed fault current 10 000 A in accordance with UL 810 standard
Discharge device		ceramic discharge resistor pre-mounted up to 690 V; external discharge module for $>$ 690 V
Case		extruded aluminum can
Enclosure		IP20, indoor mounting (optionally with terminal cap for IP54)
Dielectric		polypropylene film
Impregnation		inert gas, Nitrogen (N ₂)
Terminals		optimized capacitor safety terminal with electric shock protection (IP20), (VDE 0106 part 100), max. 25 mm² cable cross-section, max. current 80 A
Certification		cUL file # E238746 up to 690 V, GOST
Number of switching operations		max. 7 500 switchings per year

^{*} Without discharge resistor

Gas-impregnated • Dry type • Concentric winding • Wavy cut • Triple safety system

Туре	50 Hz		60 Hz		CR	d x h	Weight	Ordering code	Packing unit
	Output kvar	I _R	Output kvar	I _R	μF	mm	kg		
Rated voltage 230 V	1	1	1	1		1	,	I	
MKK230-D-5.0-01	5.0	13	6.0	16	3 · 100	116 x 164	1.3	B25667C3297A375	6
MKK230-D-7.5-01	7.5	19	9.0	23	3 · 150	116 x 164	1.3	B25667C2457A375	6
MKK230-D-10.4-01	10.4	26	12.5	31	3 · 209	116 x 164	1.5	B25667C2627A375	6
MKK230-D-12.5-01 ³⁾	12.5	31	15.0	37	3 · 251	116 x 200	1.7	B25667C2757A375	4
Rated voltage 400 V	AC, 50/60	Hz, de	⊤ Ita connec	tion	ı				ı
MKK400-D-5.0-01	5.0	7	6.0	9	3 · 32	116 x 164	1.1	B25667C5966A375	6
MKK400-D-7.5-01	7.5	11	9.0	13	3 · 50	116 x 164	1.2	B25667C3147A375	6
MKK400-D-10.0-01	10.0	14	12.0	17	3 · 64	116 x 164	1.2	B25667C4197A375	6
MKK400-D-12.5-01	12.5	18	15.0	22	3 · 83	116 x 164	1.1	B25667C3247A375	6
MKK400-D-15.0-01	15.0	22	18.0	26	3 · 100	116 x 164	1.3	B25667C3297A375	6
MKK400-D-20.0-01	20.0	30	24.0	36	3 · 133	116 x 164	1.5	B25667C3397A375	6
MKK400-D-25.0-01	25.0	36	_	_	3 · 165	116 x 200	1.8	B25667C3497A375	4
Rated voltage 415 V	AC. 50/60	Hz. de	⊤ Ita connec	tion	ı				
MKK415-D-5.0-01	5.0	7	6.0	8	3 · 32	116 x 164	1.1	B25667C5966A375	6
MKK415-D-6.2-01	6.2	8	7.5	10	3 · 39	116 x 164	1.2	B25667C5127A375	6
MKK415-D-10.4-01	10.4	15	12.5	17	3 · 64	116 x 164	1.2	B25667C4197A375	6
MKK415-D-12.5-01	12.5	17	15.0	21	3 · 77	116 x 164	1.3	B25667C4237A375	6
MKK415-D-15.0-01	15.0	21	18.0	25	3 · 93	116 x 164	1.4	B25667C4287A375	6
MKK415-D-16.7-01	16.7	23	20.0	28	3 · 103	116 x 164	1.5	B25667C4307A375	6
MKK415-D-20.0-01	20.8	29	25.02)	352)	3 · 128	116 x 200	1.7	B25667C4387A375	4
MKK415-D-25.0-01	25.0	35	_	_	3 · 154	136 x 200	2.1	B25667C4467A375	4
Rated voltage 440 V		1	lta connec	tion	0 101	100 % 200		220007011077070	'
	5.0	7	6.0	8	3 · 27	116 x 164	1.2	B25667C4826A375	6
MKK440-D-5.0-01 MKK440-D-7.5-01	7.5	10	9.0	12	3 · 21	116 x 164	1.2	B25667C4626A375	6
	10.4	14	12.5		3 · 41	116 x 164	1.3	B25667C4127A375	6
MKK440-D-10.4-01			15.0	16		116 x 164			6
MKK440-D-12.5-01 MKK440-D-14.2-01	12.5 14.2	16	17.0	20	3 · 69 3 · 77	116 x 164	1.4	B25667C4207A375 B25667C4237A375	6
	15.0	20	18.0	24	3 · 77	116 x 164	1.4	B25667C4237A375	6
MKK440-D-15.0-01	16.7	20	20.0		3 · 83	116 x 164 116 x 200			4
MKK440-D-16.7-01				26			1.8	B25667C4277A375	_
MKK440-D-18.8-01	18.8	25	22.6	30	3 · 103	116 x 164	1.5	B25667C4307A375	6
MKK440-D-20.0-01	20.0	26	24.0	31	3 · 111	116 x 200	1.7	B25667C4337A375	4
MKK440-D-25.0-01	25.0	33	30.0	39	3 · 137	136 x 200	2.0	B25667C4417A375	4
MKK440-D-28.1-013)	28.1	37	-	-	3 · 154	136 x 200	2.1	B25667C4467A375	4
MKK440-D-30.0-013)	30.01)	391)	-	-	3 · 164	136 x 200	2.4	B25667C4497A375	4
MKK440-D-33.0-01 ³⁾	33.01)	431)	-	_	3 · 181	136 x 200	2.5	B25667C4547A375	4

Types for voltages 220 V, 240 V, 600 V, 660 V and other kvar-outputs are available upon request.

 $^{^{1)}}$ Temperature class deviation –40/C max. 50 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ $^{2)}$ Temperature class deviation –40/B max. 45 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

③ Discharge time ≤ 75 V in 90 s
 * Packing units for capacitors equal minimum order quantity.
 Orders will be rounded up to packing unit or multiple thereof.

Gas-impregnated • Dry type • Concentric winding • Wavy cut • Triple safety system

Туре	e 50 Hz Output I _R kvar A		60 Hz Output I _R kvar A		CR	d x h	Weight	Ordering code	Packing unit*
					μF	μF mm			
Rated voltage 480 V	AC, 50/60	Hz, del	ta connec	tion	'		kg	'	
MKK480-D-6.25-01	6.25	8	7.5	9	3 · 29	116 x 164	1.2	B25667C4866A375	6
MKK480-D-8.3-01	8.3	10	10.0	12	3 · 39	116 x 164	1.2	B25667C5127A375	6
MKK480-D-10.4-01	10.4	12	12.5	14	3 · 48	116 x 164	1.3	B25667C5147A375	6
MKK480-D-12.5-01	12.5	15	15.0	18	3 ⋅ 58	116 x 164	1.5	B25667C5177A375	6
MKK480-D-15.0-01	15.0	18	18.0	22	3 · 69	116 x 164	1.4	B25667C4207A375	6
MKK480-D-16.7-01	16.7	20	20.0	24	3 · 77	116 x 200	1.8	B25667C5237A375	4
MKK480-D-20.0-01	20.0	22	24.0	26	3 · 92	116 x 200	1.8	B25667C4277A375	4
MKK480-D-25.0-01	25.0	30	30.0	36	3 · 115	136 x 200	2.2	B25667C4347A375	4
MKK480-D-30.0-01 ²⁾	30.01)	36 ¹⁾	-	_	3 · 138	136 x 200	2.4	B25667C4417A365	4
Rated voltage 525 V	AC, 50/60	Hz, del	ta connec	tion					
MKK525-D-8.3-01	8.3	9	10.0	11	3 · 32	116 x 164	1.1	B25667C5966A375	6
MKK525-D-10.0-01	10.0	11	12.0	13	3 · 39	116 x 164	1.2	B25667C5127A375	6
MKK525-D-12.5-01	12.5	14	15.0	17	3 · 48	116 x 164	1.3	B25667C5147A375	6
MKK525-D-15.0-01	15.0	17	18.0	20	3 · 58	116 x 164	1.5	B25667C5177A375	6
MKK525-D-16.7-01	16.7	18	20.0	21	3 · 64	116 x 164	1.6	B25667C5197A375	6
MKK525-D-20.0-01	20.0	22	24.0	26	3 · 77	116 x 200	1.8	B25667C5237A375	4
MKK525-D-25.0-01	25.0	28	30.0	33	3 · 96	136 x 200	2.3	B25667C5287A375	4
MKK525-D-30.0-01 ²⁾	30.01)	331)	_	_	3 · 115	136 x 200	2.4	B25667C5347A375	4
Rated voltage 570 V	1	1	l	tion		1	1		
MKK570-D-27.5-01	27.5	27	33	32.4	3 · 90	136 x 200	2.5	B25667C5277A375	4
	ı	1	1	1	0 00	100 X 200	2.0	B2300103211A013	7
Rated voltage 690 V					١		1		
MKK690-D-5.0-01	5.0	4.2	6	5.0	3 · 11	116 x 164	1.3	B25667C6336A375	6
MKK690-D-10.0-01	10.0	8.4	12	10.1	3 · 23	116 x 164	1.4	B25667C6676A375	6
MKK690-D-12.5-01	12.5	10.5	15	12.6	3 · 28	116 x 164	1.5	B25667C6836A375	6
MKK690-D-15.0-01	15.0	12.6	18	15.1	3 · 34	116 x 164	1.5	B25667C6107A375	6
MKK690-D-20.8-01	20.8	17.5	25	21.0	3 · 47	136 x 200	2.0	B25667C6137A375	4
MKK690-D-25.0-01	25.0	21.0	30	25.1	3 · 56	136 x 200	2.2	B25667C6167A375	4
Rated voltage 765 V									
MKK765-D-30.0-01	30	23	36	28	3 · 55	136 x 200	2.4	B25667C7167A375	4
Rated voltage 800 V	AC, 50/60	Hz, del	ta connec	tion					
MKK800-D-5.0-01	5.0	3.6	6	4.3	3 · 8	116 x 164	1.2	B25667C7246A375	6
MKK800-D-7.5-01	7.5	5.4	9.0	6.5	3 · 12.4	121 x 164	1.2	B25667C7376A375	6
MKK800-D-10.0-01	10.0	7.2	12	8.7	3 · 17	116 x 164	1.3	B25667C7496A375	6
MKK800-D-12.5-01	12.5	9.0	15	11.0	3 · 21	116 x 164	1.4	B25667C7626A375	6
MKK800-D-15.0-01	15.0	11.0	18	13.0	3 · 25	116 x 164	1.5	B25667C7746A375	6
MKK800-D-20.0-01	20.0	14.5	24	17.3	3 · 33	136 x 200	2.0	B25667C7996A375	4
MKK800-D-25.0-01	25.0	18.0	30	22.0	3 · 41	136 x 200	2.3	B25667C7127A375	4
MKK800-D-28.0-01	28.0	20.0	33	24.0	3 · 46	136 x 200	2.4	B25667C7137A375	4

Types for voltages 220 V, 240 V, 600 V, 660 V and other kvar-outputs are available upon request.

 $^{^{1)}}$ Temperature class deviation –40/C max. 50 °C $^{2)}$ Temperature class deviation –40/B max. 45 °C $^{3)}$ Discharge time \leq 75 V in 90 s

^{*} Packing units for capacitors equal minimum order quantity. Orders will be rounded up to packing unit or multiple thereof.

Gas-impregnated • Dry type • Concentric winding • Wavy cut • Triple safety system

Туре	50 Hz		60 Hz		CR	d x	h	Weig	ht	Ordering	code	Packing unit	
	Output kvar	I _R	Output kvar	I _R	μF	mm	1	kg					
Rated voltage 230 V A	AC, 50/60	Hz											
MKK230-I-5.0-01	5.2	23	6.2	28	313	116	x 164	1.1		B256670	C2317A175	6	
MKK230-I-6.6-01	6.6	29	7.9	34	397	116	x 164	1.4		B256670	C2397A175	6	
MKK230-I-7.5-01	7.5	33	9.0	40	457	116	x 164	1.3		B256670	C2457A175	6	
MKK230-I-8.3-01	8.3	36	10.0	43	502	116	x 164	1.3		B256670	C2507A175	6	
MKK230-I-9.1-01 ¹⁾	9.1	38	-	-	548	116	x 164	1.4		B256670	C2557A175	6	
Rated voltage 400 V A	AC, 50/60	Hz											
MKK400-I-10.4-01	10.4	26	12.5	31	207	116	x 164	1.2		B256670	C3207A175	6	
MKK400-I-12.5-01	12.5	31	15.0	37	249	116	x 164	1.3		B256670	C3247A175	6	
Rated voltage 440 V A	AC, 50/60	Hz			'								
MKK440-I-6.9-01	6.9	16	8.3	19	116 116		x 164	64 1.3		B25667C5117A175		6	
MKK440-I-8.3-01	8.3	19	10.0	23	144			1.5		B25667C5147A175		6	
Rated voltage 525 V A	AC. 50/60	Hz	1						-				
MKK525-I-10.0-01	10.0	19	12.0	23	116	116	x 164	1.3		B256670	C5117A175	6	
MKK525-I-12.5-01	12.5	24	15.0	29	144		x 164	1.5			C5147A175	6	
MKK525-I-15.0-01 ¹⁾	15.0	29	18.0	35	173		x 200	1.7			C5177A175	4	
MKK525-I-18.6-01 ¹⁾	18.6	36	22.3	43	215		x 200	2.0			C5217A175	4	
Plastic protective	e case fo	or cap	acitor ²⁾					'					
Capacitor d x h	Protecti	on clas	ss C	able di	ameter outsi	ide	Dimen				Ordering of	code	
mm				nm			I ₁	l ₂ mm	l ₃ mm	h mm			
	IDE 4										D.4.4000V0	100	
116 x 164	IP54			9–13			134	110	177	243	B44066X9		
116 x 200 / 136 x 200	IP54			0–18			154.5	130.5	186	280	B44066X9	142	
Plastic protective	e termina	al cov	er³)										
Capacitor d x h	For cab	le glan	d C	able di	ameter outsi	ide	Dimen Ø d ₁	sions	Ø d ₂		Ordering of	Ordering code	
mm			n	nm			mm		mm				
116 x 164	PG 13.5		9	9–13			116		125		B44066K0	B44066K0135A000	
116 x 200	PG 16		10	0–14			116		125 B44066K0			160A000	
			14					137 145					

Types for voltages 220 V, 240 V, 600 V, 660 V and other kvar-outputs are available upon request.

¹⁾ Discharge time ≤ 75 V in 90 s

²⁾ Applicable up to 16 mm² cable cross section

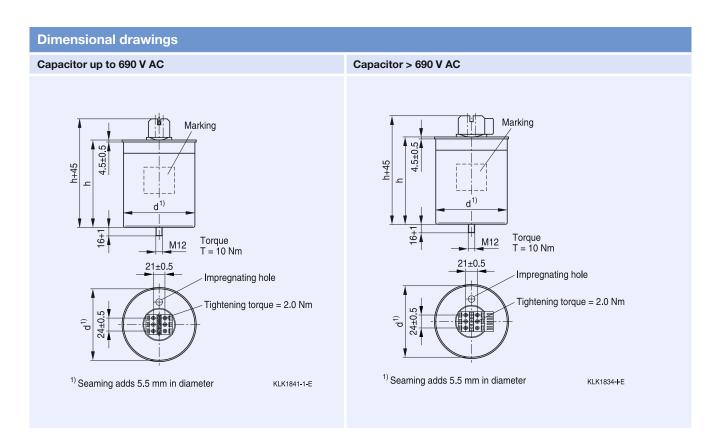
³⁾ Note: The new terminal covers can be used for B25667B series;

the formerly available terminal covers do not fit for the B25667C series

^{*} Packing units for capacitors equal minimum order quantity.

Orders will be rounded up to packing unit or multiple thereof.

Gas-impregnated • Dry type • Concentric winding • Wavy cut • Triple safety system

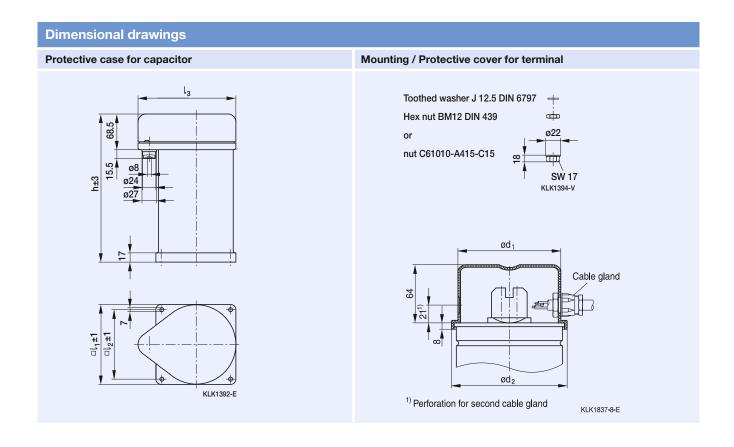








Gas-impregnated • Dry type • Concentric winding • Wavy cut • Triple safety system



Semi-dry biodegradable resin • Concentric winding • Wavy cut • Dual safety system

General

The new PhaseCap Compact PFC capacitor is based on the EPCOS MKK technology known for many years from the successful Phase-Cap series with its unique concentric windings. Based on years of experience in PFC and millions of sold capacitors, EPCOS presents the next step in PFC capacitor evolution.

Using polypropylene as dielectric and semi-dry biodegradable resin as impregnation agent, the Phase-Cap Compact offers higher inrush current capability (up to $400 \cdot I_R$) and over current capability (up to $2.0 \cdot I_R$) even compared to

PhaseCap. With an output of up to 33 kvar at very small height it meets the dimensional requirements of panel builders. Its new enhanced terminals permit the connection of a broader variety of cables and cable sizes. Depending on the operating conditions PhaseCap Compact provides a life expectancy of up to 200 000 hours, more than any other capacitor in the EPCOS PFC capacitor portfolio besides MKV.



Applications

- Automatic PFC equipment, capacitor banks
- Individual fixed PFC (e.g. motors, transformers, lighting)
- Group fixed PFC
- Tuned and detuned capacitor banks
- Filter applications
- Dynamic PFC

Features

- Compact design in cylindrical aluminum can with stud
- Concentric winding
- MKK-technology with wavy cut and heavy edge
- Voltage range: 230 ... 1000 V
- Output range: 5.0 ... 33.0 kvar

Electrical features

- Very high life expectancy
- High inrush current capability (up to 400 · I_R)
- High overcurrent capability (up to 2.0 · I_R)

Mechanical and maintenance

- Reduced mounting costs
- Maintenance-free
- Compact dimensions
- Mounting position upright/ horizontal

Safety

- Self healing
- Overpressure disconnector
- Shock hazard protected terminals
- Pre-mounted ceramic discharge resistor

Technical data and limit val	ues	
Standards IEC 60831-1+2, EN 608	31-1+2	
Overvoltage	V _{max}	V_R + 10% (up to 8 h daily) / V_R + 15% (up to 30 min daily) / V_R + 20% (up to 5 min daily) / V_R + 30% (up to 1 min daily)
Overcurrent	I _{max}	up to 1.6 $2.0\cdot I_{\text{R}}$ (including combined effects of harmonics, overvoltages and capacitance tolerance) depending on the individual type
Inrush current	Is	up to 400 · I _R
Losses: - Dielectric - Total*		< 0.2 W/kvar < 0.45 W/kvar
Rated frequency	f	50/60 Hz
Capacitance tolerance		-5% / +10%
Test voltage, terminal / terminal	V_{TT}	2.15 · V _{R1} , AC, 10 s
Test voltage, terminal / case	V_{TC}	up to $V_R \le 660$ V: 3 000 V AC, 10 s; above $V_R = 660$ V: 6 000 V AC, 10 s
Mean life expectancy	t _{LD(Co)}	up to 200 000 h (temperature class –40/C) up to 150 000 h (temperature class –40/60)
Ambient temperature		Temperature class –40/60: Max. short time 60 °C, max. mean 24 h = 45 °C; max. mean 1 year = 35 °C; lowest temperature = –40 °C Temperature class –40/C: Max. short time 50 °C, max. mean 24 h = 40 °C; max. mean 1 year = 30 °C; lowest temperature = –40 °C
Cooling		natural or forced
Humidity	H _{rel}	max. 95%
Altitude		max. 4 000 m above sea level
Mounting position		upright/horizontal
Mounting and grounding		threaded bolt M12
Safety		self-healing, overpressure disconnector
Discharge device		ceramic discharge resistor pre-mounted up to 690 V; external discharge module for $>$ 690 V; discharge time \leq 75 V or less in 60 s; types marked with $^{1)} \leq$ 75 V or less in 90 s
Case		extruded aluminum can with stud
Enclosure		IP20, indoor mounting (optionally with terminal cap for IP54)
Dielectric		polypropylene film
Impregnation		semi-dry biodegradable resin
Terminals		optimized capacitor safety terminal with electric shock protection (IP20), (VDE 0106 part 100), for current and connection cable details and the terminal type – capacitor type
		association please refer to terminal drawings and capacitor type list

^{*} Without discharge resistor

Туре	50 Hz		60 Hz		CR	Terminal type	d x h	Weight	Ordering code	Packin unit*
	Output kvar	I _R	Output kvar	I _R	μF	type	mm	kg		unit
Rated voltage 230 V AC	C, 50/60 H	z, delta	connection	n			ı			
MKK230-D-5.0-02	5.0	13.0	6.0	15.0	3 · 100	Α	85 x 200	1.2	B25673A2052A040	9
MKK230-D-7.5-02	7.5	19.0	9.0	23.0	3 · 150	В	100 x 200	1.7	B25673A2072A540	6
MKK230-D-10.0-02	10.0	25.0	12.0	30.0	3 · 201	В	116 x 200	2.2	B25673A2102A040	4
MKK230-D-12.5-02 ¹⁾	12.5	31.0	15.0	38.0	3 · 251	В	116 x 200	2.2	B25673A2122A540	4
Rated voltage 400 V AC	C, 50/60 H	z, delta	connection	n			ı			
MKK400-D-5.0-02	5.0	7.0	6.0	9.0	3 · 33	A	85 x 125	0.7	B25673A4052A000	9
MKK400-D-7.5-02	7.5	11.0	9.0	13.0	3 · 50	A	85 x 162	1.0	B25673A4072A500	9
MKK400-D-10.0-02	10.0	14.0	12.0	17.0	3 · 66	A	85 x 162	1.0	B25673A4102A000	9
MKK400-D-12.5-02	12.5	18.0	15.0	22.0	3 · 83	В	100 x 162	1.4	B25673A4102A000	6
MKK400-D-15.0-02	15.0	22.0	18.0	26.0	3 · 99	В	100 x 162	1.4	B25673A4152A000	6
MKK400-D-20.0-02	20.0	29.0	24.0	35.0	3 · 133	В	100 x 102	1.7	B25673A4201A000	6
MKK400-D-25.0-02	25.0	36.0	30.0	43.0	3 · 166	В	116 x 200	2.2	B25673A4252A000	4
			- '		0 100	0	110 X 200	2.2	B23070A4232A000	7
Rated voltage 415 V AC	•									
MKK415-D-5.0-02	5.0	7.0	6.0	8.0	3 · 31	Α	85 x 125	0.7	B25673A4052A010	9
MKK415-D-6.2-02	6.2	9.0	7.4	10.0	3 · 38	A	85 x 162	1.0	B25673A4062A010	9
MKK415-D-10.4-02	10.4	15.0	12.5	17.0	3 · 64	В	100 x 162	1.4	B25673A4102A010	6
MKK415-D-12.5-02	12.5	18.0	15.0	21.0	3 · 77	В	100 x 200	1.7	B25673A4122A510	6
MKK415-D-15.0-02	15.0	21.0	18.0	25.0	3 · 93	В	100 x 200	1.7	B25673A4152A010	6
MKK415-D-20.0-02	20.8	29.0	25.0	35.0	3 · 128	В	116 x 200	2.2	B25673A4202A810	4
MKK415-D-25.0-02	25.0	35.0	-	-	3 · 154	В	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A4282A140	2
MKK415-D-25.0-02A ²⁾	25.0	35.0	-	-	3 · 154	В	116 x 224	2.7	B25673S4282A140	1
Rated voltage 440 V AC	C, 50/60 H	z, delta	connection	n						
MKK440-D-5.0-02	5.0	7.0	6.0	8.0	3 · 27	Α	85 x 125	0.7	B25673A4052A040	9
MKK440-D-7.5-02	7.5	10.0	9.0	12.0	3 · 41	Α	85 x 162	1.0	B25673A4072A540	9
MKK440-D-10.4-02	10.4	14.0	12.5	16.0	3 · 57	В	100 x 162	1.4	B25673A4102A040	6
MKK440-D-12.5-02	12.5	16.0	15.0	20.0	3 · 69	В	100 x 162	1.4	B25673A4122A540	6
MKK440-D-15.0-02	15.0	20.0	18.0	24.0	3 · 82	В	100 x 200	1.7	B25673A4152A040	6
MKK440-D-20.0-02	20.0	26.0	24.0	31.0	3 · 110	В	116 x 200	2.2	B25673A4202A040	4
MKK440-D-25.0-02	25.0	33.0	30.0	39.0	3 · 137	В	116 x 200	2.2	B25673A4252A040	4
MKK440-D-28.1-02 ¹⁾	28.1	37.0	_	-	3 · 154	В	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A4282A140	2
MKK440-D-28.1-02A ^{1) 2)}	28.1	37.0	_	-	3 · 154	В	116 x 224	2.7	B25673S4282A140	1
MKK440-D-30.0-02 ¹⁾	30.0	39.0	-	-	3 · 164	В	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A4302A040	2
MKK440-D-30.0-02A ^{1) 2)}	30.0	39.0	-	-	3 · 164	В	116 x 224	2.7	B25673S4302A040	1
MKK440-D-33.0-02 ¹⁾	33.0	43.0	-	-	3 · 181	В	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A4332A040	2
MKK440-D-33.0-02A ^{1) 2)}	33.0	43.0	_	_	3 · 181	В	116 x 248	3.0	B25673S4332A040	1

^{*} Packing units for capacitors equal minimum order quantity. Orders will be rounded up to packing unit or multiple thereof.

 $^{^{1)}}$ Discharge time $\leq 75~\text{V}$ in 90 s

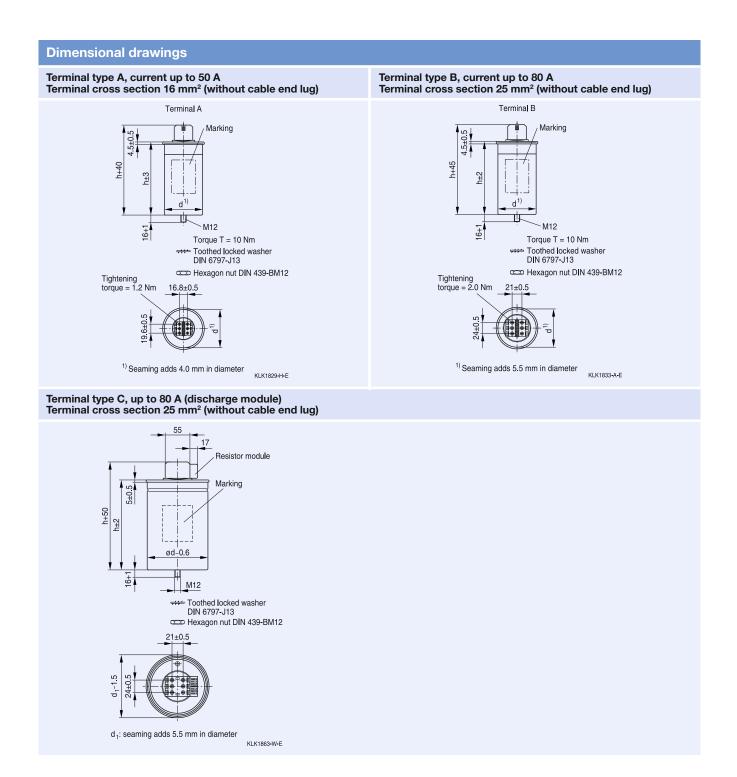
²⁾ Stacked winding

Three-phase capa	citors									
Туре	50 Hz		60 Hz		C _R			Weight	Ordering code	Packing unit*
	Output kvar	I _R	Output kvar	I _R	μF	type	mm	kg		unit
Rated voltage 480 V AC	C, 50/60 Hz	z, delta	connection	on						
MKK480-D-6.3-02	6.3	8.0	7.6	9.0	3 · 29	Α	85 x 162	1.0	B25673A4062A380	9
MKK480-D-8.3-02	8.3	11.0	10.0	12.0	3 · 38	В	100 x 162	1.4	B25673A5102A020	6
MKK480-D-10.0-02	10.4	14.0	12.0	15.0	3 · 48	В	100 x 200	1.7	B25673A5122A520	6
MKK480-D-12.5-02	12.5	15.0	15.0	18.0	3 · 58	В	100 x 200	1.7	B25673A4122A580	6
MKK480-D-15.0-02	15.0	18.0	18.0	22.0	3 · 69	В	100 x 200	1.7	B25673A4152A080	6
MKK480-D-20.0-02	20.0	24.0	24.0	29.0	3 · 92	В	116 x 200	2.2	B25673A4202A080	4
MKK480-D-25.0-02	25.0	30.0	30.0	36.0	3 · 115	В	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A4252A080	2
MKK480-D-25.0-02A	25.0	30.0	30.0	36.0	3 · 115	В	116 x 224	2.7	B25673S4252A080	1
MKK480-D-28.0-02 ¹⁾	28.0	34.0	_	-	3 · 129	В	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A4282A080	2
MKK480-D-28.0-02A ¹⁾	28.0	34.0	-	-	3 · 129	В	116 x 248	3.0	B25673S4282A080	1
MKK480-D-30.0-02 ¹⁾	30.0	36.0	-	-	3 · 138	В	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A4302A080	2
MKK480-D-30.0-02A ¹⁾	30.0	36.0	_	-	3 · 138	В	116 x 248	3.0	B25673S4302A080	1
Rated voltage 525 V AG	C, 50/60 Hz	z, delta	connection	on						
MKK525-D-8.3-02	8.3	9.0	10.0	11.0	3 · 32	В	100 x 162	1.4	B25673A5082A320	6
MKK525-D-10.0-02	10.0	11.0	12.0	13.0	3 · 38	В	100 x 162	1.4	B25673A5102A020	6
MKK525-D-12.5-02	12.5	14.0	15.0	16.0	3 · 48	В	100 x 200	1.7	B25673A5122A520	6
MKK525-D-15.0-02	15.0	16.0	18.0	20.0	3 ⋅ 58	В	100 x 200	1.7	B25673A5152A020	6
MKK525-D-16.7-02	16.7	18.0	20.0	22.0	3 · 64	В	116 x 200	2.2	B25673A5162A720	4
MKK525-D-20.0-02	20.0	22.0	24.0	26.0	3 · 77	В	116 x 200	2.2	B25673A5202A020	4
MKK525-D-25.0-02 ¹⁾	25.0	28.0	30.02)	-	3 · 96	В	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A5252A020	2
MKK525-D-25.0-02A ¹⁾	25.0	28.0	30.0	33.0	3 · 96	В	116 x 224	2.7	B25673S5252A020	1
MKK525-D-30.0-02 ¹⁾	30.0	33.0	-	-	3 · 115	В	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A5302A020	2
MKK525-D-30.0-02A ¹⁾	30.0	33.0	-	-	3 · 115	В	116 x 248	3.0	B25673S5302A020	1

^{*} Packing units for capacitors equal minimum order quantity. Orders will be rounded up to packing unit or multiple thereof.

 $^{^{1)}}$ Discharge time ≤ 75 V in 90 s $^{2)}$ Temperature class deviation –40/B max. 45 °C

Туре	50 Hz		60 Hz		CR	Terminal	d x h	Weight	Ordering code	Packing
	Output kvar	I _R	Output kvar	I _R	μF	type	mm	kg		unit*
Rated voltage 690 V AC	c, 50/60 H	z, delta	connecti	on						
MKK690-D-5-02	5.0	4.2	6.0	5.0	3 · 11.2	С	116 x 164	2.1	B25673A6052A090	4
MKK690-D-7.5-02	7.5	6.3	9.0	7.5	3 · 16.7	С	116 x 164	2.1	B25673A6072A590	4
MKK690-D-10-02	10.0	8.4	12.0	10.1	3 · 22.5	С	116 x 164	2.1	B25673A6102A090	4
MKK690-D-12.5-02	12.5	10.5	15.0	12.6	3 · 27.9	С	116 x 164	2.1	B25673A6122A590	4
MKK690-D-15-02	15.0	12.6	18.0	15.1	3 · 33.5	С	116 x 164	2.2	B25673A6152A090	4
MKK690-D-20.8-02	20.8	17.4	25.0	20.9	3 · 46.5	С	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A6202A890	2
MKK690-D-25-02	25.0	20.9	30.0	25.1	3 · 55.7	С	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A6252A090	2
Rated voltage 800 V AC	c, 50/60 H	z, delta	connecti	on						
MKK800-D-5-02	5.0	3.6	6.0	4.3	3 · 8.3	С	116 x 164	2.1	B25673A8052A000	4
MKK800-D-7.5-02	7.5	5.4	9.0	6.5	3 · 12.4	С	116 x 164	2.1	B25673A8072A500	4
MKK800-D-10-02	10.0	7.2	12.0	8.7	3 · 16.6	С	116 x 164	2.1	B25673A8102A000	4
MKK800-D-12.5-02	12.5	9.0	15.0	10.8	3 · 20.7	С	116 x 164	2.1	B25673A8122A500	4
MKK800-D-15-02	15.0	10.8	18.0	13.0	3 · 24.9	С	116 x 164	2.1	B25673A8152A000	4
MKK800-D-20-02	20.0	15.0	25.0	18.0	3 · 33.2	С	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A8202A000	2
MKK800-D-25-02	25.0	18.0	30.0	21.7	3 · 41.4	С	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A8252A000	2
MKK800-D-28-02	28.0	20.2	33.6	24.2	3 · 46.4	С	136 x 200	3.2	B25673A8282A000	2
Rated voltage 900 V AC	c, 50/60 H	z, delta	connecti	on						
MKK900-D-10.4-02	10.4	6.7	12.5	8.0	3 · 13.6	С	116 x 164	2.0	B25673A9102A400	4
MKK900-D-12.5-02	12.5	8.0	15.0	9.6	3 · 16.4	С	116 x 164	2.0	B25673A9122A500	4
MKK900-D-15-02	15.0	9.6	18.0	11.5	3 · 19.7	С	116 x 200	2.4	B25673A9152A000	4
MKK900-D-20-02	20.0	12.8	24.0	15.4	3 · 26.2	С	136 x 200	3.1	B25673A9202A000	2
MKK900-D-25-02	25.0	16.0	30.0	19.4	3 · 32.7	С	136 x 200	3.1	B25673A9252A000	2
Rated voltage 1000 V A	C, 50/60	Hz, delt	a connect	tion						
MKK1000-D-10.4-02	10.4	6.0	12.5	7.2	3 · 11.0	С	116 x 164	2.0	B25673A0102A400	4
MKK1000-D-12.5-02	12.5	7.2	15.0	8.7	3 · 13.3	С	116 x 164	2.0	B25673A0122A500	4
MKK1000-D-15-02	15.0	8.7	18.0	10.4	3 · 15.9	С	116 x 200	2.4	B25673A0152A000	4
MKK1000-D-20-02	20.0	11.6	24.0	13.9	3 · 21.2	С	136 x 200	3.1	B25673A0202A000	2
MKK1000-D-25-02	25.0	14.4	30.0	17.3	3 · 26.5	С	136 x 200	3.1	B25673A0252A000	2



PhaseCap HD PFC Capacitors

High density type ● Up to 60 kvar ● Gas-impregnated ● Wavy cut ● Triple safety system

General

The PhaseCap HD series is a follow-on development of the MKK AC series, covering the power range above 40 through 60 kvar with just one capacitor in a cylindrical aluminum case.

The PhaseCap HD is especially intended for industrial applications with demands for long life, constant capacitance and high inrush current withstand capability up to $300 \cdot I_B$.

Such applications require typical power steps of 25 or 50 kvar switched by a PFC controller via each capacitor contactor.

This MKK AC series was developed to increase packing density per bank and cut component costs.



Applications

- Automatic PFC equipment, capacitor banks
- Individual fixed PFC (e.g. motors, transformers, lighting)
- Group fixed PFC
- Tuned and detuned capacitor banks
- Filter applications
- Dynamic PFC
- PFC systems with space constraints

Features

- Compact design in cylindrical aluminum can with stud
- Stacked winding
- MKK-technology with wavy cut and heavy edge
- Voltage range 400 V ... 525 V
- Output range 40 kvar (50 Hz) ...
 60 kvar (60 Hz)

Electrical

- Low losses
- High pulse current withstand capability (up to 300· I_R)

Mechanical and maintenance

- Reduced mounting costs
- Maintenance-free

Safety

- Self-healing
- Overpressure disconnector
- Shock hazard protected terminals
- Long-term approved
- Pre-mounted discharge resistor module

Environmental

- Dry design, inert gas
- No oil leakage

PhaseCap HD PFC Capacitors

High density type • Up to 60 kvar • Gas-impregnated • Wavy cut • Triple safety system

Technical data and limit val	lues	
Standards IEC 60831-1+2, EN 608	31-1+2, U	IL 810 5 th edition
Overvoltage	V _{max}	V_R + 10% (up to 8 h daily) / V_R + 15% (up to 30 min daily) / V_R + 20% (up to 5 min daily) / V_R + 30% (up to 1 min daily)
Overcurrent	I _{max}	up to 1.5 \cdot I_{R} including combined effects of harmonics, overvoltages and capacitance tolerance
Inrush current	Is	up to 300 · I _R
Losses: - Dielectric - Total*		< 0.2 W/kvar < 0.45 W/kvar
Rated frequency	f	50/60 Hz
Capacitance tolerance		-5% / +10%
Test voltage, terminal / terminal	V_{TT}	2.15 · V _{R1} , AC, 10 s
Test voltage, terminal / case	V_{TC}	up to $V_R \le 660$ V: 3 000 V AC, 10 s
Mean life expectancy	t _{LD(Co)}	up to 180 000 h (temperature class –40/C) up to 130 000 h (temperature class –40/D)
Ambient temperature		-40/D; max. temp. 55 °C; max. mean 24 h = 45 °C; max. mean 1 year = 35 °C; lowest temperature = -40 °C
Cooling		natural or forced
Humidity	H _{rel}	max. 95%
Altitude		max. 4 000 m above sea level
Mounting position		upright
Mounting and grounding		threaded M12 stud on bottom of case
Safety		dry technology, overpressure disconnector, self-healing, maximum allowed fault current 10 000 A in accordance with UL 810 standard
Discharge device		pre-mounted discharge module
Case		extruded aluminum can
Enclosure		IP20, indoor mounting
Dielectric		polypropylene film
Impregnation		inert gas, Nitrogen (N ₂)
Terminals		optimized capacitor safety terminal with electric shock protection (IP20), (VDE 0106 part 100), max. 35 mm² cable cross section, max. current 130 A
Number of switching operations		max. 5 000 switchings per year according to IEC 60831-1+/2

^{*} Without discharge resistor

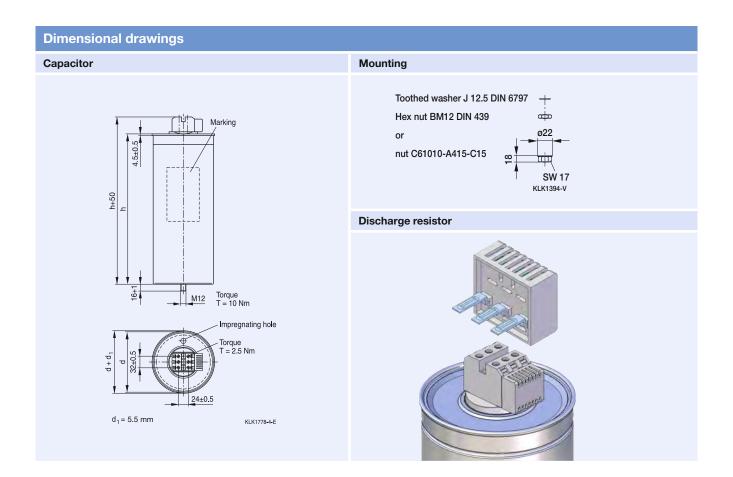
PhaseCap HD PFC Capacitors

High density type • Up to 60 kvar • Gas-impregnated • Wavy cut • Triple safety system

Three-phase capacitors													
Туре	50 Hz		60 Hz	CR		d x h	Weight	Ordering code	Packing unit ²⁾				
	Output kvar	I _R	Output kvar	I _R	μF	mm	kg		unit-				
Rated voltage 400 V AC, 50 / 60 Hz, delta connection													
MKK400-D-40.0-21	40.0	58	48.0	69	3 · 265	136 x 317	4.4	B25669A3796J375	2				
MKK400-D-50.0-21	50.0	72	60.0 ¹⁾	87 ¹⁾	3 · 332	136 x 355	4.7	B25669A3996J375	2				
(Suitable also for 415 V wit	h 7.6% highe	er output)											
Rated voltage 440 V	AC, 50/60	Hz, del	ta connec	tion									
MKK440-D-40.0-21	40.0	52	48.0	63	3 · 219	136 x 317	4.4	B25669A4657J375	2				
MKK440-D-50.0-21	50.0	66	60.0 ¹⁾	79 ¹⁾	3 · 274	136 x 355	4.7	B25669A4827J375	2				
MKK440-D-56.0-21	56.0	74	-	-	3 · 307	136 x 355	4.7	B25669B4927J375	2				
Rated voltage 525 V	AC, 50/60	Hz, del	ta connec	tion									
MKK525-D-40.0-21	40.0	44	48.0	53	3 · 154	136 x 355	4.7	B25669A5467J375	2				

Customized products available upon request.

²⁾ Packing units for capacitors equal minimum order quantity. Orders will be rounded up to packing unit or multiple thereof.



¹⁾ Temperature class deviation -40/B max. 45 °C

Biodegradable soft resin impregnated • Stacked winding • Dual safety system

General

PhiCap capacitors are a tried and tested series of MKP (metalized polypropylene) capacitors from EPCOS which have been used for PFC applications for more than 15 years.

The power range varies from 0.5 to 30.0 kvar and 0.7 to 6.0 kvar per single capacitor can, depending on a three-phase or single-phase capacitor design.

The PhiCap capacitor is especially intended for power factor correction in industrial applications.

The capacitors are manufactured using metalized polypropylene film as the dielectric and housed in a cylindrical aluminum case.



Applications

- Power Factor Correction (PFC)
- Automatic capacitor banks
- Fixed PFC applications, e.g. motor compensation
- Detuned PFC systems
- Dynamic PFC systems

Features

- Compact design in cylindrical aluminum can with stud
- Stacked winding
- MKP technology
- Voltage range 230 ... 525 V
- Output range 0.5 ... 30 kvar

Electrical

- Up to 30 kvar per case for threephase applications
- Up to 6 kvar per case for singlephase applications
- Long life expectancy of up to 135 000 hours
- High pulse current withstand capability (up to 200 · I_R)

Mechanical and maintenance

- Reduced mounting costs, easy installation and connection
- Low weight and compact volume
- Maintenance-free

Safety

- Self-healing
- Overpressure disconnector
- Shock hazard protected optimized capacitor safety terminal for B32344 series

Biodegradable soft resin impregnated • Stacked winding • Dual safety system

Standards IEC 60831-1+2, IS: 1334	10/41 60	eT
,		
Overvoltage	V _{max}	V_R + 10% (up to 8 h daily) / V_R + 15% (up to 30 min daily) / V_R + 20% (up to 5 min daily) / V_R + 30% (up to 1 min daily)
Overcurrent	I _{max}	up to $1.5 \cdot I_{\text{R}}$ including combined effects of harmonics, overvoltages and capacitance
Inrush current	Is	up to 200 ⋅ I _R
Losses: - Dielectric - Total*		< 0.2 W/kvar < 0.45 W/kvar
Rated frequency	f	50/60 Hz
Capacitance tolerance		-5% / 10%
Test voltage, terminal / terminal	V_{TT}	2.15 · V _R , AC, 2 s
Test voltage, terminal / case	V_{TC}	3 000 V AC, 10 s
Mean life expectancy	t _{LD(Co)}	up to 135 000 h (temperature class –40/C) up to 100 000 h (temperature class –40/D)
Ambient temperature		-40/D; max. temp. 55 °C; max. mean 24 h = 45 °C; max. mean 1 year = 35 °C; lowest temperature = -40 °C
Cooling		natural or forced
Humidity	H _{rel}	max. 95%
Altitude		max. 4 000 m above sea level
Mounting position		upright
Mounting and grounding		threaded M12 (10 Nm) for case size diam. > 53 mm M8 (4 Nm) for case size diam. ≤ 53 mm
Safety		self-healing technology, overpressure disconnector, maximum allowed fault current 10 000 A in accordance with UL 810 standard
Discharge device		discharge resistor included; pre-mounted for B32344 series
Case		extruded aluminum can
Enclosure		IP00 for B32340/B32343, indoor mounting (IP54 for B32344 with plastic terminal cap; for other series please refer to page 35)
Dielectric		polypropylene film
Impregnation		biodegradable soft resin, semi-dry
Terminals		optimized capacitor safety terminals for B32344 series, max. current 50 A, max. 16 mm² cable cross section, fast-on terminals for B32340 and B32343 series
Number of switching operations		max. 5 000 switchings per year according to IEC 60831-1+/2

^{*} Without discharge resistor

Biodegradable soft resin impregnated • Stacked winding • Dual safety system

Out	50 Hz		60 Hz		CR	d x h	Weight	Ordering code	Packing unit*
	Output kvar	I _R	Output kvar	I _R	μF	mm	kg		
Rated voltage 230 V	1		ı	1			, ,		I
MKP230-D-0.5	0.5	1.3	0.6	1.6	3 · 10	53 x 114	0.3	B32343C2002A530	12
MKP230-D-0.7	0.7	1.9	0.9	2.3	3 · 15	53 x 114	0.3	B32343C2002A730	12
MKP230-D-1.0	1.0	2.5	1.2	3.0	3 · 20	63.5 x 129	0.3	B32343C2012A030	12
MKP230-D-1.5	1.5	3.8	1.8	4.6	3 · 30	63.5 x 129	0.4	B32343C2012A530	12
MKP230-D-2.0	2.0	5.0	2.4	6.0	3 · 42	75 x 138	0.4	B32344E2022A030	6
MKP230-D-2.5	2.5	6.3	3.0	7.5	3 · 50	75 x 138	0.4	B32344E2022A530	6
MKP230-D-5.0	5.0	12.6	6.0	15.1	3 · 100	75 x 198	0.6	B32344E2052A030	6
MKP230-D-7.5	7.5	18.8	9.0	22.6	3 · 150	85 x 198	0.8	B32344E2072A530	4
MKP230-D-10.0	10.0	25.1	12.0	30.2	3 · 200	85 x 273	1.2	B32344E2102A030	4
MKP230-D-12.5	12.5	31.4	15.0	37.7	3 · 250	85 x 348	1.5	B32344E2122A530	4
MKP230-D-15.0	15.0	37.7	_	_	3 · 300	85 x 348	1.5	B32344E2152A030	4
Rated voltage 400 V	1	1	ı	I	1 0 000	1 00 10 10	1	2020 : 122 : 027 : 000	
MKP400-D-1.0	1.0	1.4	1.2	1.7	3 · 7	53 x 114	0.3	B32343C4012A000	12
MKP400-D-1.5	1.5	2.2	1.8	2.6	3 · 10	53 x 114	0.3	B32343C4012A000	12
	2.0	2.2	2.4	3.5	3 · 10	63.5 x 129	0.3	B32343C4012A300	12
MKP400-D-2.0 MKP400-D-2.5									
	2.5 5.0	3.6	3.0 6.0	4.3 8.6	3 · 17	63.5 x 129 63.5 x 129	0.4	B32343C4022A500	12
MKP400-D-5.0		7.2			3 · 33		0.4	B32343C4052A000	12
MKP400-D-6.3	6.3	9.1	7.5	11.0	3 · 42	75 x 160	0.5	B32344E4071A500	6
MKP400-D-7.5	7.5	10.8	9.0	13.0	3 · 50	75 x 160	0.5	B32344E4072A500	6
MKP400-D-8.3	8.3	12.0	10.0	14.5	3 · 55	75 x 160	0.5	B32344E4101A000	6
MKP400-D-10.0	10.0	14.5	12.0	17.3	3 · 67	75 x 198	0.6	B32344E4102A000	6
MKP400-D-12.5	12.5	18.1	15.0	21.7	3 · 83	85 x 198	0.8	B32344E4122A500	4
MKP400-D-15.0	15.0	21.7	18.0	26.0	3 · 100	85 x 198	0.8	B32344E4152A000	4
MKP400-D-16.7	16.7	24.1	20.0	28.9	3 · 111	85 x 198	0.8	B32344E4201A000	4
MKP400-D-20.0	20.0	28.9	24.0	34.7	3 · 133	85 x 273	1.1	B32344E4202A000	4
MKP400-D-25.0	25.0	36.1	-	-	3 · 166	85 x 273	1.5	B32344E4252A000	4
Rated voltage 415 V	AC, 50/60	Hz, del	ta connec	tion					
MKP415-D-1.0	1.0	1.4	1.2	1.6	3⋅ 6	53 x 114	0.3	B32343C4012A010	12
MKP415-D-1.5	1.5	2.1	1.8	2.4	3⋅ 9	53 x 114	0.3	B32343C4012A510	12
MKP415-D-2.0	2.0	2.8	2.4	3.4	3 · 12	53 x 114	0.4	B32343C4022A010	12
MKP415-D-2.5	2.5	3.5	3.0	4.2	3 ⋅ 15	63.5 x 129	0.4	B32343C4022A510	12
MKP415-D-5.0	5.0	7.0	6.0	8.4	3 · 31	63.5 x 154	0.4	B32343C4052A010	12
MKP415-D-6.3	6.3	8.8	7.5	10.6	3 · 39	75 x 160	0.5	B32344E4071A510	6
MKP415-D-7.5	7.5	10.4	9.0	12.5	3 · 46	75 x 198	0.6	B32344E4072A510	6
MKP415-D-10.0	10.0	13.9	12.0	16.7	3 · 62	75 x 198	0.6	B32344E4102A010	6
MKP415-D-12.5	12.5	17.4	15.0	20.9	3 · 77	85 x 198	0.8	B32344E4122A510	4
MKP415-D-15.0	15.0	20.9	18.0	25.1	3 · 92	85 x 273	1.2	B32344E4152A010	4
MKP415-D-20.0	20.0	27.9	24.0	33.4	3 · 123	85 x 273	1.2	B32344E4202A010	4
MKP415-D-25.0	25.0	34.8	_	_	3 · 154	85 x 348	1.5	B32344E4252A010	4
Rated voltage 440 V	AC, 50/60	Hz, del	ta connec	tion					
					۱ ۵ - ۶	50 444		D0004004044040	1.0
MKP440-D-0.9	0.9	1.2	1.0	1.3	3 · 5	53 x 114	0.3	B32343C4011A040	12
MKP440-D-0.9 MKP440-D-1.0	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.3	3 · 5	53 x 114 53 x 114	0.3	B32343C4011A040 B32343C4012A040	12

Types for voltages 220, 240, 480, 600, 660 V and other kvar-values available upon request.

 $^{^{\}star}$ Packing units for capacitors equal minimum order quantity. Orders will be rounded up to packing unit or multiple thereof.

Biodegradable soft resin impregnated • Stacked winding • Dual safety system

Туре	50 Hz		60 Hz		CR	d x h	Weight	Ordering code	Packing unit*
	Output kvar	I _R	Output kvar	I _R	μF	mm	kg		
Rated voltage 440 V	1	1	I	1	µг	111111	l va		
MKP440-D-1.5	1.5	2.0	1.8	2.3	3 · 8	53 x 114	0.3	B32343C4012A540	12
MKP440-D-2.1	2.1	2.7	2.5	3.3	3 · 11	53 x 114	0.4	B32343C4021A540	12
MKP440-D-2.5	2.5	3.3	3.0	3.9	3 · 14	63.5 x 129	0.3	B32343C4022A540	12
MKP440-D-4.2	4.2	5.5	5.0	6.6	3 · 23	63.5 x 129	0.4	B32343C4051A040	12
MKP440-D-5.0	5.0	6.5	6.0	7.8	3 · 27	63.5 x 154	0.5	B32343C4052A040	12
MKP440-D-6.3	6.3	8.3	7.5	9.9	3 · 34	75 x 160	0.5	B32344E4071A540	6
MKP440-D-7.5	7.5	9.9	9.0	11.8	3 · 41	75 x 160	0.5	B32344E4072A540	6
MKP440-D-8.3	8.3	10.9	10.0	13.1	3 · 46	75 x 198	0.6	B32344E4101A040	6
MKP440-D-10.0	10.0	13.1	12.0	15.8	3 · 55	75 x 198	0.6	B32344E4102A040	6
MKP440-D-10.4	10.4	13.7	12.5	16.4	3 · 57	75 x 198	0.6	B32344E4121A540	6
MKP440-D-12.5	12.5	16.4	15.0	19.7	3 · 69	85 x 198	0.8	B32344E4151A040	4
MKP440-D-15.0	15.0	19.7	18.0	23.6	3 · 82	85 x 273	1.2	B32344E4151A040	4
MKP440-D-16.7	16.7	21.9	20.0	26.3	3 · 92	85 x 273	1.2	B32344E4201A040	4
MKP440-D-20.8	20.8	27.3	25.0	32.8	3 · 114	85 x 273	1.2	B32344E4251A040	4
MKP440-D-25.0	25.0	32.8	30.0	40.0	3 · 138	85 x 348	1.5	B32344E4252A040	4
MKP440-D-28.0	28.0	36.8	-	-	3 · 154	85 x 348	1.5	B32344E4282A040	4
MKP440-D-30.0	30.0	39.0	_	_	3 · 165	85 x 348	1.6	B32344E4302A040	4
Rated voltage 480 V	1		l	l	3 103	05 1 540	1.0	D32344L4302A040	4
								l =	1
MKP480-D-1.5	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.2	3 · 7	63.5 x 129	0.4	B32343C4012A580	12
MKP480-D-2.0	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.9	3 · 9	63.5 x 129	0.4	B32343C4022A080	12
MKP480-D-2.5	2.5	3.0	3.0	3.6	3 · 11	63.5 x 129	0.4	B32343C4022A580	12
MKP480-D-4.2	4.2	5.1	5.0	6.1	3 · 19	63.5 x 154	0.5	B32343C4051A080	12
MKP480-D-5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	7.2	3 · 23	75 x 160	0.5	B32344E4052A080	6
MKP480-D-6.3	6.3	7.6	7.6	9.1	3 · 29	75 x 160	0.5	B32344E4071A580	6
MKP480-D-7.5	7.5	9.0	9.0	10.8	3 · 35	75 x 198	0.6	B32344E4072A580	6
MKP480-D-8.3	8.3	10.0	10.0	12.0	3 · 38	75 x 198	0.6	B32344E4101A080	6
MKP480-D-10.4	10.4	12.5	12.5	15.0	3 ⋅ 48	85 x 198	0.8	B32344E4121A580	4
MKP480-D-12.5	12.5	15.1	15.0	18.1	3 ⋅ 58	85 x 198	0.8	B32344E4151A080	4
MKP480-D-15.0	15.0	18.1	18.0	21.7	3 ⋅ 69	85 x 273	1.2	B32344E4152A080	4
MKP480-D-16.7	16.7	20.1	20.0	24.1	3 ⋅ 77	85 x 273	1.2	B32344E4162A780	4
MKP480-D-20.8	20.8	25.0	25.0	30.1	3 ⋅ 96	85 x 273	1.2	B32344E4202A080	4
MKP480-D-25.0	25.0	30.1	30.0	36.1	3 · 115	85 x 348	1.5	B32344E4252A080	4
MKP480-D-30.0	30.0	36.1	_	-	3 · 138	90 x 348	1.5	B32344E4302A080	4
Rated voltage 525 V	AC, 50/60	Hz, del	ta connec	tion					
MKP525-D-1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	3 · 4	53 x 114	0.3	B32343C5012A020	12
MKP525-D-1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.0	3 ⋅ 6	53 x 114	0.3	B32343C5012A520	12
MKP525-D-2.0	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6	3 ⋅ 8	63.5 x 129	0.4	B32343C5022A020	12
MKP525-D-2.5	2.5	2.7	2.7	3.0	3 · 9	63.5 x 129	0.4	B32343C5022A520	12
MKP525-D-5.0	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.6	3 · 19	75 x 160	0.3	B32344E5061A020	6
MKP525-D-6.3	6.3	6.9	7.6	8.3	3 · 24	75 x 160	0.5	B32344E5071A520	6
MKP525-D-8.3	8.3	9.1	10.0	11.0	3 · 32	75 x 198	0.6	B32344E5101A020	6
MKP525-D-10.4	10.4	11.5	12.5	13.7	3 · 40	85 x 198	0.8	B32344E5121A520	4
MKP525-D-12.5	12.5	13.8	15.0	16.5	3 · 48	85 x 273	1.2	B32344E5151A020	4
MKP525-D-16.7	16.7	18.3	20.0	21.9	3 · 64	85 x 273	1.2	B32344E5201A020	4
MKP525-D-20.8	20.8	22.9	25.0	27.5	3 · 80	85 x 348	1.5	B32344E5202A020	4
MKP525-D-25.0	25.0	27.5	30.0	33.0	3 · 96	85 x 348	1.5	B32344E5252A020	4

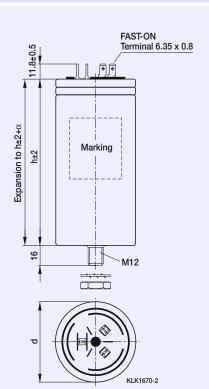
Types for voltages 220, 240, 480, 600, 660 V and other kvar-values available upon request.

^{*} Packing units for capacitors equal minimum order quantity. Orders will be rounded up to packing unit or multiple thereof.

Biodegradable soft resin impregnated • Stacked winding • Dual safety system

Dimensional drawings: three-phase capacitors

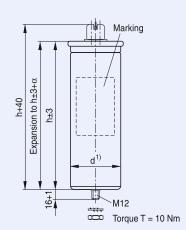
Capacitor B32343 series



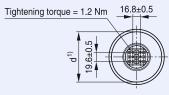
Creepage distance	10.5 mm (ø 53) 10.0 mm (ø 63.5)
Clearance	13.0 mm (ø 53) 16.5 mm (ø 63.5)
Diameter (ø)	53.0 mm 63.5 mm
Expansion α	max. 12 mm

Mounting M12 M8 (ø 63.5 mm) (ø 53.0 mm) T = 10 NmT = 4 NmTorque J12.5 DIN 6797 J8.0 DIN 6797 Toothed washer BM12 BM 8 Hex nut **DIN 439 DIN 439**

Capacitor B32344 series



KLK1842-9-E



1) Seaming adds 4 mm in diameter

Creepage distance 9.6 mm Clearance 12.7 mm Diameter d (ø) 75.0 mm/85.0 mm

max. 13 mm

Expansion α

Mounting

Widuituig	
	M12
Torque	T = 10 Nm
Toothed washer	J12.5 DIN 6797
Hex nut	BM12 DIN 439

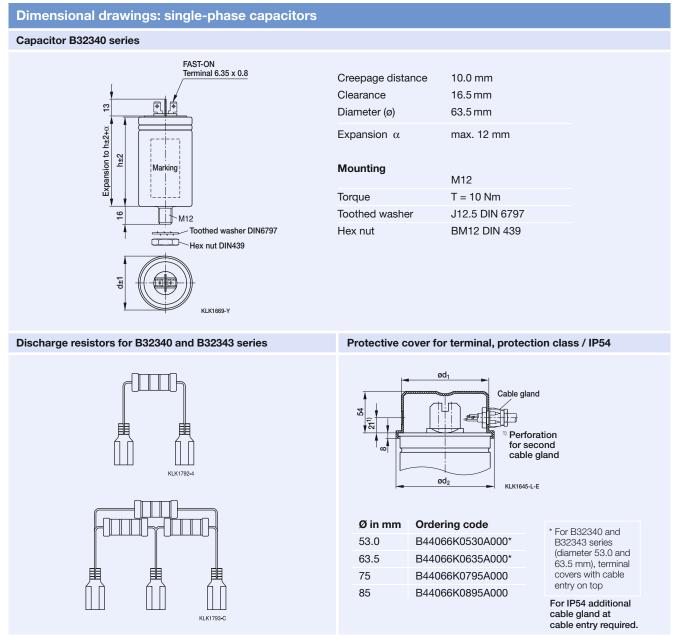
Biodegradable soft resin impregnated • Stacked winding • Dual safety system

Туре	50 Hz	50 Hz		60 Hz		C _R dxh		Ordering code	Packing unit*
	Output kvar	I _R	Output kvar	I _R	μF	mm	kg		
Rated voltage 230	V AC, 50/60	Hz	ı					'	
MKP230-I-0.8	0.8	3.6	1.0	4.3	50	63.5 x 105	0.30	B32340C2002A830	12
MKP230-I-1.7	1.7	7.2	2.0	8.7	100	63.5 x 142	0.40	B32340C2012A730	12
MKP230-I-2.5	2.5	10.9	3.0	13.1	150	63.5 x 142	0.50	B32340C2022A530	12
Rated voltage 400	V AC, 50/60	Hz			'	'	'	'	
MKP400-I-0.8	0.8	2.0	1.0	2.3	15	63.5 x 68	0.30	B32340C3001A880	12
MKP400-I-1.7	1.7	4.2	2.0	5.0	33	63.5 x 68	0.30	B32340C4012A700	12
MKP400-I-2.5	2.5	6.3	3.0	7.5	50	63.5 x 105	0.40	B32340C4022A500	12
MKP400-I-3.3	3.3	8.4	4.0	10.0	66	63.5 x 105	0.40	B32340C4032A300	12
MKP400-I-4.2	4.2	10.4	5.0	12.5	84	63.5 x 142	0.40	B32340C4051A000	12
MKP400-I-5.0	5.0	12.4	6.0	15.0	99	63.5 x 142	0.50	B32340C4052A000	12
Rated voltage 415	V AC, 50/60	Hz	'	•	'	'	'	•	
MKP415-I-0.8	0.8	2.0	1.0	2.4	15	63.5 x 68	0.35	B32340C4082A810	12
MKP415-I-1.7	1.7	4.0	2.0	4.8	31	63.5 x 105	0.45	B32340C4012A710	12
MKP415-I-2.5	2.5	6.0	3.0	7.2	46	63.5 x 105	0.50	B32340C4022A510	12
MKP415-I-3.3	3.3	8.0	4.0	9.7	62	63.5 x 142	0.50	B32340C4032A310	12
MKP415-I-5.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	14.5	91	63.5 x 142	0.60	B32340C4052A010	12
Rated voltage 440	V AC, 50/60	Hz							
MKP440-I-0.7	0.7	1.6	0.8	1.9	11	63.5 x 68	0.30	B32340C4001A840	12
MKP440-I-1.4	1.4	3.2	1.7	3.8	23	63.5 x 68	0.30	B32340C4011A740	12
MKP440-I-2.1	2.1	4.7	2.5	5.7	34	63.5 x 105	0.40	B32340C4021A540	12
MKP440-I-2.8	2.8	6.4	3.3	7.6	46	63.5 x 105	0.40	B32340C4031A340	12
MKP440-I-3.3	3.3	7.6	4.0	9.1	55	63.5 x 142	0.50	B32340C4032A340	12
MKP440-I-4.2	4.2	9.5	5.0	11.4	68	63.5 x 142	0.50	B32340C4051A040	12
MKP440-I-5.0	5.0	11.4	6.0	13.6	82	63.5 x 142	0.60	B32340C4052A040	12
Rated voltage 480	V AC, 50/60	Hz							
MKP480-I-0.7	0.7	1.5	0.8	1.7	10	63.5 x 105	0.30	B32340C4001A880	12
MKP480-I-1.4	1.4	2.9	1.7	3.5	19	63.5 x 105	0.30	B32340C4011A780	12
MKP480-I-2.1	2.1	4.3	2.5	5.2	29	63.5 x 105	0.50	B32340C4021A580	12
MKP480-I-2.8	2.8	5.8	3.3	6.9	38	63.5 x 142	0.50	B32340C4031A380	12
Rated voltage 525	V AC, 50/60	Hz							
MKP525-I-1.4	1.4	2.6	1.7	3.1	16	63.5 x 105	0.30	B32340C5011A720	12
MKP525-I-2.8	2.8	5.2	3.3	6.2	31	63.5 x 142	0.50	B32340C5031A330	12
MKP525-I-3.3	3.3	6.3	4.0	7.6	38	63.5 x 142	0.60	B32340C5032A320	12
MKP525-I-4.2	4.2	8.0	5.0	9.5	48	63.5 x 142	0.70	B32340C5051A020	12

Types for voltages 220, 240, 600, 660 V and other kvar-values available upon request.

^{*} Packing units for capacitors equal minimum order quantity. Orders will be rounded up to packing unit or multiple thereof.

Biodegradable soft resin impregnated • Stacked winding • Dual safety system



Discharge resistor for B32344 series refer to page 18.

MKV PFC Capacitors

Oil impregnated • Stacked winding • Metallized paper technology • Dual safety system

General

The winding element of the MKV capacitor consists of a dielectric of polypropylene film and an electrode of double-sided metalized paper.

This winding construction achieves low losses and a high pulse-current withstand capability. Oil is used for impregnation of the capacitor.

The oil impregnation (due to the paper film) enables good heat dissipation from the winding element to the aluminum can's surface, thus preventing hot spots in the winding element.

The capacitor is designed to cover ambient temperatures of up to 70 °C max.



Applications

- Power Factor Correction to improve the power quality
 - Applications with high thermal loading
- PFC systems dealing with high harmonic loads
- AC applications in industrial electronics, e.g. high dv/dt
- Tuned harmonic filter

Features

Electrical

- Long life expectancy (up to 300 000 h)
- Maximum pulse current withstand capability (up to 500 · I_R)
- Voltage range: 400 ... 800 V
- Output range: 4.2 ... 30.0 kvar

Mechanical and maintenance

- Easy installation and connection
- Maintenance-free

Safety

- Self-healing
- Overpressure disconnector
- Shock hazard protected terminals

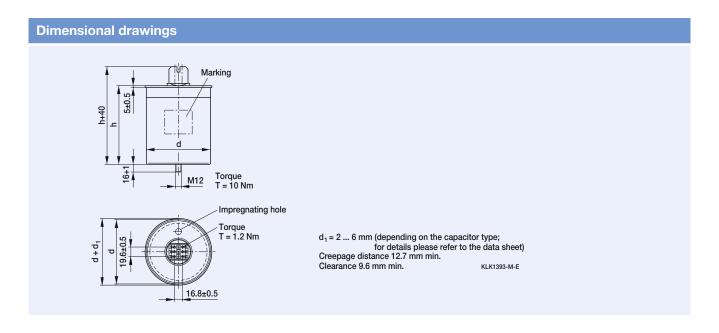
MKV PFC Capacitors

Oil impregnated • Stacked winding • Metallized paper technology • Dual safety system

Technical data and limit values					
Standards IEC 60831-1+2					
Overvoltage	V _{max}	V_R + 10% (up to 8 h daily) / V_R + 15% (up to 30 min daily) / V_R + 20% (up to 5 min daily) / V_R + 30% (up to 1 min daily)			
Overcurrent	I _{max}	55 A (1.5 >10 I _R)			
Inrush current	Is	up to 500 · I _R			
Losses: – Dielectric – Total*		< 0.2 W/kvar < 0.35 W/kvar			
Rated frequency	f	50/60 Hz			
Capacitance tolerance		-5% / +10%			
Test voltage, terminal / terminal	VTT	2.15 · V _{R1} , AC, 10 s			
Test voltage, terminal / case	V _{TC}	up to $V_R \leq 500$ V: 3000 V AC, 10 s, above $V_R = 500$ V: 4000 V AC, 10 s			
Mean life expectancy	t _{LD(Co)}	up to 300 000 h @ temperature class -40/D			
Ambient temperature		up to 70 °C environmental temperature permanently** <u>Temperature class $-40/D$:</u> max. mean 24 h = 45 °C; max. mean 1 year = 35 °C; lowest temperature = -40 °C			
Cooling		natural or forced			
Humidity	H _{rel}	max. 95%			
Altitude		max. 4 000 m above sea level			
Mounting position		upright or horizontal			
Mounting and grounding		threaded M12 stud on bottom of case			
Safety		overpressure disconnector, self-healing			
Discharge device		discharge resistor pre-mounted			
Case		extruded aluminum can			
Enclosure		IP20, indoor mounting (optionally with terminal cap for IP54)			
Dielectric		polypropylene film with paper as electrode carrier			
Impregnation		oil			
Terminals		SIGUT terminal strip with electric shock protection (IP20), (VDE 0106 part 100), max. 16 mm² cable cross-section, max. current 50 A			
Number of switching operations		max. 20 000 switchings per year according to IEC 60831-1+/2 max. 50 000 switchings per year according to IEC 60831-1+/2 in case standard PFC reactors are additionally applied			

MKV PFC Capacitors

Oil impregnated • Stacked winding • Metallized paper technology • Dual safety system



Туре	50 Hz		60 Hz		I _{max RMS}	CR	d x h	Weight	Ordering code	Packing unit*
	Output kvar	I _R	Output kvar	I _R A	Α	μF	mm	kg		unit
Rated voltage 400 V AC, 50 / 60 Hz, delta connection										
MKV400-D-5.0-02	5.0	7.2	6.0	8.7	55	3 · 33.2	95.2 x 248	2.3	B25836B4996A305	3
MKV400-D-10.0-02	10.0	14.4	12.0	17.3	55	3 · 66.3	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B4197A305	2
MKV400-D-12.5-02	12.5	18.0	15.0	21.7	55	3 · 82.9	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B4247A305	2
MKV400-D-15.0-02	15.0	21.7	18.0	26.0	55	3 · 99.5	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B3297A305	2
MKV400-D-20.0-02	20.0	28.9	24.1	34.7	55	3 · 133.0	116.2 x 325	4.5	B25836B3397A305	2
MKV400-D-25.0-02	25.0	36.1	30.0	43.4	55	3 · 166.0	116.2 x 325	4.5	B25836B3497A305	2
Rated voltage 440	V AC, 50	60 Hz,	delta cor	nectio	n					
MKV440-D-6.1-02	6.1	7.9	7.3	9.5	55	3 · 33.2	95.2 x 248	2.3	B25836B4996A305	3
MKV440-D-12.1-02	12.1	15.9	14.5	19.0	55	3 · 66.3	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B4197A305	2
MKV440-D-15.1-02	15.1	19.8	18.2	23.8	55	3 · 82.9	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B4247A305	2
MKV440-D-20.2-02	20.2	26.5	24.2	31.7	55	3 · 110.5	116.2 x 325	4.5	B25836B4337A305	2
MKV440-D-25.0-02	25.0	32.8	30.0	39.4	55	3 · 137.0	116.2 x 325	4.5	B25836B4417A305	2

 $^{^{\}star}$ Packing units for capacitors equal minimum order quantity. Orders will be rounded up to packing unit or multiple thereof.

MKV PFC Capacitors

Oil impregnated • Stacked winding • Metallized paper technology • Dual safety system

Type 50 Hz			60 Hz		I _{max RMS} C	CR	d x h	d x h Weight	Ordering code	Packing
	Output kvar	I _R	Output kvar	I _R	A	μF	mm	kg		unit*
Rated voltage 480 V AC, 50 / 60 Hz, delta connection										
MKV480-D-4.2-02	4.2	5.0	5.0	6.0	55	3 · 19.3	95.2 x 248	2.3	B25836B5576A305	3
MKV480-D-10.4-02	10.4	12.6	12.5	15.1	55	3 · 48.1	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B5147A305	2
MKV480-D-12.5-02	12.6	15.1	15.1	18.2	55	3 ⋅ 58.0	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B5177A305	2
MKV480-D-15.0-02	15.0	18.0	18.0	21.6	55	3 · 69.0	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B4207A305	2
MKV480-D-20.0-02	20.0	24.1	24.0	28.9	55	3 · 92.2	116.2 x 325	4.5	B25836B4277A305	2
MKV480-D-25.0-02	25.0	30.0	30.0	36.0	55	3 · 115.0	116.2 x 325	4.5	B25836B4347A305	2
Rated voltage 525	V AC, 50	′60 Hz,	delta cor	nectio	n					
MKV525-D-5.0-02	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.6	55	3 · 19.3	95.2 x 248	2.3	B25836B5576A305	3
MKV525-D-10.0-02	10.0	11.0	12.0	13.2	55	3 · 38.5	95.2 x 248	2.3	B25836B5117A305	3
MKV525-D-12.5-02	12.5	13.7	15.0	16.5	55	3 · 48.1	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B5147A305	2
MKV525-D-15.1-02	15.1	16.6	18.1	19.9	55	3 ⋅ 58.0	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B5177A305	2
MKV525-D-20.0-02	20.0	22.0	24.0	26,4	55	3 · 77.0	116.2 x 325	4.5	B25836B5237A305	2
MKV525-D-25.0-02	25.0	27.5	30.0	33.0	55	3 · 96.2	116.2 x 325	4.5	B25836B5287A305	2
Rated voltage 600	V AC, 50	′60 Hz,	delta cor	nectio	n					
MKV600-D-10.4-02	10.4	10.0	12.5	12.0	55	3 · 30.7	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B6926A305	2
Rated voltage 690	V AC, 50	′60 Hz,	delta cor	nectio	n					
MKV690-D-5.0-02	5.0	4.2	6.0	5.0	55	3 · 11.2	95.2 x 248	2.3	B25836B6336A305	3
MKV690-D-10.1-02	10.1	8.4	12.1	10.1	55	3 · 22.5	95.2 x 248	2.3	B25836B6666A305	3
MKV690-D-12.5-02	12.5	10.5	15.0	12.6	55	3 · 27.9	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B6836A305	2
MKV690-D-15.0-02	15.0	12.6	18.0	15.1	55	3 · 33.5	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B6107A305	2
MKV690-D-20.0-02	20.0	16.7	24.0	20.0	55	3 · 44.5	116.2 x 325	4.5	B25836B6137A305	2
MKV690-D-25.0-02	25.0	21.0	30.0	25.1	55	3 · 55.8	116.2 x 325	4.5	B25836B6167A305	2
Rated voltage 800	V AC, 50	′60 Hz,	delta cor	nectio	n					
MKV800-D-5.0-02	5.0	3.6	6.0	4.3	55	3 · 8.3	95.2 x 248	2.3	B25836B8246A305	3
MKV800-D-10.0-02	10.0	7.2	12.0	8.7	55	3 · 16.6	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B8496A305	2
MKV800-D-12.5-02	12.5	9.1	15.2	11.0	55	3 · 21.0	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B8636A305	2
MKV800-D-15.0-02	15.0	10.8	18.0	13.0	55	3 · 24.8	116.2 x 248	3.1	B25836B8746A305	2
MKV800-D-17.0-02	17.0	12.2	20.3	14.6	55	3 · 28.0	116.2 x 325	4.5	B25836B8846A305	2
MKV800-D-20.0-02	20.0	14.5	24.0	17.3	55	3 · 33.2	116.2 x 325	4.5	B25836B8996A305	2

^{*} Packing units for capacitors equal minimum order quantity. Orders will be rounded up to packing unit or multiple thereof.

Intelligent • User-friendly • Cost-effective • Version 5.0

General

Controllers for PFC are of major importance in the PFC system. They measure the actual power factor and connect or disconnect capacitor stages to achieve a specific desired value (cos φ).

The PF controller series BR604 (four stages) and BR6000 (six and twelve stages) offer highly intelligent control behavior and are very user-friendly thanks to menu-driven handling (plain language). Their multifunctional display greatly simplifies installation, handling and maintenance.

Different versions of the BR6000 series provide solutions to various applications:

- BR6000-R6 and BR6000-R12 for conventional applications with slowly changing loads (optionally with RS485 interface)
- BR6000-T6 and BR6000-T12 for dynamic PFC in applications with fast-changing loads
- BR6000-T6R6 for mixed PFC systems with both slowly and fast-changing loads (optionally with RS485 interface)

PF controllers BR6000-R12/S and BR6000-T even allow coupling for instance in cascading two systems with two inputs and a single coupling switch.



BR604



BR6000

Features

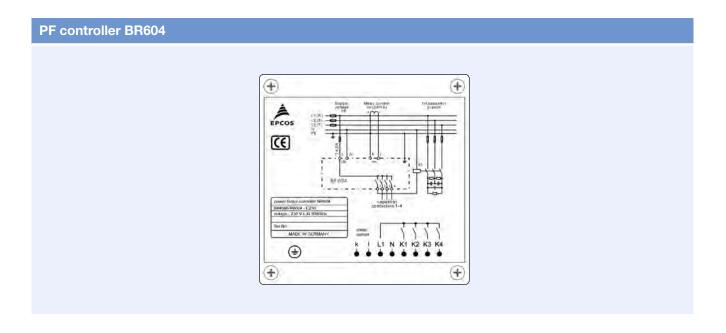
- Display
 - Large and multifunctional LCD (2 x 16 characters)
 - Graphic and alphanumeric
 - LCD illumination*
- Intelligent control
- Menu-driven handling (plain language)
- Self-optimizing control capability
- Recall function of recorded values
- Four-quadrant operation (e.g. stand-by generator)
- Large measuring voltage range*
- Powerful alarm output*
- Display of numerous of system parameters
 - System voltage (V AC)
 - Reactive power (kvar)
 - Active power (kW)
 - Frequency*
 - THD-V, THD-I*
 - Individual harmonics up to 19th*
 - Monitoring of individual capacitor currents*
 - Apparent power (kVA)
 - Apparent current (A)
 - Temperature (°C)*
 - Real-time cos φ
 - Target cos φ
 - kvar value to target $\cos \phi$
- *) Only for BR6000 series

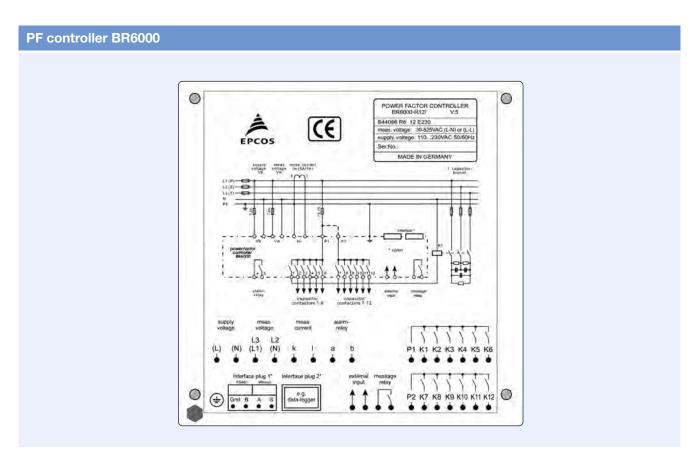
- Alarm output*
 - Insufficient compensation
 - Overcompensation
 - Undercurrent
 - Overcurrent
 - Overtemperature
 - Harmonics exceeded
 - Threshold value programmable
 - Internal error storage
 - Programming of 2nd signal relay random
- Recall recorded values
 - Number of contactor switching operations*
 - Maximum voltage V (V_{max})
 - Maximum reactive power, Q (kvar)
 - Maximum value of harmonic*
 - Maximum active power, P (kW)
 - Maximum apparent power, S (kVA)
- Maximum temperature (°C)*
- Operation time of all capacitors*
- Complete 2nd parameter set available*
- Automatic initialization*
- Dynamic PFC (transistor output)*
 - Thyristor switching

▲ Cautions:

- 1. Discharge time: Make sure that the discharge time set in controller matches the capacitor discharge time. See page 89.
- 2. Number of switchings: LV PFC capacitors according to standard IEC 60831 are designed for up to 5 000 switching operations. Make sure that 5 000 switching operations per year are not exceeded.
- 3. Controller hunting must be avoided at any case (see page 91)!

Intelligent • User-friendly • Cost-effective • Version 5.0





Intelligent • User-friendly • Cost-effective • Version 5.0

	BR604	BR6000-R61)	BR6000-R121)	BR6000-T6
Ordering code	B44066R6004E230	B44066R6006E230	B44066R6012E230	B44066R6106E230
Supply voltage	230 V AC	110 230 V AC		
Measurement voltage range	= supply voltage: 230 V AC (L-N)	30 525 V AC (L-N)	or (L-L)	
_CD illumination	no	yes	yes	yes
Plain language	English/German/ Portuguese/Spanish	Czech/Dutch/English/F	rench / German / Polish / Po	rtuguese / Russian / Spanish / Turkish
Number of relay outputs	4	6	12	_
Number of transistor outputs	_	_	_	6
Alarm output	no	yes	yes	yes
Insufficient compensation	n/a	yes	yes	yes
Overcompensation	n/a	yes	yes	yes
Under-/overvoltage	n/a	yes	yes	yes
Overcurrent	n/a	yes	yes	yes
Automatic initialization	n/a	yes	yes	no
Complete 2nd parameter set or 2nd cos φ programmable / switchable	n/a	no	no	no
Test-run of complete PFC-system	n/a	yes	yes	no
nterface	no	no	no	no
Parameters displayed				
System voltage	yes	yes	yes	yes
Reactive power	yes	yes	yes	yes
Active power	yes	yes	yes	yes
Frequency	no	yes	yes	yes
THD-V, THD-I	no	yes	yes	no
Individual harmonics up to 19th	no	yes	yes	no
Monitoring of individual capacitor currents	no	yes	yes	no
Apparent power	yes	yes	yes	yes
Apparent current	yes	yes	yes	yes
Temperature °C/°F)	no	yes	yes	yes
Real time cos φ	yes	yes	yes	yes
Target cos φ	yes	yes	yes	yes
kvar value to target cos φ	yes	yes	yes	yes
Recall recorded values	,	,	,	, ,
Number of contactor switching operations	no	yes	yes	no
Maximum voltage	yes	yes	yes	yes
Maximum active power	yes	yes	yes	yes
Maximum reactive power	yes	yes	yes	yes
Maximum value of harmonic	no	yes	yes	no
Maximum apparent power	yes	yes	yes	yes
Maximum temperature (°C)	no	yes	yes	yes
Operation time of all capacitors	no	yes	yes	no
Switching and discharge time range	1 255 seconds	1 1200 seconds		20 1000 ms
Number of control series	23 series preset	20 series preset and	control series editor fo	or free programming
Weight	0.5 kg	1 kg		
Dimensions	100 x 100 x 40 mm	144 x 144 x 55 mm		
Suitable for dynamic PFC	no	no	no	yes

 $^{^{\}scriptsize\textrm{1)}}$ For types with OLED-display, please contact our local sales office.

Intelligent • User-friendly • Cost-effective • Version 5.0

	BR6000-T12	BR6000-R12/S485 ¹⁾	BR6000-T6R6	BR6000-T6R6/S485	BR6000-T12/S485			
	B44066R6112E230	B44066R6412E230	B44066R6066E230	B44066R6466E230	B44066R6412E231			
	110 230 V AC							
	30 525 V AC (L-N) or (l	L)						
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	Czech/Dutch/English/French/German/Polish/Portuguese/Russian/Spanish/Turkish							
	-	12	6	6	-			
	12	-	6	6	12			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	no	yes	no	no	no			
	1/00	V00	no	V00	V00			
	yes	yes	no	yes	yes			
	no	yes	no	no	no			
	no	RS485	no	RS485	RS485			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	no	yes	no	no	no			
	no	yes	no	no	no			
	no	yes	no	no	no			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
"								
	no	yes	no	no	no			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	no	yes	no	no	no			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
	no	yes	no	no	no			
	20 1000 ms	1 1200 seconds	20 1000 ms 1 1200 seconds	20 1000 ms, 1 1200 seconds	20 1000 ms			
	20 series preset and cont	ا rol series editor for free pro		1200 00001100				
	1 kg	р.						
	144 x 144 x 55 mm							
	yes	no	yes	yes	yes			
	,		,	,00	,,,,			

¹⁾ For types with OLED-display, please contact our local sales office.

Intelligent • User-friendly • Cost-effective • Version 5.0

Accessories: USB to RS485 converter				
Characteristics				
Design	compact form in plastic casing			
Dimensions (h x w x d)	28 x 66 x 66 mm			
Weight	approx. 0.1 kg			
Connection	RS485 four pole terminal with mating plug for 1:1-conncection with BR6000			
Signals	A, B, GND			
USB	USB-B standard bushing, one USB cable 1 m length included			
Power supply	via USB connection of the PC			
Power consumption	auxiliary power approx. 40 mA, depending on number of connected devices and cable length			
Compatibility	USB 2.0, downward compatible			
Configuration	plug and play			
Ambient temperature	−10 60 °C			
Storage temperature	−20 75 °C			
Ordering code	B44066R3333E230			

PF controllers BR6000 / BR7000

USB to RS485 converter to connect the PF controllers BR6000/BR7000 or other devices with Interface RS485 to a PC with USB interface. Connection of several devices at RS485 possible.



Accessories: DataLogSD BR6000-R12/S485 (V5.0 onwards)/BR7000				
Characteristics				
Design	compact plastic casing			
Dimensions (h x w x d)	66 x 66 x 28 mm			
Weight	approx. 0.1 kg			
Power supply	self supporting via interface BR6000/BR7000			
Recorded grid parameters	V, I, reactive, effective and apparent power, fr, harmonics up to 31st of V and I, cos-φ, THD-V, THD-I, energy			
Recorded parameters of the PFC-system	system temperature, step output, control history of the system (switching operations, switching behavior, power-on-time)			
Content of delivery	DataLogSD, 1-GB-SD-card, evaluation software CD, patch cable 0.5 m			

Data logger for recording, visualisation and evaluation for grid parameters. Comfortable evaluation of accquired data (recorded on 1-GB-SD-card) via Windows-based software.



Intelligent • User-friendly • Cost-effective • Version 5.0

Accessories: RJ45 adapter connectors				
Characteristics				
Design	compact form in plastic casing			
Dimensions (w x h x l)	35 x 15 x 30 mm			
Weight	approx. 0.1 kg			
Variants	1xRJ45-BR6000: 4-pole interface-terminal BR6000/BR7000 to 1xRJ45 jack 2xRJ45-BR6000: 4-pole interface-terminal BR6000/BR7000 to 2xRJ45 jack (in parallel) 2xRJ45-MMI6000: 4-pole interface-terminal MMI6000 to 2xRJ45 jack			
Protection class (IEC 60529)	IP00			
Ambient and storage temp.	−20 +60 °C			
Ordering codes	1 x RJ45 for BR6000/BR7000: B44066R1611E230 2 x RJ45 for BR6000/BR7000: B44066R1711E230 2 x RJ45 for MMI6000: B44066R1811E230			

RJ45 adapter connectors for PF controller series BR6000 and BR7000 as well as for the MMI6000 multi-measuring interface. Three different versions of the adapter connectors enable the following configurations:

- Terminal to RJ45 converter
- To connect the interface terminal of BR6000/BR7000 or MMI6000 via a RJ45-standard cable (1:1)
- Connection of several devices at the RS485 bus with simple connection (one click) Example:
 - Connection of several BR6000 or BR7000 to a PC with BR7000-SOFT
 - Coupling of several BR6000 with each other
 - Coupling of BR6000 with MMI6000







15 relay outputs • Three-phase measuring and controlling

General

The PF controller BR7000 is a follow-up development of the PF controller BR6000-series, featuring two devices in one: it can be used as a controller as well as a grid measuring tool.

The BR7000 offers 15 relay outputs for the steps and three message/alarm relays. Due to the possibility of programming, the 15 outputs can be used for a broad range of applications, for example:

- 15 conventional steps, each for one three-phase capacitor
- 15 steps for single-phase capacitors, where each output will switch

a single-phase capacitor to N (usually 5 per phase, balancing of grid is possible)

 Mixed operation: 6 single-phase capacitors (2 per phase) for balancing plus 9 steps for conventional compensation (three-phase capacitors)

The controller can be connected to a PC via an RS485 interface. The Windows-based software BR7000-SOFT allows the readout of acquired data. The possibility of graphical display of all values offers a comfortable visualization.



BR7000

Features

- LCD full graphic display
 128 x 64 dots, 8 lines
- Self explanatory menu navigation in five languages
- Three-phase measuring and controlling; display of following grid parameters:
 - Voltage
 - Current
 - Frequency
 - Real power
- Reactive power
- Apparent power
- Power factor
- Missing reactive power
- Harmonic of voltage and current (up to 31st)
- THD-V
- THD-I
- Temperature
- HELP-button for interactive help text

- 15 switching outputs
- 3 additional alarm/message relays
- 2 isolated interfaces
- Detailed error messages with time stamp
- Automatic initialization/test run
- Automatic and manual operation, service operation, expert mode
- Three-phase and single-phase controlling; mixed mode possible
- Display and storage of maximum values, switching operations and operating time
- Display of date and time
- Time-controlled functions possible by internal timer
- Oscilloscope mode for graphical display
- Quick programming

15 relay outputs • Three-phase measuring and controlling

Technical data	
BR7000	
Supply voltage	110 230 V AC 50/60 Hz
Measurement voltage range	3 · 30 440 V AC (L-N); 50 760 V AC (L-L)
Power consumption	< 3 VA
Operating ambient temperature	−20 60 °C
Display	illuminated graphic display, 128 x 64 dots, 8 lines
Large display of 3 grid parameters	selection in display editor
Plain language	E/ES/GER/RU/TR
In- and outputs	
Number of relay outputs	15 switching outputs, freely programmable for switching of 1- or 3-phase capacitors
Number of transistor outputs	-
Alarm/message relay	1/1
Additional separate fan relay	yes
Interface	2 independent isolated RS485-interfaces
Input 2nd parameter-set switchover target PF	yes
Special functions	
Measuring	three-phase
Controlling	single-phase, three-phase, mixed mode
Automatic initialization	yes
Test-run of complete PFC-system	yes
Quick-program	yes
Internal timers	yes
Oscilloscope (graphical display) mode	yes
Display editor	yes
Backwards navigation ESCAPE button	yes
HELP button for interactive help text	yes
Number of control series	20 series pre-set
Control series editor for free programming	yes

15 relay outputs • Three-phase measuring and controlling

Technical data					
Parameters displayed (three-phase display)					
Apparent current (A)	real value / large display / in %				
Reactive power (kvar)	real value / large display / in %				
Active power (kW)	real value / large display / in %				
Apparent power (kVA)	real value / large display / in %				
kvar value to target cos φ	real value / large display / in %				
Energy	real value / large display				
Frequency	real value / large display				
Temperature	real value / large display				
Real-time cos φ	real value / large display				
Target cos φ	real value / large display				
Individual harmonics up to	up to 31st, real value / in % / bar graph				
THD-V, THD-I	real value / in % / bar graph				
Time/date	yes				
Recall recorded values					
Min. and maximum voltage	yes, with time stamp				
Maximum current	yes, with time stamp				
Maximum active power	yes, with time stamp				
Maximum reactive power	yes, with time stamp				
Maximum apparent power	yes, with time stamp				
Maximum value THD-V, THD-I	yes, with time stamp				
Maximum temperature (°C)	yes, with time stamp				
Operation time of all capacitors	yes				
Number of contactor switching operations	yes				
Others					
Weight	1 kg				
Dimensions (h x w x d)	144 x 144 x 60 mm				
PC-software included	yes				
Suitable for dynamic PFC	no				
Ordering code	B44066R7415E230				

15 relay outputs • Three-phase measuring and controlling

BR7000-SOFT Windows-based software

This program offers the possibility for a comfortable parameterization, recording, analysis and visualization of grid parameters in online operation via a PC. It is compatible with PF controllers BR6000-R12/S485 (V5.0 onwards) and series BR7000.

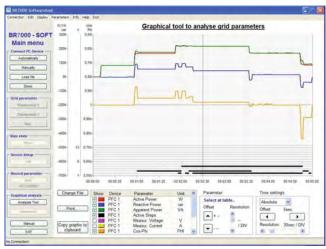
The software allows the recording and a graphical evaluation of all values including export- and print function. The spectrum of harmonics can be displayed as bar chart.

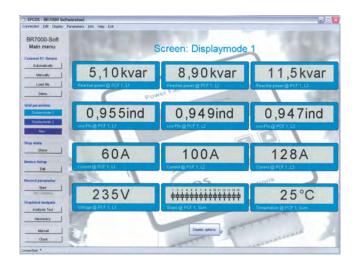
The configuration manager is used for a complete read out, editing, storing and writing of all parameters of the PF controller via PC. All data can be stored in a configuration file.

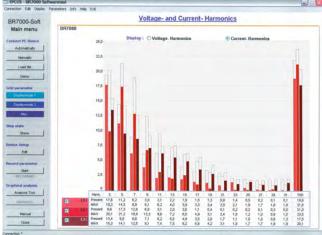
Features

- Connection to RS485-bus
- Administration of several PF controllers possible
- Convenient analysis of recorded values
- Direct connection to USB port of a PC via USB adapter
- CD-ROM included in the delivery of PF controller BR6000-R12/S485 and BR7000









Multi Measuring Interfaces

Stand-alone device as trigger • Accessory for PF controller BR-series

General

The MMI6000 and MMI7000, universal measuring devices, display and record a large number of key grid parameters. Harmful conditions in the grid (e.g. a high harmonic content) with a negative impact on the system are thus revealed immediately.





MMI6000

Measuring device for single phase measuring. It is an external meter combining many devices in one. Combined with a PF controller BR6000 and BR6000-T (from V4.0 onwards), the MMI6000 monitors the input lead of the PFC system.

- Standard version with a standard relay MMI6000-R
- Dynamic version with optocoupler MMI6000-T features an interface RS485, allowing the processing of measured parameters via PC.

Applications

Coupling MMI6000 / BR6000-R via RS485 interface

- Genuine monitoring of the particular capacitor currents offers additional protection for the whole PFC-system.
- Coupling MMI6000 / BR6000-T via RS485 interface
- All stages switched by TSM thyristor switches monitored in real time for additional protection of switches and PFC-system.

MMI6000 / Modbus RTU

 Usage as separate measuring device allows display of all network parameters and delivery via Modbus-RTU-protocol.

MMI6000 / ASCII OUT

 Measured values are provided in ASCII code via interface; usage also as a trigger relay.

MMI6000-T Dyna-I-trigger

 Triggering of TSM-thyristor switches in real time, providing the switching within 1 ms.

MMI7000

Genuine measuring device for three phase measuring. Supported by the "BR7000-SOFT" and "MMI7000-SOFT" (windows-based evaluation software) if connected to a RS485 bus, the measured values from all connected devices can be displayed via a PC.

Three versions available:

- MMI7000-B (basic version)
- MMI7000-S (2 independent RS485 interfaces (Modbus RTU)
- MMI7000-E (additional interface, memory card, additional outputs etc.)

Applications

Three-phase measuring device in PFC panels:

- Grid measurements
- Power measurements
- Measurement of harmonics
- Energy counter (sub-counter)
- Display device in the main incoming supply
- Display device in all outgoing lines
- Monitoring of specific grid parameters
- Triggering of messages or switching operations if pre-set values are not reached or exceeded
- Four relay outputs to be used for display or monitoring purposes
- Internal clock for time-dependent use of all functions
- Storage of all grid parameters also for long-term grid monitoring/ evaluation via an SD card
- Transmitter for external systems (transfer of measured values via interface to factory master control system for monitoring etc.)
- Additional three-phase measuring device as an accessory to the PF controller BR6000

Multi Measuring Interfaces

Stand-alone device as trigger • Accessory for PF controller BR-series

	MMI6000	MMI7000
Weight	0.5 kg	1.0 kg
Dimensions (h x w x d)	panel mounting instrument 100 x 100 x 45 mm	panel mounting instrument 144 x 144 x 35 mm (MMI7000-B) 144 x 144 x 60 mm (MMI7000-S/-E
Interface	1x RS485 (4-pole terminal) Protocol: MODBUS RTU	MMI7000-E: 1x RS485 (RJ45) MMI7000-S: 2x RS485 (RJ45) Protocol: MODBUS RTU
Windows-software BR7000-soft	_	Included in the delivery
Output capacity	MMI6000-R:250 V AC, 1000 W MMI6000-T: 60 V DC, 150 mA	MMI7000-E: 250VAC, 1000 W
Display	Graphical, 2 x 16 characters, illuminated	Graphical, 128 x 64 dots, illuminated
Menu languages	English/German	English/German/Russian/Spanish/Turkish
Measuring and display	Single phase	Three phase
	V, I, F, Q, P, S, cos-φ, W, temperature	V, I, F, Q, P, S, cos-φ, THD-V, THD-I, W, harmonic of voltage up to 51st, harmonic of current up to 51st, temperature
Operating voltage	230 V AC	110 230 V AC +/- 15 %
Measuring voltage	230 V AC	Three phase 30 440 V AC (L-N) 50 690 V AC (L-L)
Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Power consumption	< 4 VA	< 5 VA
Measurement current	X/5 A and X/1 A	three phase X:1A /X:5A
Measuring temperature range	0 100 °C	−20 100°C
Ambient temperature range	−10 55 °C	−10 50 °C
Storage temperature range	−20 75 °C	−20 60 °C
Overvoltage class	II	II
Pollution degree	2	2
Humidity class	15 95% without dew	15 95% without dew
Mounting position	any	any
Protection class to IEC 60529	Front IP54, rear IP20	Front IP54, rear IP20
Safety guidelines	IEC 61010-1:2001, EN 61010-1:2001	IEC 61010-1:2001, EN 61010-1:2001
Sensitivity to interferences (industrial areas)	IEC 61000-4-2:8 kV, IEC 61000-4-4:4 kV	IEC 61000-4-2:8 kV, IEC 61000-4-4:4 kV
Ordering code	MMI6000-R: B44066M6000E230 MMI6000-T: B44066M6100E230	MMI7000-B: B44066M7100E230 MMI7000-S: B44066M7200E230 MMI7000-E: B44066M7300E230

Grid Analysis Tool MC7000-3

Three-phase measuring • Easy evaluation of data • 1 GB memory card included

General

The measuring device MC7000-3 has been developed for threephase measuring, display and storage of electric parameters in low-voltage grids. The Windowsbased software (included in the delivery) allows a fast and comfortable evaluation of the measured data. Based on the findings of this evaluation the optimum design for a tailormade PFC solution or the inspection of an existing one is easily performed. The collected data is available in Excel-format giving the user further processing options. As an additional feature the MC7000-3 is equipped with an SD memory card slot. A memory card (1 GB) for data storage and easy passing on to a PC is already included in the delivery. Featuring an illuminated 128 x 64 graphic display and a large number of configuration options for data collection, display and storage the new standard measuring tool is flexible and easy to use in the field. Additionally its compact design and the light weight suitcase make it easy to transport. A further benefit for very user is the availability of not only English, but also German, Spanish, Russian and Turkish as menu languages.



Features

- Measuring, display and storage of numerous parameters
 - Voltage (3-phase)
 - Current (3-phase)
 - Frequency (3-phase)
 - Active power (3-phase)
 - Reactive power (3-phase)
 - Apparent power (3-phase)
 - Power factor (3-phase)
 - Active, reactive and apparent energy
 - Voltage harmonics (up to 51st)
 - Harmonics of current (up to 51st)
 - TDH-V (3-phase)
 - THD-I (3-phase)
 - Temperature
- Comfortable programming of recording interval and duration via timers
- Display and internal storage of maximum values with time stamp
- Display of date and time
- Display of harmonics, bar diagram available
- Large number of display options e.g. rotating display and adjustment of font size

PC software included

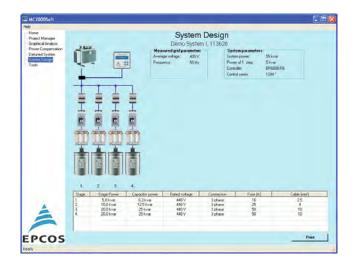
- Software for evaluation of grid parameters for Windows operating system
- Administration of several projects possible
- Graphical display
 - Several pre-configured graphical display of standard values
 - Graphical display of selected grid values, large number of configuration options
- Comfortable editing of parameters and time interval
- Display as line graph or bar diagram
- Copy into clipboard and print function available
- Mathematical evaluation of measured values
 - Automatic calculation of required kvar (target-cos-φ to be set by user)
 - Evaluation of measured harmonics and recommendation of detuning factor of a PFC system of calculated size
 - Influence of detuning on the harmonics for the calculated detuning factor and system size is provided

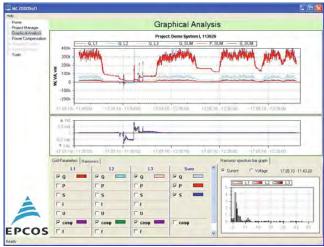
Grid Analysis Tool MC7000-3

Three-phase measuring • Easy evaluation of data • 1 GB memory card included

Technical data	
Weight	approx. 4 kg
Dimensions (h x w x d)	compact light weight plastic suitcase 390 x 310 x 147 mm (outside dimensions)
Operating voltage (auxiliary voltage)	110 230 V AC ±15%
Power consumption	< 5 VA
Frequency	50/60 Hz
Max. measuring voltage ¹⁾ (3-phase)	3 · 30 440 V AC (L-N), 50/60 Hz 3 · 50 760 V AC (L-L), 50/60 Hz
Measuring current (3-phase)	30, 300, 3000 A (MiniFlex flexible current clamps, to be ordered separately)
Display	illuminated, full graphic, 128 x 64 dots
Menu	D/E/ES/RU/TR
Ambient temperature range (operation)	−10 50 °C
Storage temperature range	−20 60 °C
Pollution degree	2
Overvoltage class	CAT III
Protection degree accord. IEC 60529	IP40
Connection	N connection mandatory, PE in case N not available
Security	IEC 61010-1:2001, EN 61010-1:2001
Accessories included	3 safety voltage measuring cables 2 m (black, red, violet), 1000 V, CAT IV, incl. high power fuse 1 safety voltage measuring line 2 m, blue, 1000 V, CAT III 4 safety dolphin clips 1000 V, CAT III, black, red, violet, blue Windows-based software CD-ROM low power device connection ordering code: B44066M7777E230
Accessory mandatory, but not included	3 flexible MiniFlex current clamps, cable 2.8 m, 600 V _{rms} (CAT IV), 1000 V _{rms} (CAT III) max. 3000 A, sensor 400 mm ordering code 1 piece: B44066M1301E230 ordering code 3 pieces: B44066M1303E230

¹⁾ Incl. all tolerances and overvoltages





Switching Devices - Capacitor Contactors

Specially designed for damping of inrush current in LV PFC systems

General

When a capacitor is switched to an AC voltage, the result is a resonant circuit damped to a greater or lesser degree. The switching of capacitors can cause high inrush currents, particularly when they are switched in parallel to others already activated in the power line, and if high short-circuit powers are present on the line.

Capacitor contactors with damping resistors make use of preswitching auxiliary contacts. They close before the main contacts and pre-load the capacitor thus avoiding current peak values.

This influences positively the life expectancy of the capacitor significantly in addition to the positive impact on the power quality (avoiding transients and voltage sags that otherwise may be caused by switching in capacitors).



Applications

- Damping of inrush current in lowvoltage PFC systems
- For PFC systems with and without reactors

Features

- Excellent damping of inrush current
- Improved power quality (e.g. avoidance of voltage sags)
- Longer useful service life of main contacts of capacitor contactor
- Soft switching of capacitor and thus longer useful service life

 Takana and many life are a stance of the same and the same life.

 Takana and many life are a stance of the same and the same life are a stance of the same life.

 Takana and many life are a stance of the same life are a stance of the same life.

 Takana and many life are a stance of the same life are a stance of the same life are a stance of the same life.

 Takana and many life are a stance of the same life are a stance of the same life.

 Takana and many life are a stance of the same life are a stance of the same life.

 Takana and many life are a stance of the same life are a stance of the same life.

 Takana and many life are a stance of the same life are a stance of the same life.

 Takana and many life are a stance of the same life are a stance of the same life.

 Takana and many life are a stance of the same life are a stance of the same life are a stance of the same life.

 Takana and many life are a stance of the same life are a
- Enhanced mean life expectancy of PFC system
- Reduced ohmic losses
- Leading contacts with wiper function
- Tamper-proof and protected resistors
- Easy access for cable connection
- Voltage range: 400 ... 690 V
- Output range: 12.5 ... 100 kvar
- Series J110/J230 for PFC systems without reactors
- Series N110/N230 for PFC systems with reactors only
- AC6b utilization category (B44066S****J***)

Approvals

- oul file 224924
- CCC
- (Certificate for China Compulsory Product Certification; up to 75 kvar for J230/J110 series)

Switching Devices - Capacitor Contactors

Specially designed for damping of inrush current in LV PFC systems

Technical data										
Type Main contacts			B44066** S1810	****J230/J1 S2410	10/N230/N S3210	1110 S5010	S6210	S7410	S9010	S9910
Rated insulation voltage V _I Admissible frequency of operation Contact life	V _{IS}	[V AC] 1/h million operations	690 ¹⁾ 120 0.25	690 ¹⁾ 120 0.15	690 ¹⁾ 120 0.15	690 ¹⁾ 120 0.15	690 ¹⁾ 120 0.15	690 ¹⁾ 80 0.12	1,000 ¹⁾ 80 0.12	1,000 ¹⁾ 80 0.12
Cable cross section solid or standard	Ø	[mm²]	1.5–6	2.5–25	2.5–25	4–50	4–50	4–50	0.5–95/10–120	0.5–95/10–120
flexible	0	[mm²]	1.5–4	2.5–16	2.5-16	10–35	10–35	10–35	0.5-70/10-95	0.5-70/10-95
flexible with multicore cable end	0	[mm ²]	1.5-4	2.5-16	2.5-16	6–35	6–35	6–35	0.5-70/10-95	0.5-70/10-95
Cables per clamp			2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Operating range of magnet coils in multiples of control voltage	Vs		0.85–1.1	0.85–1.1	0.85–1.1	0.85–1.1	0.85–1.1	0.85–1.1	0.85–1.1	0.85–1.1
Auxiliary contacts¹) Rated insulation voltage V _I	V _{IS}	[V AC]	690 ¹⁾	690 ¹⁾	690 ¹⁾	690¹)	690 ¹⁾	690 ¹⁾	690 ¹⁾	690 ¹⁾
Rated current I _{th} at ambient temperature max. 40 °C		I _{coth} [A]	16	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
max. 60 °C		I _{coth} [A]	12	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Utilization category AC15 220 to 240 V		I _{coth} [A]	12	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
380 to 440 V		I _{coth} [A]	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Short circuit protection Highest fuse rating slow, gL (gG) Auxiliary contacts		I _{coth} [A]	25 1/0	20	20	20	20	20	20	20

 ${\sf IEC~947-4-1,\,IEC~947-5-1,\,EN~60947-4-1,\,EN~60947-5-1,\,VDE~0660.\,Dimensional~drawing:\,see~datasheet}$

¹⁾ Applies to networks with grounded star point, overvoltage category I to IV, pollution severity 3 (industrial standard), V_{imp} = 8 kV. Values for other conditions on request.

Main te	Main technical parameters										
Capacitor power at ambient temperature, vo 380 – 400 V 415 – 440 V 66			, voltage, 5 660 – 690		Rated cu	rrent	Weight	Ordering code			
50 °C kvar	60 °C kvar	50 °C kvar	60 °C kvar	50 °C kvar	60 °C kvar	50 °C A	60 °C A	kg			
110 V coil											
0-12.5	0–12.5	0–13	0–13	0–20	0–20	18	18	0.34	B44066S1810J110		
10–20	10–20	10.5–22	10.5–22	17–33	17–33	28	28	0.60	B44066S2410J110		
10–25	10–25	10.5–27	10.5–27	17–41	17–41	36	36	0.60	B44066S3210J110		
20–50	20–50	23-53	23–53	36–82	36–82	72	72	1.10	B44066S6210J110		
20–75	20–60	23-75	23–64	36–120	36–100	108	87	1.10	B44066S7410J110		
33–80	33–75	36–82	36–77	57–120	57–120	115	108	2.30	B44066S9010J110*		
33–100	33–90	36–103	36–93	57–148	57–148	144	130	2.30	B44066S9910J110*		
230 V co	il										
0-12.5	0-12.5	0–13	0–13	0–20	0–20	18	18	0.34	B44066S1810J230		
10–20	10–20	10.5–22	10.5–22	17–33	17–33	28	28	0.60	B44066S2410J230		
10–25	10–25	10.5–27	10.5–27	17–41	17–41	36	36	0.60	B44066S3210J230		
20-33.3	20-33.3	23-36	23–36	36–55	36–55	48	48	1.10	B44066S5010J230		
20–50	20–50	23-53	23–53	36–82	36–82	72	72	1.10	B44066S6210J230		
20–75	20–60	23-75	23–64	36–120	36–100	108	87	1.10	B44066S7410J230		
33–80	33–75	36–82	36–77	57–120	57–120	115	108	2.30	B44066S9010J230*		
33–100	33–90	36–103	36–93	57–148	57–148	144	130	2.30	B44066S9910J230*		

^{*} without CCC

Switching Devices - Capacitor Contactors

Specially designed for damping of inrush current in LV PFC systems

Main te	Main technical parameters									
	Capacitor power at ambient temperature		, voltage, 5 660 – 690		Rated cu	rrent	Weight	Ordering code		
50 °C kvar	60 °C kvar	50 °C kvar	60 °C kvar	50 °C kvar	60 °C kvar	50 °C A	60 °C A	kg		
110 V coil										
0-12.5	0-12.5	0–13	0–13	0–20	0–20	18	18	0.23	B44066S1810N110*	
10–20	10–20	10.5–22	10.5–22	17–33	17–33	28	28	0.50	B44066S2410N110*	
10–25	10–25	10.5–27	10.5–27	17–41	17–41	36	36	0.90	B44066S3210N110*	
20–50	20-50	23-53	23-53	36-82	36–82	72	72	0.90	B44066S6210N110*	
20–75	20–60	23-75	23-64	36–120	36–100	108	87	0.90	B44066S7410N110*	
33–80	33–75	36–82	36–77	57–120	57–120	115	108	2.20	B44066S9010N110*	
33–100	33–90	36–103	36–93	57–148	57–148	144	130	2.20	B44066S9910N110*	
230 V coi	il									
0–12.5	0-12.5	0–13	0–13	0–20	0–20	18	18	0.23	B44066S1810N230*	
10–20	10–20	10.5–22	10.5–22	17–33	17–33	28	28	0.50	B44066S2410N230*	
10–25	10–25	10.5–27	10.5–27	17–41	17–41	36	36	0.50	B44066S3210N230*	
20-33.3	20-33.3	23-36	23–36	36–55	36–55	48	48	0.90	B44066S5010N230*	
20–50	20–50	23-53	23-53	36-82	36–82	72	72	0.90	B44066S6210N230*	
20–75	20–60	23–75	23–64	36–120	36–100	108	87	0.90	B44066S7410N230*	
33–80	33–75	36–82	36–77	57–120	57–120	115	108	2.20	B44066S9010N230*	
33–100	33–90	36–103	36–93	57–148	57–148	144	130	2.20	B44066S9910N230*	

 $^{^{\}ast}$ without CCC

All types B44066S****J*** (with preload resistors), B44066S1810J230 and B44066S1810J110 with wires on the bottom, B44066S9010J230 and B44066S9910J230 with resistors inside housing All types B44066S****N**** (without preload resistors) All types B44066S****N**** (without preload resistors)

General

Conventional systems for power factor correction are used to optimize the power factor and reduce the level of harmonics in the grid. The usage of new technologies in modern industry has negative impacts on electric power quality of the main supply networks, e.g. frequent high load fluctuations and harmonic oscillation.

Excessive currents, increased losses and flickering will not only influence the supply capacity but will also have a significant impact on the operation of sensitive electronic devices.

The solution for this are dynamic power factor correction systems.

With the thyristor module series TSM-LC and TSM-HV, we provide the main component – "the electronic switch" – for dynamic power factor correction.

The TSM module series offers fast electronically controlled, self-observing thyristor switches for capacitive loads up to 200 kvar, that are capable to switch PFC capacitors within a few milliseconds nearly without a limitation to the number of switchings during the capacitor lifetime.



Applications

- Main supply networks with high load fluctuations for dynamic PFC systems
- Presses
- Welding machines
- Elevators
- Cranes
- Wind turbines

Features

- Easy installation: it can be used similar to a contactor
- All the intelligence needed is offered within the thyristor module itself
- Reaction time: 5 milliseconds only
- Permanent self-controlling of:
 - voltage parameter
- phase sequence
- capacitor output
- Display of
- operation
- faults
- activation
- Voltage range: 400 V and 690 V
- Output range:
- 400 V: 10, 25, 50, 100, 200 kvar 690 V: 50 and 200 kvar

	TSM-LC10	TSM-LC25	TSM-LC50	TSM-LC100	TSM-LC200
Ordering code	B44066T0010E402	B44066T0025E402	B44066T0050E402	B44066T0100E402	B44066T0200E402
ated voltage	380 400 V	380 400 V	380 400 V	380 400 V	380 400 V
flax. grid voltage: in conventional PFC systems without reactors)	440 V	440 V	440 V	440 V	440 V
in detuned FC system '% detuning)	440 V (no upwards tolerance)	440 V (no upwards tolerance)	440 V (no upwards tolerance)	440 V (no upwards tolerance)	440 V (no upwards tolerance)
in detuned PFC ystem (14% detuning)	400 V	400 V	400 V	400 V	400 V
requency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
/laximum power / it nominal voltage	12.5 kvar	25 kvar	50 kvar	100 kvar	200 kvar
Power circuit	Direct connection 4 pole via terminal clamps (D = 6 mm ² resp. 4 mm ²)	Direct connection 4 pole via busbar (cable lug 25 mm ² , D = 8 mm)	Direct connection 4 pole via busbar (cable lug 25 mm², D = 8 mm)	Direct connection 4 pole via busbar (cable lug 70 mm ² , D = 10 mm)	Direct connection 4 pole via busbar (cable lug 185 mm², D = 12 mm)
leutral required	no*	no*	no*	no	no*
ux. supply voltage equired	no	no	no	230 V AC (needed for fan) via terminal clamp; automatically controlled cooling, over temperature switch off	230 V AC
Connection	from bottom	from bottom	from bottom	from bottom	from top
osses (PD in W)	2.0 x I (in A); at 400 V/12.5 kvar approx. 35 W (thermal)	2.0 x I (in A); typical 75 W (thermal)	2.0 x I (in A); typical 150 W (thermal)	2.0 x I (in A); typical 300 W (thermal)	2.0 x I (in A); at 400 V/200 kvar approx. 580 W (thermal)
Recommended fuses superfast"	3 x NH00 (AC 690 V) 35 A	3 x NH00 (AC 690 V) 63 A	3 x NH00 (AC 690 V) 125 A	3 × NH1 (AC 690 V) 250 A	3 x NH2 (AC 690 V) 125 kvar: 315 A 150 kvar: 350 A 200 kvar: 450 A
Dimensions in mm w x h x d)	163 x 152 x 75	157 x 200 x 180	157 x 200 x 180	157 x 240 x 195	250 x 480 x 160
Veight	1.75 kg	4.8 kg	4.8 kg	5.5 kg	11.5 kg
ED display per phase	2	2	2	2	2
ascading	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
mbient temperature	–10 °C 55 °C	−10 °C 55 °C	−10 °C 55 °C	−10 °C 55 °C	−10 °C 55 °C
Discharge resistors EW-22 needed	1	1	1	1-2 in parallel	2-4 in parallel
Current limitation eactor BD-100 leeded***	2	2	2	filter reactors) a specia	ions (without detuned al current limitation reactor information upon request.

^{*} For operation with three-phase capacitor or three single-phase capacitors. ** Only for operation with single-phase capacitors. *** For PFC systems without detuning reactors mandatory.

Accessories for T	Accessories for TSM-LC modules										
7.0000001100101	BD-050*	BD-050/480*	BD-100	BD-100/480*	BD-200**						
Ordering code	B44066T0050E400	B44066T0050E480	B44066T0100E400	B44066T0100E480	B44066T0200E400						
Nominal voltage	400/440 V	480 V	400/440 V	480 V	400/440 V						
Nominal current	50 A	50 A	85 A	85 A	170 A						
Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz						
Dimensions (w x d x h)	56 x 71 x 70 mm	65 x 58 x 82 mm	75 x 75 x 88 mm	75 x 75 x 88 mm	104 x 114 x 125 mm						
Weight	approx. 1.5 kg	approx. 1.5 kg	approx. 2 kg	approx. 2 kg	approx. 6 kg						

^{*} Production only after ordering. ** Only suitable for TSM-LC100.

TSM-HV50	TSM-HV200
B44066T0050E690	B44066T0200E690
690 V	690 V
50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
60 kvar	200 kvar
Direct connection 4 pole via busbar (cable lug 25 mm², D = 8 mm)	Direct connection 4 pole via busbar (cable lug)
yes**	no*
230 V AC	no
from bottom	from bottom
3.0 x I (in A); at 690 V/50 kvar approx. 125 W (thermal)	2.0 x I (in A); at 690 V/200 kvar typical 350 W (thermal)
3 x NH00 (AC 690 V) 25 kvar: 63 A 50/60 kvar: 100 A	3 x NH2 (AC 690 V) 100 kvar: 160 A 200 kvar: 250 A
157 x 200 x 195	410 x 400 x 250
5 kg	17 kg
1	6
yes	yes
–10 °C 55 °C	−10 °C 50 °C
standard- resistor sufficient	4 – refer to connection diagram in the data sheet
not needed	only for systems with detuning- reactors

	BD-200/480**
	B44066T0200E480
	480 V
ı	170 A
	50/60 Hz
	104 x 114 x 125 mm
	approx. 6 kg

Accessories	for TSM-LC modules	
Type / Descript	ion	Ordering code
to be used for a	ors EW-22 at least 1 piece per step Il types of TSM-LC if fast re-switching time higher rated steps please contact your e.1)	B44066T0022E400
$(w \times d \times h)$:	90 x 50 x 100 mm	
Weight (approx.): 0.3 kg	
Design panel:	for mounting on heat sink/fitting	
Connection:	screw terminal, ready for three-phase connection to the capacitor	

 $^{\text{1)}}$ Consisting of two single resistors of 22 $\text{k}\Omega$ each



EW-22

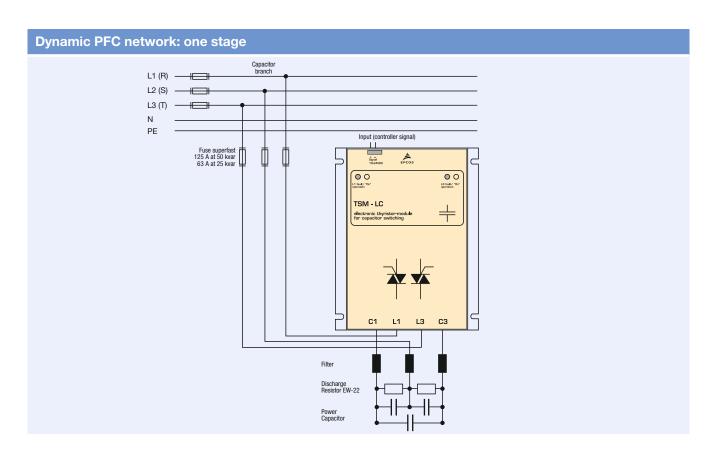


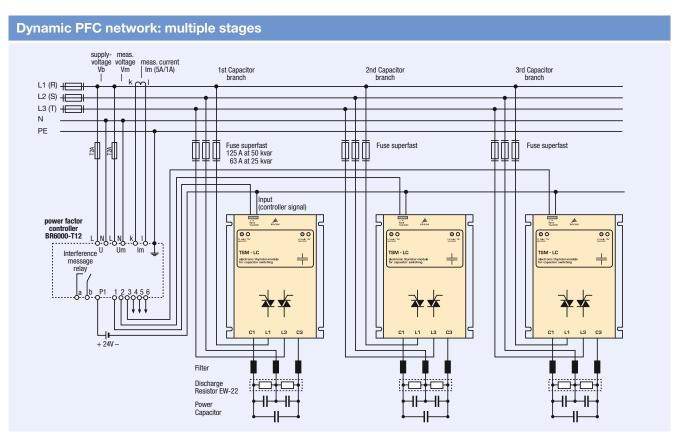
BD-100

BD-Series:

Single phase current limitation reactor for thyristor modules TSM-series in conventional dynamic PFC-systems without reactor

- Used for limitation of the pace of current increase dl/dT in the thyristors to the maximum permissible value
- Protection of thyristor modules series TSM-LC10, TSM-LC25, TSM-LC50 and TSM-LC100 (two units per step required).





Reactors – Antiresonance Harmonic Filter

General

The increasing use of modern power electronic apparatus (drives, uninterruptible power supplies, etc) produces nonlinear current and thus influences and loads the network with harmonics (line pollution).

The power factor correction or capacitance of the power capacitor forms a resonant circuit in conjunction with the feeding transformer. Experience shows that the self-resonant frequency of this circuit is typically between 250 and 500 Hz, i.e. in the region of the 5th and 7th harmonics.

Such a resonance although can lead to the following undesirable effects:

- overloading of capacitors,
- overloading of transformers and transmission equipment,
- interference with metering and control systems, computers and electrical gear.
- resonance elevation, i.e. amplification of harmonics,
- voltage distortion.

These resonance phenomena can be avoided by connecting capacitors in series with filter reactors in the PFC system. These so called "detuned" PFC systems are scaled in a way that the self-resonant frequency is below the lowest line harmonic. The detuned PFC system is purely inductive seen by harmonics above this frequency. For the base line frequency (50 or 60 Hz usually), the detuned system on the other hand acts purely capacitive, thus correcting the reactive power.



Applications

- Avoidance of resonance conditions
- Tuned and detuned harmonic filters
- Reduction of harmonic distortion (network clearing)
- Reduction of power losses

Features

- High harmonic loading capability
- Very low losses
- High linearity to avoid choke tilt
- Low noise
- Convenient mounting
- Long expected life time
- Temperature protection (NC contact)

Technical data and limit values

Filter reactors	
Harmonics*	$ \begin{array}{c} V_3 = 0.5\% \ V_R \ (duty \ cycle = 100\%) \\ V_5 = 6.0\% \ V_R \ (duty \ cycle = 100\%) \\ V_7 = 5.0\% \ V_R \ (duty \ cycle = 100\%) \\ V_{11} = 3.5\% \ V_R \ (duty \ cycle = 100\%) \\ V_{13} = 3.0\% \ V_R \ (duty \ cycle = 100\%) \\ \end{array} $
Effective current	$I_{rms} = \sqrt{(I_1^2 + I_3^2 \dots I_{13}^2)}$
Fundamental current	I ₁ = 1.06 · I _R (50 Hz or 60 Hz current of capacitor)
Temperature protection	microswitch (NC)
Dimensional drawings and terminals	see specific datasheets

Three-phase filter reactors to VDE 0532 / EN 60289

Frequency	50 Hz or 60 Hz
Voltage	400, 440
Output	10 100 kvar
Detuning	5.67%, 7%, 14%
Cooling	natural
Ambient temperature	40 °C
Class of protection	1
Enclosure	IP00

^{*} According to DIN ENV VV61000-2-2

Reactors – Antiresonance Harmonic Filter

Chara	cteristics										
Power	Δ capacitance	Inductance	I _{rms} (I _{eff})	Losses ¹⁾	Weight	Terminal	Ordering code				
kvar	3 · µF	mH	Α	w	kg						
Rated v	Rated voltage V = 400 V, f = 50 Hz, p = 5.67% (f _r = 210 Hz) / Linearity: $L \ge 0.95 \cdot L_R$ for current up to 2.08 · I1										
10	62	3.06	18.5	95	6.4	10 mm ² Kl.	B44066D5010*400				
12.5	78	2.45	23.0	120	8.4	10 mm ² Kl.	B44066D5012*400				
20	125	1.53	36.9	100	13	16 mm ² Kl.	B44066D5020*400				
25	156	1.23	46.1	135	17	16 mm² Kl.	B44066D5025*400				
40	250	0.77	73.7	150	23	M6 Al-flat	B44066D5040*400				
50	312	0.61	92.1	240	31	M6 Al-flat	B44066D5050*400				
75	496	0.41	138.2	260	35	M8 Al-flat	B44066D5075*400				
100	625	0.31	183.8	360	47	M8 Al-flat	B44066D5100*400				
Rated voltage V = 400 V, f = 50 Hz, p = 7% (f _r = 189 Hz) / Linearity: $L \ge 0.95 \cdot L_R$ for current up to 1.73 · I1											
10	61	3.84	16.4	70	5.9	10 mm ² Kl.	B44066D7010*400				
12.5	77	3.01	20.5	75	8.6	10 mm ² Kl.	B44066D7012*400				
20	123	1.92	32.7	120	18	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D7020*400				
25	154	1.53	40.9	180	18	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D7025*400				
40	246	0.96	65.4	230	26	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D7040*400				
50	308	0.77	81.8	270	27	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D7050*400				
75	462	0.51	122.7	330	39	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D7075*400				
100	617	0.38	163.3	390	50	Cu bars Ø 11 mm	B44066D7100*400				
Rated v	oltage V = 400 V,	f = 50 Hz, p = 14	% (f _r = 1	35 Hz) / Lir	nearity: L ≥	0.95 ⋅ L _R for current up	o to 1.37 · I1				
10	57	8.29	15.4	80	9.4	10 mm ² Kl.	B44066D1410*400				
12.5	71	6.64	19.2	95	12	10 mm ² Kl.	B44066D1412*400				
20	114	4.15	30.8	150	22	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D1420*400				
25	142	3.32	38.5	200	26	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D1425*400				
40	228	2.07	61.6	270	38	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D1440*400				
50	285	1.66	77	290	40	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D1450*400				
75	427	1.11	115.5	380	58	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D1475*400				
100	570	0.83	153.9	470	66	Cu bars Ø 11 mm	B44066D1499*400				
Rated v	voltage V = 440 V,	f = 50 Hz, p = 5.0	67% (f _r =	210 Hz) / L	inearity: L	\geq 0.95 \cdot L _R for current	up to 2.08 · I1				
10	51	3.71	16.8	100	7	10 mm² Kl.	B44066D5010*440				
12.5	64	2.97	21.0	120	9	10 mm ² Kl.	B44066D5012*440				
25	129	1.48	42.0	110	16.5	16 mm ² Kl.	B44066D5025*440				
50	258	0.74	83.8	200	25	M6 Al-flat	B44066D5050*440				
75	387	0.49	125.6	370	36	M8 Al-flat	B44066D5075*440				
100	517	0.37	168.0	320	50	M8 Al-flat	B44066D5100*440				

Other voltages upon request

Total max. losses, considering max. specified overvoltage and harmonic currents
 * EPCOS offers reactors with slightly different specifications (e.g. dimensions) that can be used for the same application although sometimes with slightly different resulting performances. These types are distinguished by different letters at digit 12 of the product code. Thus this digit is not specified here.

Reactors – Antiresonance Harmonic Filter

Cilaia	cteristics										
Power	Δ capacitance	Inductance	I _{rms} (I _{eff})	Losses ¹⁾	Weight	Terminal	Ordering code				
kvar	3 · µF	mH	Α	w	kg						
Rated voltage V = 440 V, f = 50 Hz, p = 7% (f _r = 189 Hz) / Linearity: $L \ge 0.95 \cdot L_R$ for current up to 1.73 · I1											
10	50	4.64	14.9	70	6.5	10 mm ² Kl.	B44066D7010*440				
12.5	63	3.71	18.7	65	8.5	10 mm ² Kl.	B44066D7012*440				
25	127	1.87	37.2	170	18	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D7025*440				
50	254	0.93	74.3	250	33	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D7050*440				
75	382	0.62	111.4	340	43	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D7075*440				
100	509	0.46	148.7	410	49	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D7100*440				
Rated voltage V = 440 V, f = 50 Hz, p = 14% (f _r = 135 Hz) / Linearity: $L \ge 0.95 \cdot L_R$ for current up to 1.37 · I1											
10	47	10.04	14.0	90	10	10 mm ² Kl.	B44066D1410*440				
12.5	58	8.03	17.5	100	13	10 mm ² Kl.	B44066D1412*440				
25	117	4.02	35.0	160	27	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D1425*440				
50	235	2.01	70.0	300	40	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D1450*440				
75	353	1.34	105.0	440	53	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D1475*440				
100	471	1.00	140.0	490	65	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D1499*440				
Rated v	voltage V = 440 V,	f = 60 Hz, p = 5.6	67% (f _r =	252 Hz) / L	inearity: L	≥ 0.95 · L _R for current ι	up to 2.08 · I1				
25	107	1.24	42.0	140	16	16 mm ² Kl.	B44066D5025*441				
50	215	0.62	83.8	210	25	M6 Al-flat	B44066D5050*441				
75	323	0.41	126.0	340	33	M8 Al-flat	B44066D5075*441				
100	431	0.31	167.4	310	47	M8 Al-flat	B44066D5100*441				
Rated v	voltage V = 440 V,	f = 60 Hz, p = 7%	6 (f _r = 22	7 Hz) / Line	arity: L ≥ 0	.95 · L _R for current up	to 1.73 · I1				
25	106	1.55	37.2	130	18	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D7025*441				
50	212	0.77	74.4	250	27	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D7050*441				
75	318	0.52	111.4	320	39	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D7075*441				
100	424	0.39	148.6	380	44	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D7100*441				
Rated v	oltage V = 440 V,	f = 60 Hz, p = 14	% (f _r = 1	62 Hz) / Lin	earity: L ≥	0.95 ⋅ L _R for current up	to 1.37 · I1				
25	98	3.35	34.8	180	22	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D1425*441				
50	196	1.67	69.5	290	34	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D1450*441				
75	294	1.12	104.3	380	45	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D1475*441				
100	392	0.84	139.1	480	54	Cu bars Ø 9 mm	B44066D1499*441				

Other voltages upon request

Total max. losses, considering max. specified overvoltage and harmonic currents
 * EPCOS offers reactors with slightly different specifications (e.g. dimensions) that can be used for the same application although sometimes with slightly different resulting performances. These types are distinguished by different letters at digit 12 of the product code. Thus this digit is not specified here.

Discharge Reactor

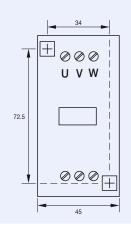
General

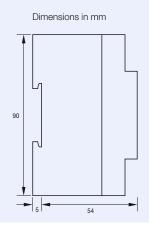
The losses of discharge reactors are substantially lower than those of discharging resistors. They satisfy the requirement for permanently connected discharging device and for a discharge time of a few seconds. Fast discharging allows a fast re-switching in automatic PFC equipment. However, max. 5 000 switching operations (according to IEC 60831) should not be exceeded.

Features and dimensional drawings

- Fast discharge for fast reconnection of capacitors
- Reduced losses
- Shockproof case for DIN rail mounting



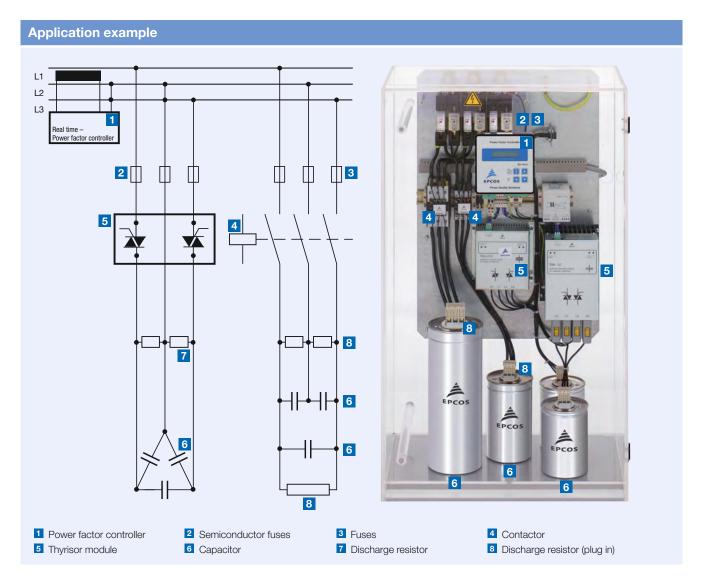




Technical data

Ordering code		B44066E9900S001				
Voltage	V_{R}	230 525 V				
Frequency	f	50/60 Hz				
Internal configuration		2 windings in V arrangement				
Resistance	R	4 900 Ω				
Discharge time	t	230 V up to 25 kvar < 10 s/up to 50 kvar < 20 s/ up to 100 kvar < 40 s 400 525 V up to 25 kvar < 5 s/up to 50 kvar < 10 s/ up to 100 kvar < 20 s				
Power loss	P _{LOSS}	< 1.8 W				
Free-wheeling current	1	< 4.5 mA				
Accepted discharge number		1 x / (minute and 100 kvar)				
Insulation class	R _{INS}	T40/B				
Cable diameter	Ø	0.75 2 x 2.5 mm ²				
Terminals		fixing torque 0.5 Nm				
Installation location		indoor				
Ambient temperature		−25 55 °C				
Cooling		natural				
Dimensions	hxwxd	90 x 45 x 59 mm				
Weight		0.5 kg				

Fundamentals of Power Factor Correction



The rational use of electrical energy calls for economical generation, transmission and distribution with little losses. That means restricting all factors in electrical networks that cause losses. One of these factors is lagging reactive power. Loads in industrial and public power grids are primarily of an ohmic-inductive nature. The purpose of systems for power factor correction in networks is to compensate the generated lagging reactive power by leading reactive power at defined nodes. This also serves to avoid impermissibly high voltage drops and additional ohmic losses. The necessary leading power is produced by capacitors parallel to the supply network, as close as possible to the inductive load. Static capacitive compensation devices

reduce the lagging reactive power component transmitted over the network. If grid conditions change, the required leading reactive power can be matched in steps by adding or taking out single power capacitors (automatic PFC) to compensate the lagging reactive power.

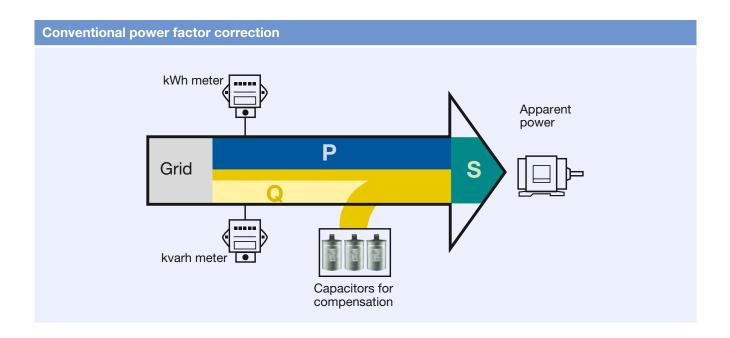
Benefits of power factor correction

- Fast return on investment through lower power costs
 - Power factor correction reduces the reactive power in a system.
 - Power consumption and thus power costs drop in proportion.
- Effective use of installation
 An improved power factor means

that an electrical installation operates more economically (higher effective power for the same apparent power).

- Improved voltage quality
- Reduced voltage drops
- Optimum cable design
- Cable cross-sections can be reduced with improvement of power factor (less current). In existing installations for instance, extra or higher power can be transmitted.
- Reduced transmission losses
 The transmission and switching
 devices carry less current, i.e. only
 the effective power, meaning that
 the ohmic losses in the leads are
 reduced.

Components of Power Factor Correction



1. Capacitor

Power factor correction (PFC) capacitors produce the necessary leading reactive power to compensate the lagging reactive power. They should be capable of withstanding high inrush currents caused by switching operations (>100 · I_R). If they are connected in parallel, i.e. as banks, the inrush current will increase (≥150 · I_R) because the charging current comes from the power line as well as from other capacitors connected in parallel.

Design of capacitors

MKK/MKP technology

Metalized plastic compact capacitors with self-healing properties and a polypropylene dielectric. Film metallization with zinc/aluminum alloy results in high performance and a low film thickness allowing significantly more compact dimensions and a lower weight.

A heavy edge and special film-cutting technique (optimized combination of wavy and smooth cuts) produces a maximum effective surface for the metal spraying or contacting process.

 Series PhaseCap and PhaseCap HD dry technology – impregnation with an inert gas (nitrogen N2).

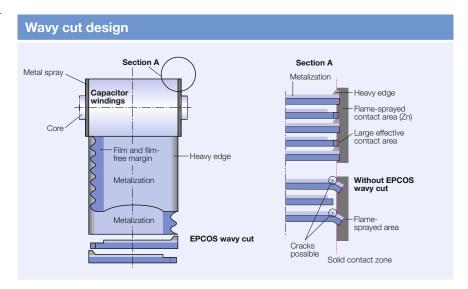
- Series PhaseCap Compact semi-dry biodegradable resin.
- Series PhiCap impregnation with semi-dry biodegradable soft resin.

MKV technology

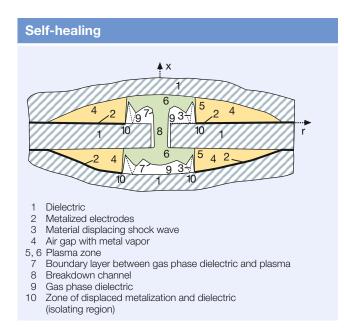
Based on oil-impregnated polypropylene-paper capacitor winding. The winding element consists of double-sided metalized paper as the electrode carrier and an unmetalized polypropylene film as the dielectric. This combination is especially well suited for high power dissipations.

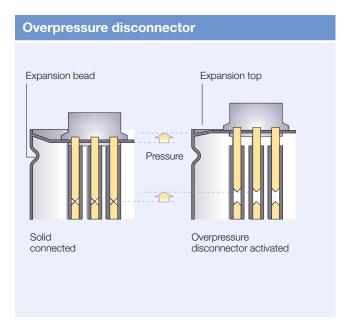
The film-paper arrangement that forms the winding is wound in a slightly staggered alignment: one edge of each double-sided metalized paper projects from the winding.

The edges are electrically contacted with vaporized zinc. The Schooping or metal-spray process uses zinc of the highest purity.



Components of Power Factor Correction





Safety

Self-healing properties

In the event of thermal or electrical overload, an electric breakdown occurs. The dielectric in the breakdown channel is broken down into highly compressed plasma that explodes out of the breakdown channel and pushes the dielectric layers apart. The discharge continues within the spreading plasma via the metal layers so that the metal surrounding the faulty area is completely burnt out. This produces perfect isolation of the faulty area within microseconds. The self-healing process results in negligible capacitance loss - less than 100 pF per event. The capacitor remains fully functional during the entire process.





Overpressure disconnector

At the end of the capacitor's service life or when a high pressure forms inside the can, the overpressure disconnector is activated.

The specially designed cover with an expansion bead moves upwards. Expansion beyond a certain degree will separate the wires and disconnect the capacitor safely from the line. The disconnector is separated at its break point (small notch) and the flow of current to the capacitor windings is interrupted.

▲ Caution:

To ensure full functionality of an overpressure disconnector, the following is required:

- 1. The elastic elements must not be hindered, i.e.
 - connecting lines must be flexible leads (cables),
 - there must be sufficient space (at least 20 mm) for expansion above the connections (specified for the different models).
 - folding beads must not be retained by clamps.
- 2. The maximum permissible fault current of 10 000 A to the UL 810 standard must not be exceeded.
- Stress parameters of the capacitor must be within the IEC 60831 specification.

Dry technology/ vacuum impregnation

The active winding elements are heated and then dried for a defined period. Impregnation is performed under vacuum. In this way, air and moisture are extracted from the inner capacitor, and oxidation of the electrodes as well as partial discharges are avoided. Afterwards, the capacitor elements are hermetically sealed in cases (e.g. aluminum). This elaborate process ensures excellent capacitance stability and long useful life.

2. Power factor controller

Modern PF controllers are microprocessor-based. The microprocessor analyzes the signal from a current transformer and produces switching commands to control the contactors that add or remove capacitor stages.

Intelligent control by microprocessorbased PF controllers ensures even utilization of capacitor stages, a minimized number of switching operations and an optimized life cycle of the capacitor bank.

After the required capacitor output has been determined, the number of steps should be defined. The broad product range of controllers from EPCOS allows customized solutions: the BR604 is suited to small PFC systems with four steps. The BR6000 series is avail-

Components of Power Factor Correction

able for conventional, dynamic and mixed compensation with six and twelve steps for medium and large systems respectively.

The PF controller BR7000 with its 15 relay outputs offers a broad range of applications, e.g. 15 conventional steps (each for one three-phase capacitor), 15 steps for single-phase capacitors or mixed operation (see page 46).

Rule of thumb: the number of steps depends on the number of loads, i.e. the more small inductive loads, the higher the number of steps should be. The switching time is also of major importance here: the more frequently a capacitor is switched, the more stress is placed on it and its contactors.

3. Multi measuring device

An external meter combining several features in a single device. Combined with the appropriate PF controller, it allows the monitoring, display and storage of various grid parameters. It provides additional protection for the capacitor and the PFC system. As a standalone solution, it acts as a meter, a signal trigger for thyristor modules or as a switch.

4. MC7000-3 grid analyzer

Offering three-phase measuring, display and storage of electric parameters in LV-grids, the MC7000-3, housed in a light-weight suitcase, is the optimum grid analysis tool for evaluation of new PFC-system-design or inspection of existing ones. A variety of accessories that come along with the device such as SD memory card, Windows-based software and several cables and clamps make the MC7000-3 a valuable instrument for PQS.

5. Switching devices

Two types of switching devices are available from EPCOS: capacitor contactors and thyristor modules. Before choosing a switching device for a PFC system, the user must consider the number of switching operations.

Capacitor contactor

Contactors are electromechanical switching elements used to switch capacitors or reactors and capacitors in standard or detuned PFC systems. The pre-switching auxiliary contacts of EPCOS capacitor contactors close before the main contact and avoid peak current values by pre-loading the capacitor. Note: Even when using capacitor contactors, it is important not to exceed the annual switching capability of the particular capacitor series.

Thryristor modules

Fast-changing loads of any kind require technologies that act in real time. In dynamic PFC systems, thyristor modules replace slow-acting electromechanical switches. This not only allows them to react within a few milliseconds, but also increases the life expectancy of all components without any mechanical wear out of the thyristor module.

Note: A dynamic PF controller is required, e.g. of the BR6000-T series.

6. Reactors (compensation and filtering)

Power distribution networks are increasingly subjected to harmonic pollution from modern power electronics devices, known as non-linear loads, e.g. drives, uninterruptible power supplies and electronic ballasts. Harmonics are dangerous for capacitors connected in the PFC circuit, especially if they operate at a resonant frequency. The series connection of a reactor and capacitor to detune the series resonant frequency (the capacitor's resonant frequency) helps to prevent capacitor damage. The most critical frequencies are the 5th and 7th harmonics (250 and 350 Hz at 50 Hz grid frequency). Detuned capacitor banks also help to reduce the harmonic distortion level and clean the network.

7. Discharge devices

Discharge resistors

- Discharge resistors are required to discharge capacitors and protect human beings against electric shock hazards as well as to switch capacitors in automatic PFC equipment (opposing phase).
- EPCOS discharge resistors are designed to discharge capacitors to 75 V or less within 60 seconds.
 Specific types < 75 V in 90 seconds; please refer to table of ordering codes.
- Before switching on again, capacitors must be discharged to 10% or less of their nominal voltage.
- Discharge resistors are included in the scope of delivery, pre-mounted for the PhaseCap Premium, Phase-Cap Compact, PhaseCap HD, PhiCap B32344 series and MKVcapacitors.

⚠ Caution:

Discharge and short-circuit the capacitor before handling it!

Discharge reactor

Whenever fast discharge of a capacitor is required, a discharge resistor is not sufficient. Discharge reactors must be used to allow a discharge of within a few seconds. Also, the various steps in a PFC system can then be switched much faster, minimizing losses at the same time.

8. Protection

An HRC fuse or MCCB acts as a safety device for short-circuit protection.

- HRC fuses do not protect a capacitor against overload – they are designed for short-circuit protection
- The HRC fuse rating should be 1.6 to 1.8 times the nominal capacitor current.

△ Caution:

Do not use HRC fuses for switching (risk of arcing!).

Standard Values: Selection Tables for Cables, Cable Cross Sections and Fuses

Selection table							
Power kvar	Current A	Section mm ²	Fuse A				
Rated voltage 230 V,	60 Hz						
2.5	6.3	1.5	10				
5.0	12.6	4.0	25				
7.5	18.8	6.0	35				
10.0	25.1	10.0	50				
12.5	31.4	16.0	50				
15.0	37.7	16.0	63				
20.0	50.2	25.0	80				
25.0	62.8	35.0	100				
30.0	75.3	50.0	125				
40.0	100.4	70.0	160				
50.0	125.5	95.0	200				
75.0	188.3	185.0	315				
100.0	251.0	2 x 120.0	400				
125.0	_	-	_				
150.0	_	_	_				
175.0	_	_	_				
		_					
200.0	-	_	-				
Rated voltage 400 V,			<u> </u>				
2.5	3.6	1.5	10				
5.0	7.2	2.5	16				
7.5	10.8	2.5	16				
10.0	14.4	4.0	25				
12.5	18.0	6.0	35				
15.0	21.6	6.0	35				
20.0	28.8	10.0	50				
25.0	36.0	16.0	63				
30.0	43.2	25.0	80				
40.0	57.6	35.0	100				
50.0	72.0	50.0	125				
75.0	108.3	70.0	160				
100.0	144.3	120.0	250				
125.0	180.3	185.0	315				
150.0	216.5	2 x 95.0	350				
175.0	252.6	2 x 95.0	400				
200.0	288.0	2 x 120.0	500				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Z X 120.0	300				
Rated voltage 440 V,			1 40				
2.5	3.3	1.5	10				
5.0	6.6	2.5	16				
7.5	10.0	2.5	16				
10.0	13.2	4.0	25				
12.5	16.8	4.0	25				
15.0	19.8	6.0	35				
20.0	26.4	10.0	50				
25.0	33.0	16.0	63				
30.0	39.6	25.0	80				
		25.0					
40.0	52.8	35.0	100				
50.0	66.0	50.0	125				
75.0	99.0	70.0	160				
100.0	132.0	95.0	200				
125.0	165.0	185.0	315				
150.0	198.0	2 x 95.0	350				
175.0	231.0	2 x 95.0	400				

The above mentioned values are guidelines for operation in normal conditions at ambient temperatures up to 35 °C.

Upgrade accordingly if conditions differ, e.g. temperature or hamonics differ. The internal wiring of a capacitor bank is sometimes possible with a smaller cross section. Various parameters such as temperature inside the cabinet, cable quality, maximum cable insulation temperature, single or multi core cable, cable length and laying system have to be considered for a proper selection. The local panelbuilder/installer is responsible for a proper selection of the cable sizes and fuses according to the valid regulations and standards in the specific country where the PFC panels are installed.

Standard Values: Selection Tables for Cables, Cable Cross Sections and Fuses

Power	Current	Section	Fuse
kvar	A	mm ²	A
Rated voltage 480 V	/, 60 Hz		
2.5	3.0	1.5	10
5.0	6.0	2.5	16
7.5	9.0	2.5	16
10.0	12.0	4.0	25
12.5	18.0	6.0	35
15.0	21.0	6.0	35
20.0	24.0	10.0	50
25.0	30.0	10.0	50
30.0	36.0	16.0	63
40.0	48.0	25.0	80
50.0	60.0	35.0	100
75.0	90.0	70.0	160
100.0	120.0	95.0	200
125.0	150.0	120.0	250
150.0	180.0	185.0	315
175.0	210.0	2 x 95.0	350
200.0	240.0	2 x 95.0	400
Rated voltage 525 V			1.50
		· -	1
2.5	2.7	1.5	10
5.0	5.5	1.5	10
7.5	6.9	2.5	16
10.0	11.0	2.5	16
12.5	13.7	4.0	25
15.0	16.5	4.0	25
20.0	22.0	6.0	35
25.0	27.5	10.0	50
30.0	33.0	16.0	63
40.0	44.0	25.0	80
50.0		35.0	100
	55.0		
75.0	82.5	70.0	160
100.0	110.0	95.0	200
125.0	137.5	95.0	200
150.0	165.0	185.0	300
175.0	193.0	2 x 95.0	350
200.0	220.0	2 x 95.0	350
Rated voltage 690 V	/, 50 Hz		
2.5	2.1	1.5	10
5.0	4.2	1.5	10
7.5	6.3	1.5	10
10.0	8.4	2.5	16
12.5	10.5		16
		2.5	
15.0	12.6	4.0	25
20.0	16.7	4.0	25
25.0	20.9	6.0	35
30.0	25.1	10.0	50
40.0	33.5	16.0	63
50.0	41.8	25.0	80
75.0	62.8	50.0	125
100.0	83.7	70.0	160
125.0	105.0	70.0	160
150.0	126.0	95.0	200
175.0	146.0	120.0	250
200.0	167.0	128.5	315

The above mentioned values are guidelines for operation in normal conditions at ambient temperatures up to 35 °C. Upgrade accordingly if conditions differ, e.g. temperature or hamonics differ. The internal wiring of a capacitor bank is sometimes possible with a smaller cross section. Various parameters such as temperature inside the cabinet, cable quality, maximum cable insulation temperature, single or multi core cable, cable length and laying system have to be considered for a proper selection. The local panelbuilder/installer is responsible for a proper selection of the cable sizes and fuses according to the valid regulations and standards in the specific country where the PFC panels are installed.

Calculation Table for Reactive Power Demand (Qc)

								TARGET				
								cos φ = 0.96				
Current		Achiev	oblo									cos φ≤
(ACTUAL)		(TARGE								$Q_c = P$	mot · F (0.96)	= [kvar]
	000 %		=11)						Qc		00 · 1.01 = 10	
tan φ	cos φ	cos φ	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.04				1.00
		0.80	0.82	0.85	0.88		0.92	0.94		0.96	0.98	1.00
							Faktor F					
3.18	0.30	2.43	2.48	2.56	2.64	2.70	2.75	2.82		2.89	2.98	3.18
2.96	0.32	2.21	2.26	2.34	2.42	2.48	2.53	2.60		2.67	2.76	2.96
2.77	0.34	2.02	2.07	2.15	2.23	2.28	2.34	2.41		2.48	2.56	2.77
2.59	0.36	1.84	1.89	1.97	2.05	2.10	2.17	2.23		2.30	2.39	2.59
2.43	0.38	1.68	1.73	1.81	1.89	1.95	2.01	2.07		2.14	2.23	2.43
2.29	0.40	1.54	1.59	1.67	1.75	1.81	1.87	1.93		2.00	2.09	2.29
2.16	0.40	1.41	1.46	1.54	1.62	1.68	1.73			1.87	1.96	2.29
								1.80				
2.04	0.44	1.29	1.34	1.42	1.50	1.56	1.61	1.68		1.75	1.84	2.04
1.93	0.46	1.18	1.23	1.31	1.39	1.45	1.50	1.57		1.64	1.73	1.93
1.83	0.48	1.08	1.13	1.21	1.29	1.34	1.40	1.47		1.54	1.62	1.83
1.73	0.50	0.98	1.03	1.11	1.19	1.25	1.31	1.37		1.45	1.63	1.73
1.64	0.52	0.89	0.94	1.02	1.10	1.16	1.22	1.28		1.35	1.44	1.64
1.56	0.54	0.81	0.86	0.94	1.02	1.07	1.13	1.20		1.27	1.36	1.56
1.48	0.56	0.73	0.78	0.86	0.94	1.00	1.05	1.12		1.19	1.28	1.48
1.40	0.58	0.65	0.70	0.78	0.86	0.92	0.98	1.04		1.11	1.20	1.40
1.33	0.60	0.58	0.63	0.71	0.79	0.85	0.91	0.97		1.04	1.13	1.33
1.30	0.61	0.55	0.60	0.71	0.76	0.81	0.87	0.94		1.01	1.10	1.30
1.27	0.62	0.52	0.57	0.65	0.73	0.78	0.84	0.91		0.99	1.06	1.27
1.23	0.63	0.48	0.53	0.61	0.69	0.75	0.81	0.87		0.94	1.03	1.23
1.20	0.64	0.45	0.50	0.58	0.66	0.72	0.77	0.84		0.91	1.00	1.20
1.17	0.65	0.42	0.47	0.55	0.63	0.68	0.74	0.81		0.88	0.97	1.17
1.14	0.66	0.39	0.44	0.52	0.60	0.65	0.71	0.78		0.85	0.94	1.14
1.11	0.67	0.36	0.41	0.49	0.57	0.63	0.68	0.75		0.82	0.90	1.11
1.08	0.68	0.33	0.38	0.46	0.54	0.59	0.65	0.72		0.79	0.88	1.08
1.05	0.69	0.30	0.35	0.43	0.51	0.56	0.62	0.69		0.76	0.85	1.05
1.02	0.70	0.27	0.32	0.40	0.48	0.54	0.59	0.66		0.73	0.82	1.02
0.99	0.71	0.24	0.29	0.37	0.45	0.51	0.57	0.63		0.70	0.79	0.99
0.96	0.72	0.21	0.26	0.34	0.42	0.48	0.54	0.60		0.67	0.76	0.96
0.94	0.72	0.19	0.24	0.34	0.42	0.45	0.54	0.58		0.65	0.73	0.94
0.91	0.74	0.16	0.21	0.29	0.37	0.42	0.48	0.55		0.62	0.71	0.91
0.88	0.75	0.13	0.18	0.26	0.34	0.40	0.46	0.52		0.59	0.68	0.88
0.86	0.76	0.11	0.16	0.24	0.32	0.37	0.43	0.50		0.57	0.65	0.86
0.83	0.77	0.08	0.13	0.21	0.29	0.34	0.40	0.47		0.54	0.63	0.83
0.80	0.78	0.05	0.10	0.18	0.26	0.32	0.38	0.44		0.51	0.60	0.80
0.78	0.79	0.03	0.08	0.16	0.24	0.29	0.35	0.42		0.49	0.57	0.78
0.75	0.80		0.05	0.13	0.21	0.27	0.32	0.39		0.46	0.55	0.75
0.72	0.81			0.10	0.18	0.24	0.30	0.36		0.43	0.52	0.72
0.70	0.82			0.08	0.16	0.21	0.27	0.34		0.41	0.49	0.70
0.70	0.83			0.05	0.13	0.19	0.27	0.34		0.41	0.49	0.70
0.65	0.84			0.03	0.11	0.16	0.22	0.29		0.36	0.44	0.65
0.62	0.85				0.08	0.14	0.19	0.26		0.33	0.42	0.62
0.59	0.86				0.05	0.11	0.17	0.23		0.30	0.39	0.59
0.57	0.87					0.08	0.14	0.21		0.28	0.36	0.57
0.54	0.88					0.06	0.11	0.18		0.25	0.34	0.54
0.51	0.89					0.03	0.09	0.15		0.22	0.31	0.51
0.48	0.90						0.06	0.12		0.19	0.28	0.48
0.46	0.91						0.03	0.12		0.17	0.25	0.46
	0.92						0.00	0.10		0.17	0.23	0.43
0.43												
0.40	0.93							0.04		0.11	0.19	0.40
0.36	0.94									0.07	0.16	0.36
0.33	0.95										0.13	0.33

 $\begin{array}{l} Q_C = P_A \cdot (tan \, \phi 1 - tan \, \phi 2) \\ Q_C \, [kvar] = P_A \cdot F = active \, power \, [kW] \cdot factor \, "F" \\ P_A = S \cdot \cos \, \phi = apparent \, power \cdot \cos \, \phi \\ tan \, \phi 1 + \phi 2 \, according \, to \, \cos \, \phi \, values \, ref. \, table \end{array}$

Example:

Actual motor power ACTUAL cos φ TARGET cos φ Factor F from table Capacitor reactive power Q_C Q_C = 100 • 1.01 = 101.0 kvar $P = 100 \, kW$ 0.61 0.96 1.01

Individual PFC for Motors

Approximate values (specified by the German Electricity Association VDEW) for fixed PFC of motors							
Motor nominal rating	Capacitor power rating (1500 r.p.m.*)	Capacitor power rating (1000 r.p.m.*)	Capacitor power rating (750 r.p.m.*)				
kW	kvar	kvar	kvar				
1 1.9	0.5	0.5	0.6				
2 2.9	1	1.1	1.2				
3 3.9	1.5	1.6	1.7				
4 4.9	2	2.1	2.3				
5 5.9	2.5	2.6	2.9				
6 7.9	3	3.2	3.5				
8 10.9	4	4.2	4.6				
11 13.9	5	5.3	5.8				
14 17.9	6	6.3	6.9				
18 21.9	7.5	8.0	8.6				
22 29.9	10	10.5	11.5				
30 39.9	approx. 40% of the motor power						
40 and above	approx. 35% of the motor power						

*r.p.m.: revolutions per minute

The capacitor output should be approx. 90% of the apparent power of the motor when idle.

This means a power factor of 0.9% at full load and 0.95 ... 0.98 during idling. Important: The capacitor output

must not be rated too high for individual compensated machines where the capacitor is directly connected with the motor clamp. This especially applies when the machine has a big oscillating weight and still continues to rotate after switching off.

The capacitor placed in parallel may act as generator for the motor which will cause serious overvoltages. The consequence could be heavy damage to the capacitor as well as to the motor.

Individual PFC for Transformers

Standard values for transformer power factor correction							
Rated apparent power of transformer	Rated capacitor power for oil immersed transformers	Rated capacitor power for cast resin transformers					
kVA	kvar	kvar					
10	1.0	1.5					
20	2.0	1.7					
50	4.0	2.0					
75	5.0	2.5					
100	5.0	2.5					
160	7.0	4.0					
200	7.5	5.0					
250	8.0	7.5					
315	10.0	8.0					
400	12.5	8.5					
500	15.0	10.0					
630	17.5	12.5					
800	20.0	15.0					
1000	25.0	16.7					
1250	30.0	20.0					
1600	35.0	22.0					
2000	40.0	25.0					
2500	50.0	35.0					
3150	60.0	50.0					

For an exact calculation of the right capacitor value, following formula can be used:

$$Q_C = I_0\% \cdot \frac{A_N}{100}$$

Q_c = needed capacitor (kvar)

 $I_0\%$ = magnetising current of the transformer (As%)

A_N = apparent rated power of the transformer in kVA

There are regional differences in the guidelines of power suppliers concerning the admissible size of capacitors directly connected with a transformer. Therefore a consultation with the respective power supplier is recommended before installation of

a compensation bank. Modern transformers have laminations which only need low capacity to reverse the magnetism. In case the capacitor output is too high, stress increase may occur during idling.

Detuned PFC in General

When installing capacitors for PFC purpose, the problem of dealing with harmonics has to be faced. They have to be taken into account when designing the PFC system in order to prevent parallel and / or series resonance conditions that would damage the whole electrical system.

When PFC capacitors are connected, the inductance of the transformer together with the capacitors forms a resonant circuit that could be excited by a harmonic current generated by the load. This resonant circuit has a resonance frequency, and if a harmonic current of this frequency (or close to it) exists, it will lead the circuit into a resonance condition where high current will flow through the branches (L: the transformer, and C: the capacitor bank), overloading them and raising the voltage across them and across the whole electrical system that is connected in parallel.

PFC detuned filtering is a technique to correct the power factor avoiding the risk of resonance condition performed by shifting the resonance frequency to lower values where no harmonic currents are present.

This is achieved by modifying the basic LC circuit formed by the transformer and the capacitor bank, introducing a filter reactor in series with the capacitors, making this way a more complex resonant circuit but with the desired feature of having a resonance frequency below the first existing harmonic. This way it's not possible to have a real resonance condition.

Besides this main objective, the reactor connected in series with capacitors form a series resonant circuit with a certain tuning frequency at which the branch will offer a low impedance path. Filtering of harmonic currents and "cleaning" of the grid will be achieved.

Components for PFC detuned filters must be carefully selected according to the desired PFC purpose, to the harmonics present in the system, to some features of the system like short circuit power and impedances, to the desired filtering effect and to the characteristics of the resonant circuit configured.

For example, the voltage across the capacitors will be higher than the nominal grid voltage when they have a reactor connected in series.

The reactors must be selected in line with the inductance value to obtain the desired tuning frequency and current capability high enough for the harmonic current absorption that can be expected. The tuning frequency is usually indirectly referred to as the detuning factor p and expressed as a percentage.

$$p = 100 \cdot \frac{X_L}{X_C} = \left(\frac{f}{f_{RES}}\right)^2 \cdot 100$$

PFC detuned filtering is an engineering speciality that takes experienced know-how to implement it in a satisfying and safe way.

The design-instructions for detuned PFC systems on page 75 have to be followed to ensure an optimum performance of the PFC system.

Note: The recommendations given in the selection tables are meant as a support tool. EPCOS does not take over any responsibility for the design as apart from the theoretical conditions the prevailing circumstances in the application have to be taken into account.

Detuned PFC: Important Facts and Instructions

Important design instructions to be followed for detuned PFC Systems

- 1 Determine the necessary effective power (kvar) of the capacitor bank in order to obtain the desired PF.
- 2 Design the capacitor stages in such a way that the sensibility of the bank is around 15–20% of the total available power. It's not useful to have a more sensitive bank that reacts with a 5 or 10% of the total power because this would lead to a high amount of switching operations, wasting the equipment unnecessarily when the real objective is to have a high average PF.
- 3 Try to design the bank with standard kvar values of effective power steps, preferably multiples of 25 kvar.
- 4 Measure the presence of harmonic currents in the main feeder cable of the system without capacitors at all possible load conditions. Determine frequency and maximum amplitude for every harmonic that could exist.

- Calculate the Total Harmonic Distortion of Current THD-I = $100 \cdot \text{SQR} \ [(\text{I}_3)^2 + (\text{I}_5)^2 + ... + (\text{I}_R)^2]/\text{I}_1$ Calculate every existing value for THD-I_R = $100 \cdot \text{I}_R/\text{I}_1$
- Measure the presence of harmonic voltages that might come from outside your system, if possible measure the HV side.
 Calculate the Total Harmonic Distortion of Voltage THD-V = 100 ⋅ SQR [(V₃)² + (V₅)² + ... + (Vℕ)²]/VI
- 6 Are there harmonics such as THD-I > 10% or THD-V > 3% (measured without capacitors)? If YES → use PFC-DF and go to consideration 7. If NO → use standard PFC and skip considerations 7, 8 and 9.
- Is there 3rd harmonic content,
 I₃ > 0.2 ⋅ I₅?
 If YES → use PFC-DF with p = 14% and skip consideration 8.
 If NO → use PFC-DF with p = 7% or 5.67% and go to consideration 8.

8 THD-V is:

- 3–7% → use PFC-DF with p = 7% >7% → use PFC-DF with p = 5.67% >10% → ask for special filter design
- 9 Select the proper components using EPCOS tables for PFC-DF and standard values for effective power, the voltage and frequency of your grid, and the determined detuned factor p.
- 10 Always use genuine EPCOS application-specific designed components for PFC-DF. Please observe that reactors are specified for their effective power at grid voltage and frequency. This power will be the real effective power of the whole LC set at fundamental frequency. Capacitors for PFC-DF must be selected for a higher rated voltage than the grid's because of the overvoltage caused by the series connection with the reactor. Contactors for capacitors are designed as application-specific to reduce inrush capacitors currents and to handle capacitive loads in a reliable way.

Detuning factor	Effective filter output kvar	Capacitor ordering code	Reactor ordering code ¹⁾	Contactor ordering code	Cable ²⁾ cross- section mm ²	Fuse ²⁾ rating
Grid voltage	: 400 V – 50 Hz	detuned filters components	s selection table	'	1	1
5.67	10.0	1 x B25667C4207A375	B44066D5010*400	B44066S1810J230	4	25
5.67	12.5	1 x B25667C4237A375	B44066D5012*400	B44066S1810J230	6	35
5.67	20.0	1 x B25667C4417A375	B44066D5020*400	B44066S2410J230	10	50
5.67	25.0	1 x B25667C4467A375	B44066D5025*400	B44066S3210J230	16	63
5.67	40.0	1 x B25667C4337A375 1 x B25667C4417A375	B44066D5040*400	B44066S6210J230	35	100
5.67	50.0	2 x B25667C4467A375	B44066D5050*400	B44066S6210J230	50	125
5.67	75.0	3 x B25667C4467A375	B44066D5075*400	B44066S7410J230	70	160
5.67	100.0	4 x B25667C4467A375	B44066D5100*400	B44066S9910J230	120	250
7	10.0	1 x B25667C4207A375	B44066D7010*400	B44066S1810J230	4	25
7	12.5	1 x B25667C4237A375	B44066D7012*400	B44066S1810J230	6	35
7	20.0	1 x B25667C4417A375	B44066D7020*400	B44066S2410J230	10	50
7	25.0	1 x B25667C4467A375	B44066D7025*400	B44066S3210J230	16	63
7	40.0	1 x B25667C4337A375 1 x B25667C4417A375	B44066D7040*400	B44066S6210J230	35	100
7	50.0	2 x B25667C4467A375	B44066D7050*400	B44066S6210J230	50	125
7	75.0	3 x B25667C4467A375	B44066D7075*400	B44066S7410J230	70	160
7	100.0	4 x B25667C4467A375	B44066D7100*400	B44066S9910J230	120	250
14	10.0	1 x B25667C5177A375	B44066D1410*400	B44066S1810J230	4	25
14	12.5	1 x B25667C4207A375	B44066D1412*400	B44066S1810J230	6	35
14	20.0	1 x B25667C4347A375	B44066D1420*400	B44066S2410J230	10	50
14	25.0	1 x B25667C4417A365	B44066D1425*400	B44066S3210J230	16	63
14	40.0	2 x B25667C4337A375	B44066D1440*400	B44066S6210J230	35	100
14	50.0	2 x B25667C4417A365	B44066D1450*400	B44066S6210J230	50	125
14	75.0	3 x B25667C4417A365	B44066D1475*400	B44066S7410J230	70	160
14	100.0	4 x B25667C4417A365	B44066D1499*400	B44066S9910J230	120	250
Grid voltage	: 400 V – 60 Hz	detuned filters components	s selection table			
5.67	25.0	1 x B25667C4307A375 1 x B25667C4826A375	B44066D5025*401	B44066S3210J230	16	63
5.67	50.0	1 x B25667C4417A375 1 x B25667C4247A375 1 x B25667C4127A375	B44066D5050*401	B44066S6210J230	50	125
5.67	75.0	2 x B25667C4417A375 1 x B25667C4337A375	B44066D5075*401	B44066S7410J230	70	160
5.67	100.0	3 x B25667C4417A375 1 x B25667C4337A375	B44066D5100*401	B44066S9910J230	120	250
7	25.0	1 x B25667C4307A375 1 x B25667C4826A375	B44066D7025*401	B44066S3210J230	16	63
7	50.0	1 x B25667C4417A375 1 x B25667C4247A375 1 x B25667C4127A375	B44066D7050*401	B44066S6210J230	50	125
7	75.0	2 x B25667C4417A375 1 x B25667C4337A375	B44066D7075*401	B44066S7410J230	70	160
7	100.0	3 x B25667C4417A375 1 x B25667C4307A375	B44066D7100*401	B44066S9910J230	120	250

¹⁾ EPCOS offers reactors with slightly different specifications (e.g. dimensions) that can be used for the same application although sometimes with slightly different resulting performances. These types are distinguished by different letters at digit 12 of the product code. Thus this digit is not specified here. Please refer to the product pages 61ff. for the EPCOS main product line.

product pages 61ft. for the EPCOS main product line.

2 The above mentioned values are guidelines for operation in normal conditions at ambient temperatures up to 35 °C. Various parameters such as temperature inside the cabinet, cable quality, maximum cable insulation temperature, single or multi core cable, cable lengh and laying system have to be considered for a proper selection. Upgrade/downgrade accordingly if conditions differ. Additionally do not forget to consider the regulations and standards which are valid for your country.

Detuning factor	Effective filter output	Capacitor ordering code	Reactor ordering code ¹⁾	Contactor ordering code	Cable ²⁾ cross- section	Fuse ²⁾ rating
%	kvar				mm ²	Α
Grid voltage	e: 400 V – 60 Hz	detuned filters component	s selection table			
14	25.0	1 x B25667C4347A375	B44066D1425*401	B44066S3210J230	16	63
14	50.0	2 x B25667C4347A375	B44066D1450*401	B44066S6210J230	50	125
14	75.0	3 x B25667C4347A375	B44066D1475*401	B44066S7410J230	70	160
14	100.0	4 x B25667C4347A375	B44066D1499*401	B44066S9910J230	120	250
Grid voltage	e: 440 V – 50 Hz	detuned filters component	s selection table			
5.67	10.0	1 x B25667C5177A375	B44066D5010*440	B44066S1810J230	4	25
5.67	12.5	1 x B25667C4207A375	B44066D5012*440	B44066S1810J230	4	25
5.67	20.0	1 x B25667C4347A375	B44066D5020*440	B44066S2410J230	10	50
5.67	25.0	1 x B25667C5177A375 1 x B25667C4207A375	B44066D5025*440	B44066S3210J230	16	63
5.67	40.0	1 x B25667C4277A375 1 x B25667C4347A375	B44066D5040*440	B44066S6210J230	35	100
5.67	50.0	1 x B25667C4347A375 1 x B25667C4417A365	B44066D5050*440	B44066S6210J230	50	125
5.67	75.0	1 x B25667C4347A375 2 x B25667C4417A365	B44066D5075*440	B44066S7410J230	70	160
5.67	100.0	2 x B25667C4347A375 2 x B25667C4417A365	B44066D5100*440	B44066S9910J230	95	200
7	10.0	1 x B25667C5177A375	B44066D7010*440	B44066S1810J230	4	25
7	12.5	1 x B25667C4207A375	B44066D7012*440	B44066S1810J230	4	25
7	20.0	1 x B25667C4347A375	B44066D7020*440	B44066S2410J230	10	50
7	25.0	1 x B25667C5177A375 1 x B25667C4207A375	B44066D7025*440	B44066S3210J230	16	63
7	40.0	1 x B25667C4277A375 1 x B25667C4347A375	B44066D7040*440	B44066S6210J230	35	100
7	50.0	1 x B25667C4417A365 1 x B25667C4347A375	B44066D7050*440	B44066S6210J230	50	125
7	75.0	1 x B25667C4347A375 2 x B25667C4417A365	B44066D7075*440	B44066S7410J230	70	160
7	100.0	2 x B25667C4347A375 2 x B25667C4417A365	B44066D7100*440	B44066S9910J230	95	200
14	10.0	1 x B25667C5147A375	B44066D1410*440	B44066S1810J230	4	25
14	12.5	1 x B25667C5177A375	B44066D1412*440	B44066S1810J230	4	25
14	20.0	1 x B25667C5287A375	B44066D1420*440	B44066S2410J230	10	50
14	25.0	1 x B25667C5347A375	B44066D1425*440	B44066S3210J230	16	63
14	40.0	2 x B25667C5287A375	B44066D1440*440	B44066S6210J230	35	100
14	50.0	2 x B25667C5347A375	B44066D1450*440	B44066S6210J230	50	125
14	75.0	3 x B25667C5347A375	B44066D1475*440	B44066S7410J230	70	160
14	100.0	4 x B25667C5347A375	B44066D1499*440	B44066S9910J230	95	200

¹⁾ EPCOS offers reactors with slightly different specifications (e.g. dimensions) that can be used for the same application although sometimes with slightly different resulting performances. These types are distinguished by different letters at digit 12 of the product code. Thus this digit is not specified here. Please refer to the

product pages 61ff. for the EPCOS main product line.

The above mentioned values are guidelines for operation in normal conditions at ambient temperatures up to 35 °C. Various parameters such as temperature inside the cabinet, cable quality, maximum cable insulation temperature, single or multi core cable, cable lengh and laying system have to be considered for a proper selection. Upgrade/downgrade accordingly if conditions differ. Additionally do not forget to consider the regulations and standards which are valid for your country.

Detuning actor %	Effective filter output kvar	Capacitor ordering code	Reactor ordering code ¹⁾	Contactor ordering code	Cable ²⁾ cross- section mm ²	Fuse ²⁾ rating
Grid voltage	: 440 V – 60 Hz (detuned filters components	s selection table			
5.67	25.0	1 x B25667C5147A375 1 x B25667C5177A375	B44066D5025*441	B44066S3210J230	16	63
5.67	50.0	2 x B25667C4347A375	B44066D5050*441	B44066S6210J230	50	125
5.67	75.0	2 x B25667C4347A375 1 x B25667C4277A375	B44066D5075*441	B44066S7410J230	70	160
5.67	100.0	3 x B25667C4347A375 1 x B25667C4277A375	B44066D5100*441	B44066S9910J230	95	200
7	25.0	1 x B25667C5147A375 1 x B25667C5177A375	B44066D7025*441	B44066S3210J230	16	63
7	50.0	2 x B25667C4347A375	B44066D7050*441	B44066S6210J230	50	125
7	75.0	2 x B25667C4347A375 1 x B25667C4277A375	B44066D7075*441	B44066S7410J230	70	160
7	100.0	3 x B25667C4347A375 1 x B25667C5237A375	B44066D7100*441	B44066S9910J230	95	200
14	25.0	1 x B25667C5966A375 1 x B25667C5197A375	B44066D1425*441	B44066S3210J230	16	63
14	50.0	3 x B25667C5197A375	B44066D1450*441	B44066S6210J230	50	125
4	75.0	3 x B25667C5237A375 1 x B25667C5197A375	B44066D1475*441	B44066S7410J230	70	160
14	100.0	5 x B25667C5237A375	B44066D1499*441	B44066S9910J230	95	200
Grid voltage	e: 480 V – 60 Hz	detuned filters component	s selection table			
5.67	25.0	1 x B25667C5177A375 1 x B25667C5966A375	B44066D5025*481	B44066S3210J230	10	50
5.67	50.0	2 x B25667C5197A375 1 x B25667C5147A375	B44066D5050*481	B44066S6210J230	35	100
5.67	75.0	3 x B25667C5237A375 1 x B25667C5127A375	B44066D5075*481	B44066S7410J230	70	160
5.67	100.0	4 x B25667C5237A375 1 x B25667C5147A375	B44066D5100*481	B44066S9910J230	95	200
7	25.0	1 x B25667C5177A375 1 x B25667C5966A375	B44066D7025*481	B44066S3210J230	10	50
7	50.0	2 x B25667C5197A375 1 x B25667C5147A375	B44066D7050*481	B44066S6210J230	35	100
7	75.0	3 x B25667C5237A375 1 x B25667C5127A375	B44066D7075*481	B44066S7410J230	70	160
7	100.0	4 x B25667C5237A375 1 x B25667C5147A375	B44066D7100*481	B44066S9910J230	95	200
14	25.0	1 x B25667C6107A375 1 x B25667C6137A375	B44066D1425*481	B44066S3210J230	10	50
14	50.0	2 x B25667C6107A375 2 x B25667C6137A375	B44066D1450*481	B44066S6210J230	35	100
14	75.0	3 x B25667C6107A375 3 x B25667C6137A375	B44066D1475*481	B44066S7410J230	70	160
14	100.0	4 x B25667C6107A375 4 x B25667C6137A375	B44066D1499*481	B44066S9910J230	95	200

¹⁾ EPCOS offers reactors with slightly different specifications (e.g. dimensions) that can be used for the same application although sometimes with slightly different resulting performances. These types are distinguished by different letters at digit 12 of the product code. Thus this digit is not specified here. Please refer to the product pages 61ff. for the EPCOS main product line.

²) The above mentioned values are guidelines for operation in normal conditions at ambient temperatures up to 35 °C. Various parameters such as temperature inside the cabinet, cable quality, maximum cable insulation temperature, single or multi core cable, cable lengh and laying system have to be considered for a proper selection. Upgrade/downgrade accordingly if conditions differ. Additionally do not forget to consider the regulations and standards which are valid for your country.

Detuning factor	Effective filter	Capacitor ordering code	Reactor ordering code ¹⁾	Contactor ordering code	Cable ²⁾	Fuse ²⁾ rating
%	output kvar				section mm ²	Α
Grid voltage	e: 690 V – 50 Hz	detuned filters components	selection table			
5.67	25.0	1 x B25667C7996A375 1 x B25667C7626A375	B44066D5025*690	B44066S2410J230	6	35
5.67	50.0	2 x B25667C7127A375 1 x B25667C7626A375	B44066D5050*690	B44066S5010J230	25	80
5.67	75.0	3 x B25667C7127A375 1 x B25667C7996A375	B44066D5075*690	B44066S6210J230	50	125
5.67	100.0	4 x B25667C7137A375 1 x B25667C7746A375	B44066D5100*690	B44066S7410J230	70	160
7	25.0	1 x B25667C7626A375 1 x B25667C7996A375	B44066D7025*690	B44066S2410J230	6	35
7	50.0	2 x B25667C7127A375 1 x B25667C7626A375	B44066D7050*690	B44066S5010J230	25	80
7	75.0	3 x B25667C7127A375 1 x B25667C7996A375	B44066D7075*690	B44066S6210J230	50	125
7	100.0	5 x B25667C7127A375	B44055D7100*690	B44066S7410J230	70	160
14	25.0	3 x B25667C5147A375 ³⁾	B44066D1425*690	B44066S2410J230	6	35
14	50.0	6 x B25667C5147A175 ³⁾ 6 x B25667C5177A175 ³⁾	B44066D1450*690	B44066S5010J230	25	80
14	100.0	12 x B25667C5147A175 ³⁾	B44066D1499*690	B44066S7410J230	70	160
Grid voltage	e: 690 V – 60 Hz	detuned filters components	selection table			
5.67	25.0	1 x B25667C7137A375	B44066D5025*691	B44066S2410J230	6	35
5.67	50.0	1 x B25667C7127A375 1 x B25667C7137A375	B44066D5050*691	B44066S5010J230	25	80
5.67	75.0	1 x B25667C7127A375 2 x B25667C7137A375	B44066D5075*691	B44066S6210J230	35	125
5.67	100.0	1 x B25667C7127A375 3 x B25667C7137A375	B44066D5100*691	B44066S7410J230	70	160
7	25.0	1 x B25667C7127A375	B44066D7025*691	B44066S2410J230	6	35
7	50.0	1 x B25667C7127A375 1 x B25667C7137A375	B44066D7050*691	B44066S5010J230	25	80
7	75.0	1 x B25667C7127A375 2 x B25667C7137A375	B44066D7075*691	B44066S6210J230	35	125
7	100.0	1 x B25667C7996A375 3 x B25667C7137A375	B44055D7100*691	B44066S7410J230	70	160
14	25.0	3 x B25667C5117A175 ³⁾	B44066D1425*691	B44066S2410J230	6	35
14	50.0	6 x B25667C5117A175 ³⁾	B44066D1450*691	B44066S5010J230	25	80
14	100.0	12 x B25667C5117A175 ³⁾	B44066D1499*691	B44066S7410J230	70	160

¹⁾ EPCOS offers reactors with slightly different specifications (e.g. dimensions) that can be used for the same application although sometimes with slightly different

resulting performances. These types are distinguished by different letters at digit 12 of the product code. Thus this digit is not specified here. Please refer to the product pages 61 ff. for the EPCOS main product line.

The above mentioned values are guidelines for operation in normal conditions at ambient temperatures up to 35 °C. Various parameters such as temperature inside the cabinet, cable quality, maximum cable insulation temperature, single or multi core cable, cable length and laying system have to be considered for a proper selection. Upgrade/downgrade accordingly if conditions differ. Additionally do not forget to consider the regulations and standards which are valid

In some cases special interconnection of the single phase capacitors needed; in case you are not familiar please contact EPCOS for further details.

Dynamic PFC: Important Facts and Instructions

General

Conventional PFC systems quickly reach their limits when they have to deal with fast changing loads. Applications like rolling mills, steel presses, wind turbines, container cranes and large buildings include a huge amount of electric consumers that require a reactive power adjustment on the ms scale. Production equipment, elevators, chillers, and other electric devices not only require such dynamic reactions of the power factor compensation equipment, they also lead very soon to a total number of switchings that exceeds the specifications of standard electromechanical contactors by far.

In conventional PFC systems, standard capacitor contactors are used to switch capacitor steps on and off. These electromechanical devices offer between 100 000 and 200 000 switching operations in total during their life time which means that in such an application they reach their life expectancy after 1 to 2 years already. It has to be mentioned that capacitors are much stricter limited with regard to the permitted annual number of switching operations (IEC 60831). This typically results in destruction of their inrush current damping capability and may also damage the contacts in the main power circuit. Burnt main contacts may produce oscillation or "unclean" (re-bouncing) switching operations. This massive overload not only

shortens the life expectancy of the capacitor, but also increases the risk of premature failure and in the worst case represents a potential safety risk.

But furthermore the capacitor itself is specified for a limited number of switching operations per year. The standard IEC 60831 gives an acceptable value of 5 000 switching operations per year, a value far below switching numbers up to 100 000 that may be required per year in dynamic applications. Such large switching numbers and the respective overvoltages and overcurrents during each switching operation are likely to damage the capacitor and may lead to a very early capacitor failure.

In dynamic PFC systems, the capacitor contactors are replaced by thyristor modules that are suitable for a nearby unlimited number of switching operations as there is no mechanical wear-off. Thyristor modules feature electronic semiconductor switches that are able to react to a changing reactive power demand on the ms scale and that can switch capacitors without additional stress. The EPCOS TSMthyristor switches keep the capacitors at the peak value of the grid voltage and connect them only when the grid reaches this peak voltage value. Thus the capacitors are switched current free and inrush currents that can reach values of 200 times the nominal current for conventional contactors are avoided. Additionally capacitor discharge times up to 75 s as necessary for conventional PFC are not required here.

In summary dynamic PFC does not only prevent wear-off of the capacitors and the switches and increases thus the lifetime of a PFC system and its safety. It also increases the power quality in the grid essentially as it can almost react in real time to reactive power demands. Fast enough for example, to take care of motor start up effects or spot welding requirements.

EPCOS offers all necessary key components to set up a dynamic PFC systems as the thyristor modules (TSM, see page 57), the required fast transistor output controllers (BR6000-T, page 40 ff), and the EPCOS standard reactor (page 61) and of course capacitor series (page 13). A further help to compose such a system for a large number of situations is given by the dynamic PFC selection tables on page 76 ff.

Note: The recommendations given in the selection tables are meant as a support tool. EPCOS does not take over any responsibility for the design as apart from the theoretical conditions the prevailing circumstances in the application have to be taken into account.

Component Selection Tables for Dynamic PFC

De- tuning factor	Effective filter output	Capacitor ²⁾ quantity and ordering code	Reactor ¹⁾ quantity and ordering code	Thyristor module quantity and ordering code	Discharge resistor ³⁾ quantity and ordering code	Cable ⁴⁾ cross- section	Fuse ⁴⁾
%	kvar					mm²	Α
Grid vol	tage: 400 V	- 50 Hz dynamic detu	ned filters componen	ts selection table			
5.67	10	1x B25667C5197A375	1x B44066D5010*400	1x B44066T0010E402	1x B44066T0022E400	10	35
5.67	12.5	1x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D5012*400	1x B44066T0010E402	1x B44066T0022E400	10	35
5.67	20	2x B25667C5197A375	1x B44066D5020*400	1x B44066T0025E402	1x B44066T0022E400	10	50
5.67	25	2x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D5025*400	1x B44066T0025E402	1x B44066T0022E400	16	63
5.67	40	1x B25667C5287A375 2x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D5040*400	1x B44066T0050E402	1x B44066T0022E400	35	100
5.67	50	2x B25667C5347A375 1x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D5050*400	1x B44066T0050E402	1x B44066T0022E400	50	125
5.67	100	4x B25667C5347A375 2x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D5100*400	1x B44066T0100E402	2x B44066T0022E400 ²⁾	120	250
7	10	1x B25667C5197A375	1x B44066D7010*400	1x B44066T0010E402	1x B44066T0022E400	10	35
7	12.5	1x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D7012*400	1x B44066T0010E402	1x B44066T0022E400	10	35
7	20	1x B25667C5177A375 1x B25667C5197A375	1x B44066D7020*400	1x B44066T0025E402	1x B44066T0022E400	10	50
7	25	2x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D7025*400	1x B44066T0025E402	1x B44066T0022E400	16	63
7	40	1x B25667C5287A375 2x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D7040*400	1x B44066T0050E402	1x B44066T0022E400	35	100
7	50	2x B25667C5347A375 1x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D7050*400	1x B44066T0050E402	1x B44066T0022E400	50	125
7	100	4x B25667C5347A375 2x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D7100*400	1x B44066T0100E402	2x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	120	250
14	10	1x B25667C5177A375	1x B44066D1410*400	1x B44066T0010E402	1x B44066T0022E400	10	35
14	12.5	1x B25667C5966A375 1x B25667C5127A375	1x B44066D1412*400	1x B44066T0010E402	1x B44066T0022E400	10	35
14	20	1x B25667C5347A375	1x B44066D1420*400	1x B44066T0025E402	1x B44066T0022E400	10	50
14	25	1x B25667C5197A375 1x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D1425*400	1x B44066T0025E402	1x B44066T0022E400	16	63
14	40	2x B25667C5347A375	1x B44066D1440*400	1x B44066T0050E402	1x B44066T0022E400	35	100
14	50	3x B25667C5287A375	1x B44066D1450*400	1x B44066T0050E402	1x B44066T0022E400	50	125
14	100	5x B25667C5347A375	1x B44066D1499*400	1x B44066T0100E402	2x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	120	250
Grid vol	tage: 400 V	– 60 Hz dynamic detu	ned filters componen	ts selection table			
5.67	25	2x B25667C5197A375	1x B44066D5025*401	1x B44066T0025E402	1x B44066T0022E400	16	63
5.67	50	4x B25667C5197A375	1x B44066D5050*401	1x B44066T0050E402	1x B44066T0022E400	50	125
5.67	100	1x B25667C5177A375 6x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D5100*401	1x B44066T0100E402	2x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	120	250
7	25	2x B25667C5197A375	1x B44066D7025*401	1x B44066T0025E402	1x B44066T0022E400	16	63
7	50	4x B25667C5197A375	1x B44066D7050*401	1x B44066T0050E402	1x B44066T0022E400	50	125
7	100	1x B25667C5177A375 6x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D7100*401	1x B44066T0100E402	2x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	120	250
14	25	2x B25667C5177A375	1x B44066D1425*401	1x B44066T0025E402	1x B44066T0022E400	16	63
14	50	3x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D1450*401	1x B44066T0050E402	1x B44066T0022E400	50	125
14	100	6x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D1499*401	1x B44066T0100E402	2x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	120	250

¹⁾ EPCOS offers reactors with slightly different specifications (e.g. dimensions) that can be used for the same application although sometimes with slightly different resulting performances. These types are distinguished by different letters at digit 12 of the product code. Thus this digit is not specified here. Please refer to the product pages 61ff for the EPCOS main product line.

² In some cases special interconnection of the single-phase capacitors needed; in case you are not familiar please contact EPCOS for further details.

In some cases special interconnection of the discharge resistors needed; in case you are not familiar please contact EPCOS for further details.

The above mentioned values are guidelines for operation in normal conditions at ambient temperatures up to 35 °C.

Various parameters such as temperature inside the cabinet, cable quality, maximum cable insulation temperature, single or multi core cable, cable lengh and laying system have to be considered for a proper selection. Upgrade/downgrade accordingly if conditions differ. Additionally do not forget to consider the regulations and standards which are valid for your country.

Component Selection Tables for Dynamic PFC

De-	Effective	Capacitor ²⁾	Reactor ¹⁾	Thyristor module	Discharge resistor ³⁾	Cable ⁴⁾	Fuse ⁴⁾
tuning factor %	filter output kvar	quantity and ordering code	quantity and ordering code	quantity and ordering code	quantity and ordering code	cross- section mm ²	A
Grid vol	tage: 440 V	- 50 Hz dynamic detu	ned filters componer	nts selection table			
5.67	25	2x B25667C5197A375	1x B44066D5025*440	1x B44066T0025E402	1x B44066T0022E400	16	63
5.67	50	2x B25667C5287A375 1x B25667C5197A375	1x B44066D5050*440	1x B44066T0050E402	1x B44066T0022E400	50	125
5.67	100	3x B25667C5287A375 2x B25667C5347A375	1x B44066D5100*440	1x B44066T0100E402	2x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	95	200
7	25	2x B25667C5197A376	1x B44066D7025*440	1x B44066T0025E402	1x B44066T0022E400	16	63
7	50	2x B25667C5287A375 1x B25667C5197A375	1x B44066D7050*440	1x B44066T0050E402	1x B44066T0022E400	50	125
7	100	3x B25667C5287A375 2x B25667C5347A375	1x B44066D7100*440	1x B44066T0100E402	2x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	95	200
14	25	6x B25667C5177A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D1425*440	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	16	63
14	50	12x B25667C5177A175 ²⁾	2x B44066D1425*440	2x B44066T0050E690	6x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	2 x 16	2 x 63
14	100	8x B25668B6167A375 1x B25668B6836A375	1x B44066D1499*440	1x B44066T0200E690	4x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	95	200
Grid vol	tage: 440 V	- 60 Hz dynamic detu	ned filters componer	nts selection table			
5.67	25	1x B25667C5177A375 1x B25667C5147A375	1x B44066D5025*441	1x B44066T0025E402	1x B44066T0022E400	16	63
5.67	50	1x B25667C5177A375 1x B25667C5237A375	1x B44066D5050*441	1x B44066T0050E402	1x B44066T0022E400	50	125
5.67	100	5x B25667C5237A375 1x B25667C5177A375	1x B44066D5100*441	1x B44066T0100E402	2x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	95	200
7	25	1x B25667B5177A375 1x B25667B5147A375	1x B44066D7025*441	1x B44066T0025E402	1x B44066T0022E400	16	63
7	50	2x B25667B5237A375 1x B25667B5177A375	1x B44066D7050*441	1x B44066T0050E402	1x B44066T0022E400	50	125
7	100	5x B25667C5237A375 1x B25667C5127A375	1x B44066D7100*441	1x B44066T0100E402	2x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	95	200
14	25	6x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D1425*441	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	16	63
14	50	12x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾	2x B44066D1425*441	2x B44066T0050E690	6x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	50	125
14	100	6x B25667C5197A375	1x B44066D1499*441	1x B44066T0200E690	2x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	95	200

¹⁾ EPCOS offers reactors with slightly different specifications (e.g. dimensions) that can be used for the same application although sometimes with slightly different resulting performances. These types are distinguished by different letters at digit 12 of the product code. Thus this digit is not specified here. Please refer to the product pages 61ff for the EPCOS main product line.

² In some cases special interconnection of the single-phase capacitors needed; in case you are not familiar please contact EPCOS for further details.
³ In some cases special interconnection of the discharge resistors needed; in case you are not familiar please contact EPCOS for further details.

³⁹ In some cases special interconnection of the discharge resistors needed; in case you are not familiar please contact EPCOS for further det
⁴⁾ The above mentioned values are guidelines for operation in normal conditions at ambient temperatures up to 35 °C.

Various parameters such as temperature inside the cabinet, cable quality, maximum cable insulation temperature, single or multi core cable, cable lengh and laying system have to be considered for a proper selection. Upgrade/downgrade accordingly if conditions differ.

Additionally do not forget to consider the regulations and standards which are valid for your country.

Component Selection Tables for Dynamic PFC

Component selection table for dynamic LV PFC antiresonance filter circuits								
De- tuning factor %	Effective filter output kvar	Capacitor ²⁾ quantity and ordering code	Reactor ¹⁾ quantity and ordering code	Thyristor module quantity and ordering code	Discharge resistor ³⁾ quantity and ordering code	Cable ⁴⁾ cross- section mm ²	Fuse ⁴⁾	
Grid vol	tage: 690 V	– 50 Hz dynamic detu	ned filters componen	ts selection table				
5.67	25	3x B25667C5177A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D5025*690	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	6	35	
5.67	50	3x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾ 3x B25667C5177A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D5050*690	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	25	80	
5.67	100	6x B25667C5147A175 ¹⁾ 6x B25667C5177A175 ²⁾	2x B44066D5050*690	2x B44066T0050E690	6x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	2 x 25	2 x 80	
7	25	3x B25667C5177A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D7025*690	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	6	35	
7	50	3x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾ 3x B25667C5177A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D7050*690	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	25	80	
7	100	6x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾ 6x B25667C5177A175 ²⁾	2x B44066D7050*690	2x B44066T0050E690	6x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	2 x 25	2 x 80	
14	25	3x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D1425*690	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	6	35	
14	50	6x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾ 6x B25667C5177A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D1450*690	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	25	80	
14	100	12x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D1450*690	2x B44066T0050E690	6x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	2 x 25	2 x 80	
Grid vol	tage: 690 V	- 60 Hz dynamic detu	ned filters componen	ts selection table				
5.67	25	3x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D5025*691	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	6	35	
5.67	50	3x B25667C5117A175 ²⁾ 3x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D5050*691	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	25	80	
5.67	100	6x B25667C5117A175 ²⁾ 6x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾	2x B44066D5050*691	2x B44066T0050E690	6x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	2 x 25	2 x 80	
7	25	3x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D7025*691	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	6	35	
7	50	3x B25667C5117A175 ²⁾ 3x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D7050*691	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	25	80	
7	100	6x B25667C5117A175 ²⁾ 6x B25667C5147A175 ²⁾	2x B44066D7050*691	2x B44066T0050E690	6x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	2 x 25	2 x 80	
14	25	3x B25667C5117A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D1425*691	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	6	35	
14	50	6x B25667C5117A175 ²⁾	1x B44066D1450*691	1x B44066T0050E690	3x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	25	80	
14	100	12x B25667C5117A175 ²⁾	2x B44066D1450*691	2x B44066T0050E690	6x B44066T0022E400 ³⁾	2 x 25	2 x 80	

¹⁾ EPCOS offers reactors with slightly different specifications (e.g. dimensions) that can be used for the same application although sometimes with slightly different resulting performances. These types are distinguished by different letters at digit 12 of the product code. Thus this digit is not specified here. Please refer to the product pages 61ff for the EPCOS main product line.

In some cases special interconnection of the single-phase capacitors needed; in case you are not familiar please contact EPCOS for further details.

In some cases special interconnection of the single-phase capacitors needed; in case you are not familiar please contact EPCOS for further details.

The above mentioned values are guidelines for operation in normal conditions at ambient temperatures up to 35 °C.

Various parameters such as temperature inside the cabinet, cable quality, maximum cable insulation temperature, single or multi core cable, cable lengh and laying system have to be considered for a proper selection. Upgrade/downgrade accordingly if conditions differ. Additionally do not forget to consider the regulations and standards which are valid for your country.

PFC Basic Formulas

The following electrical formulas may be used to calculate basic PFC values.

Active power

The amount of input power converted to output power is the active power.

$$P = \sqrt{3} \cdot V \cdot I \cdot \cos \varphi$$
 [W]

Formula 1

Power factor

The power factor of an AC electrical power system is defined as the ratio of the real (active) power to the apparent power.

Power factor =
$$\frac{\text{Active power}}{\text{Apparent power}} = \frac{P}{S}$$

Formula 4

Reactive power

The reactive power is the power consumed in an AC circuit due to the expansion and collapse of magnetic (inductive) and electrostatic (capacitive) fields.

$$Q = \sqrt{3} \cdot V \cdot I \cdot \sin \varphi \quad [VAr]$$

Formula 2

Power Factor Correction

When the AC load is partly capacitive or inductive, the current waveform is out of phase with the voltage. This requires additional AC current to be generated that is not consumed by the load, creating I²R losses in power cables. Capacitors are used to supply reactive energy to inductive loads. Reactive energy must be produced as closely as possible to the loads to prevent unnecessary flow of current in the network. This is known as power factor correction.

$$Q_C = P \cdot (\tan \varphi_1 - \tan \varphi_2)$$
 [VAr]

Formula 5

 $\begin{array}{ll} Q_C: & \text{active power needed} \\ P: & \text{total reactive power} \\ \phi_1: & \text{actual angle of } \cos \phi \text{ actual} \\ \phi_2: & \text{target angle of } \cos \phi \text{ target} \end{array}$

Apparent Power

The apparent power is the power delivered to an electric circuit.

$$S = \sqrt{3} \cdot V \cdot I$$
 [VA]

Formula 3

Connection and rating of capacitors

The reactive power of the capacitor is a function of its rated voltage and current.

$$Q_C = V_C \cdot I_C$$
 [VAr]

Formula 6

$$Q_C = \frac{V_C \cdot V_C}{X_C} = \frac{(V_C)^2}{X_C}$$

Formula 7

$$X_C = \frac{1}{\omega \cdot C} = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot f \cdot C}$$

Formula 8

f: frequency of network
Xc: impedance of capacitor
C: capacitance value

Formula (7) and (8) together

$$Q_C = (V_C)^2 \cdot \omega \cdot C = (V_C)^2 \cdot 2\pi \cdot f \cdot C$$

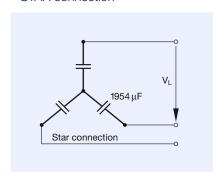
Formula 9

PFC Basic Formulas

Capacitor in three-phase PFC application

Three-phase PFC applications have two types of capacitor connections: star and delta.

STAR connection



$$Q_{TOT} = 3 \cdot Q_{C}$$

Formula 10

$$V_C = V_L / \sqrt{3}$$

Formula 11

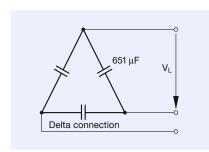
From formulas (9), (10) and (11)

$$Q_{TOT} = 3 \cdot \frac{(V_L)^2}{(\sqrt{3})^2} \cdot \omega \cdot C_{STAR}$$

$$C_{STAR} = \frac{Q_{TOT}}{(V_L)^2 \cdot \omega} = \frac{Q_{TOT}}{(V_L)^2 \cdot 2\pi \cdot f}$$

Formula 12

DELTA connection



$$V_C = V_L$$

Formula 13

From formulas (9), (10) and (13)

QTOT =
$$3 \cdot (V_L)^2 \cdot \omega \cdot C_{DELTA}$$

$$C_{DELTA} = \frac{Q_{TOT}}{3 \cdot (V_L)^2 \cdot \omega} = \frac{Q_{TOT}}{3 \cdot (V_L)^2 \cdot 2\pi \cdot f}$$

Formula 14

As a conclusion formula (12) and (14)

$$C_{DELTA} = \frac{C_{STAR}}{3}$$

Formula 15

Capacitor output kvar:

From the formula (9), if we find the Q_{new} with ratio: C will be constant.

$$Q_{New} = \left(\!\frac{V_{New}}{V_{R}}\right)^{\!2}$$
 . $\frac{f_{New}}{f_{R}}$. Q_{C}

Formula 16

These values are operating conditions:

Q_{new}: new reactive power V_{new}: new voltage f_{new}: new frequency

These values are the values capacitor is designed:

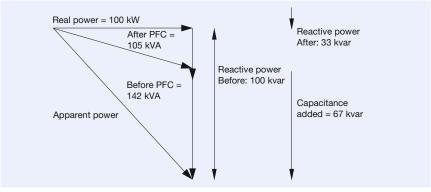
Q_C: rated capacitor reactive power V_C: rated capacitor voltage f_R: rated frequency

Calculation examples

Example 1:

The relationship between active, reactive and real power and cos $\phi.$

In the diagram below, the power triangle shows an initial power factor of 0.70 for a 100 kW (real power) inductive load. The reactive power required by the load is 100 kvar. By installing a 67-kvar capacitor, the apparent power is reduced from 142 to 105 kvar, resulting in a 26% reduction in current. The power factor is improved to 0.95.



Formulas used (1), (2), (3) and (4).

Power factor calculations:

Before PFC: 100/142 = 0.70 or 70%

After PFC: 100/105 = 0.95 or 95%

PFC Basic Formulas

Example 2:

Calculation of capacitor rating for industrial installation

Given parameters:

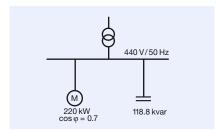
Induction motor 220 kW
Network 440 V AC,
(line delta) 3-phase
Frequency 50 Hz

Power factor

 $\begin{array}{ll} - \mbox{ Current cos } \phi & 0.7 \\ - \mbox{ Target cos } \phi & 0.9 \end{array}$

Target to correct the power factor to 0.9:

$$\cos \phi 1 = 0.7$$
 $\tan \phi 1 = 1.02$
 $\cos \phi 2 = 0.9$ $\tan \phi 2 = 0.48$
 $Q_C = P (\tan \phi 1 - \tan \phi 2)$
 $= 220 \cdot 1000 (1.02 - 0.48)$
 $= 118.8 \text{ kvar}$



Example 3:

Calculating capacitor ratings for DELTA and STAR connections in example 2

STAR connection:

$$V_C = \frac{V_L}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{440}{\sqrt{3}} = 254 \text{ V}$$

$$C_{STAR} = \frac{Q_{TOT}}{(V_L)^2 \cdot \omega} = \frac{Q_{TOT}}{(V_L)^2 \cdot 2\pi \cdot f}$$

$$C_{STAR} = \frac{118.8 \cdot 1000}{(440)^2 \cdot 2\pi \cdot 50}$$
$$= 1954 \ \mu\text{F} / \text{Line (phase)}$$

$$C_{TOT} = 5.862 \, \mu F$$

DELTA connection:

$$V_C = V_L = 440 \text{ V}$$

$$C_{DELTA} = \frac{Q_{TOT}}{3 \cdot (V_L)^2 \cdot \omega} = \frac{Q_{TOT}}{3 \cdot (V_L)^2 \cdot 2\pi \cdot f}$$

$$C_{DELTA} = \frac{118.8 \cdot 1000}{3 \cdot (440)^2 \cdot 2\pi \cdot 50}$$
$$= 651 \ \mu\text{F} \ / \ \text{Line (phase)}$$

$$C_{TOT} = 1954 \, \mu F$$

Example 4:

Calculating apparent power reduction (S1–S2) in example 2

$$S_1 = P / \cos \phi 1 = 220 / 0.7$$

= 314 kVA

$$S_2 = P / \cos \varphi 2 = 220 / 0.9$$

= 244 kVA

$$S_1 - S_2 = 70 \text{ kVA}$$

Thus, additional power of $70 \cdot (0.9) = 63$ kW can be supplied and transferred via the existing network.

Cable cross section calculation

Line current drawn by the motor:

I₁ uncompensated load (0.7):

$$I_1 = \frac{220 \cdot 1000}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 440 \cdot (0.7)} = 412 \text{ A}$$

I₂ compensated load (0.9):

$$I_2 = \frac{220 \cdot 1000}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 440 \cdot (0.9)} = 320 \text{ A}$$

Thus, the cable can carry an additional load of 92 A, or the designer can reduce the cable cross section.

Temperature class of capacitors (according IEC 60831-1)								
Temperature class Temperature of capacitor surrounding air								
	Maximum	Maximum mean for 24 h	Maximum mean for 1 year					
В	45 °C	35 °C	25 °C					
С	50 °C	40 °C	30 °C					
D 55 °C 45 °C 35 °C								

Enclosure of capacitors (IPxx)

Enclosure	First digit	Second digit
IP00	No protection against finger touch and ingress of solid foreign bodies	No protection against ingress of water
IP20	Protection against finger touch and solid foreign bodies ≥ 12.5 mm diameter	No protection against ingress of water
IP41	Protection against tool touch and solid foreign bodies ≥ 1 mm diameter	Drip-water protection
IP54	Protection against tool touch and solid foreign bodies ≥ 1 mm diameter, protection against dust deposit	Splash water protection

Maximum admissible overvoltage

Frequency (50 / 60 Hz)	Max. voltage (V _{rms})	Max. duration	Remarks		
Line frequency	1.00 · V _R	Continuous duty	Highest mean during entire operating time of capacitor; exceptions (see below) are admissible for times of < 24 h		
Line frequency	1.10 · V _R	8 h daily	Line voltage fluctuations		
Line frequency	1.15 · V _R	30 min daily	Line voltage fluctuations		
Line frequency	1.20 · V _R	5 min daily	Line voltage fluctuations		
Line frequency	1.30 · V _R	1 min daily	Line voltage fluctuations		
Line frequency with harmonics	Such that current does not exceed maximum admissible figure ($I_{max.} = 1.3 \cdot I_{R}$)				

Temperature class of capacitors to standard IEC 60831-1

Capacitors are divided into temperature classes. Each class is represented by a number followed by a letter, e.g. –40/D. The number is the lowest ambient temperature at which a capacitor may operate. The upper limit temperature is indicated by the letter (see table above).

The useful life of a capacitor depends very much on temperature. Proper cooling of a capacitor must ensure that the maximum temperature is not exceeded, otherwise useful life is degraded. When configuring a circuit, one should make sure that capacitors are not subjected to heat from

adjacent components (reactors, bus bars, etc). Forced cooling is preferable for compact designs. And it is highly inadvisable to arrange capacitors directly above reactors. Exceeding specified temperature limits may set in worst case the safety device out of operation.

Enclosure of capacitors (IPxx)

For different models there are different types of enclosure. The type of enclosure is indicated by a designation consisting of the two letters IP followed by two digits.

Current rating/maximum admissible overcurrent

The rated current (I_R) is the current resulting for rated voltage (V_R) and frequency (in Hz), excluding transients. Maximum permitted rms current for each particular capacitor is specified in the data sheet. Continuously exceeding of the nominal current will lead to increased self-heating of the capacitor and reduce life time. The maximum admissible overcurrent (I_{max}) of 1.3 · I_R to IEC 60831 standard is maintained or overachieved by all capacitors in this catalog. The figures for overcurrent allow for the combined effects of harmonics, overvoltage and capacitance tolerance.

Maximum admissible overvoltage

Capacitors from EPCOS are suitable for operation on overvoltages quoted by IEC 60831 (see table). Overvoltages higher than $1.15 \cdot V_R$ reduce life time of the capacitor and must not occur more than 200 times during life time of capacitor. Overvoltages above $1.3 \cdot V_R$ must not occur at all, appropriate overvoltage protection (e.g. against lightning strikes) must be ensured.

Mean life expectancy

The mean life expectancy of power capacitors is mainly governed by the following factors:

- duration of overload,
- ambient temperature and the resulting case temperature,
- maximum rms current and the resulting case temperature,
- voltage height and duration.

The calculated life expectancy of the various series is stated for nominal operating conditions. If components are stressed less than the IEC 60831 factors, longer useful life can be expected, and a correspondingly shorter one or increased failure rate if nominal parameters are exceeded.

Fuse protection

Power capacitors have to be protected against short circuits by fuses or thermal magnetic overcurrent relays. Slow-blow, low-voltage high-breaking-capacity fuses (HRC) are preferable. The fuse rating should be 1.6 to 1.8 times the rated current of the capacitor. Magnetic short circuit relays should be set to between 9 and 12 times rated current to prevent them responding to high inrush currents. Maximum allowed fault current of 10 000 A in accordance with UL 810 standard must be ensured by the application design.

⚠ HRC fuses must not be used for switching. Resulting electric arcing can cause death! It may also cause capacitor failures, and result, worst case, in capacitor bursting and fire.

Switching of capacitors

When a capacitor is switched to an AC system, the result is a resonant circuit damped to a greater or lesser degree. In addition to the rated current, the capacitor accepts a transient current that is a multiple of (up to 200 times) its rated current. Fast switching, low-bounce contactors should be used, and have the switching capacity for capacitive currents stated by the producer. Special capacitor contactors with leading contacts that feature precharging resistors to damp inrush currents are recommended. As per IEC 60831 standard, a maximum of 5000 switching operations per year is acceptable. Before considering a higher number of switching operations, please contact EPCOS.

Discharging

Capacitors must be discharged to a maximum of 10% of rated voltage before they are switched in again. This prevents an electric impulse discharge in the application, influences the capacitor's useful life in PFC systems, and protects against electric shock. The capacitor must be discharged to 75 V or less within 3 min. There must not be any switch, fuse or any other disconnecting device in the circuit between the power capacitor and the discharging device. EPCOS supplies capacitor discharge resistors to all series, alternatively discharge reactors are available.

Capacitors in networks with harmonics

Harmonics are produced in the operation of electric loads with a nonlinear voltage/current characteristic (e.g. rectifiers and inverters for drives, welding apparatus and uninterruptible power supplies). Harmonics are sinusoidal voltages and currents with higher frequencies of a multiple of the 50 or 60 Hz line frequency. In low-voltage three-phase systems the 5th and 7th harmonics are especially troublesome. Detuned PFC should be used in systems subject to harmonics. This represents a series resonant circuit of power capacitor and reactor. The circuit is tuned so that the series resonant frequency is below the lowest harmonics

appearing in the system. This produces an inductive response to all frequencies above the series resonant frequency, avoiding resonances with system inductances. Depending on the selected series resonant frequency, part of the harmonic current is taken up by the detuned PFC system. The remainder of the harmonic current flows into the superordinate system. The use of detuned PFC thus contributes to reducing voltage distortion through harmonics and lessens the disturbing effect on proper operation of other electric loads.

Most international standards limit THD-V on LV side to 5%. However it has to be noted that in many grids these levels are exceeded and even lower distortion, e.g. 3–4% THD-V can generate extreme overcurrents in case of resonance condition.

Maximum overcurrents as specified under technical data of each series must not be exceeded.

Resonance must be avoided by appropriate panel design. Resonance may cause very high overcurrents which can lead to capacitor failures, and worst case, to explosion and fire.

Mechanical damage

In case of dents or any other mechanical damage, capacitors must not be used at all.

Vibration resistance

The resistance to vibration of capacitors corresponds to IEC 68, part 2–6.

Max. test conditions:

Test duration 2 h
Frequency range 10 ... 55 h

10 ... 55 Hz corresponding to max. 0.7 g

Displacement amplitude

0.75 mm

Because the fixing and the terminals may influence the vibration properties, it is necessary to check stability when a capacitor is built in and exposed to vibration. Irrespective of this, you are advised not to locate capacitors where vibration amplitude reaches the maximum in strongly vibrating equipment.

Connection

Make sure connection cables are of flexible type or flexible copper bands are used. This is mandatory to allow the overpressure disconnector work and avoid mechanical stress on the terminals and feedthroughs.

The connection cables to the capacitor should be designed for a current of at least 1.5 times the rated current so that no heat is conducted into the capacitor. If reactors are used in an application, the distance between reactor and capacitor must be great enough so that no heat of the reactors, which are operating at a much higher temperature level, is conducted via connection cable to the capacitors.

Avoid bending cable lugs, cables or other mechanical force on the terminals. Otherwise leakages may set the safety device out of operation.

Ensure firm fixing of terminals, fixing torque to be applied as per individual specification.

Maximum specified terminal current (please refer to technical data of specific series) must not be exceeded at any case.

Grounding

The threaded bottom stud of the capacitor has to be used for grounding. In case grounding is done via metal chassis that the capacitor is mounted to, the layer of varnish beneath the washer and nut should be removed.

Storage and operating conditions

Do not use or store capacitors in corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. In dusty environments regular maintenance and cleaning especially of the terminals is required to avoid conductive path between phases and/or phases and ground.

Installation

Specifications like IEC 61921, VDE 0100, VDE 0101, VDE 0560 part 4 and 46, EN 60831 and IEC 60831 apply to the installation and operation of power capacitors. Capacitors should be sited in cool and well ventilated locations away from other heat-radiating elements. Natural heat dissipation is generally sufficient for cooling purposes if enough air is able to flow to and away from them and the capacitors are spaced at least 20 mm

apart. Otherwise, in a less well ventilated environment, forced cooling (fans) will be necessary, scaled so that the maximum admissible ambient temperature is not exceeded.

Useful life of capacitors strongly depends on the operating temperature (refer to page 87, temperature classes of capacitors).

Exceeding maximum allowed temperature may set the safety device out of operation.

Please read the *Installation and Maintenance Instructions* on the internet at www.epcos.com/pfc.

Note

Products shown in this catalog reflect typical specifications. You are kindly requested to approve our product specifications or request our approval for your specification before ordering.

Reactors – Antiresonance harmonic filter

During operation, all electrically active parts of this equipment such as windings, electronic components, leads, fuses and terminals carry a dangerous voltage which can lead to burns or electric shock.

Covers which protect these electrically active parts from being touched must not be opened or removed during operation.

Before any assembly or maintenance work is started, all installations and equipment must be disconnected from the power source.

Noncompliance with these instructions may lead to death, serious injury or major damage to equipment.

In order to exclude impermissible temperatures and thus overload of the insulation system, the following directions must additionally be observed:

- Only those protective devices specified on the type plates, such as fuses and motor protection switches, may be used. It is mandatory to observe the set values specified for the motor protection switches. Any temperature-sensitive protective devices such as temperature switches and temperature sensors must be connected in accordance with the installation instructions.
- High temperatures are permissible for the surfaces under rated operating conditions, and especially in the event of overload. Depending on the temperature class and type of loading, these may attain values of up to 260 °C and may also affect adjacent components which have been packed too densely.

- The insertion position should be selected so that any cooling ducts present within the winding are arranged vertically and that the current of cooling air is not impeded by adjacent components, connecting leads etc.
- 4. The maximum voltage of the insulating system specified on the type plate must not be exceeded.

Noncompliance with these instructions may lead to considerable damage to equipment or fire due to impermissibly high temperatures.

Thyristor modules (TSM-series)

- Live parts in the PFC equipment must not be touched!
- Warning signs in the PFC systems are required!
- Wait 10 minutes after the main switch is turned off – until the voltage in the system has dropped to an uncritical value.
- In non-detuned systems (400 V grid) capacitors with a higher voltage rating (e.g. 440 V) are needed.
- In detuned systems (400 V grid) capacitors with a voltage of 525 V are needed.
- For discharging the capacitors, special high-voltage resistors type EW-22 are required. Standard resistors cannot be used!
- In dynamic PFC systems discharge reactors cannot be used (this would be a short circuit of the highvoltage DC)!
- In PFC systems without filter circuit reactors current limiting reactors are required (e.g. BD-series) for the TSM.
- For short circuit protection, superfast electronic fuses for protection of the thyristor are required, standard HRC fuses are not suitable. See selection table on pages 69 and 70.
- Failure to follow cautions may result, worst case, in premature failures or physical injury.

Capacitor contactors

In case auxiliary contacts are used for switching of discharge resistors (not in accordance with IEC 60831 standard), make sure that the current of the discharge resistors is not higher than the rated current of the auxiliary contacts.

Only flame-resistant and self-extinguishing materials may be used in the proximity of capacitor contactors because abnormal temperatures cannot be ruled out in the area near the resistance spirals.

Capacitor contactors N110/N230 may only be used in PFC systems with reactors.

PF controllers (BR604, BR6000 and BR7000 series)

Controller hunting: When putting the capacitor bank into operation, it is required to avoid needless switching cycles (means permanent switching on and off of steps without significant change of consumer loads). This so called "controller hunting" would increase the number of switching operations of the connected contactors and capacitors, decrease the expected life cycle (wear out) and result, in worst case, in bursting and fire etc. This can be avoided by a proper programming of the PF controllers with the actual system parameters (current transformer prim. and sec., first kvar step, control series, switching time).

The "ZVEI General safety recommendations for power capacitors" must be observed in addition to the safety instructions given in this catalogue and in the particular data-sheets. They are available on the EPCOS website in the various product groups. They may also be called up from the ZVEI website.

Get in Contact

AFRICA

Egypt

Egyelectronics Maadi, Cairo T +202 27 51 51 08 T +201 68 82 88 20 F +202 27 51 51 08 sales.egypt@epcos.com

Maghreb: Morocco, Algeria, Lybia, Tunisia, Malta EPCOS SAS PANTIN

+33 1 49 46 67 89 sales.france@epcos.com Republic of South Africa Electrocomp (PTY) Ltd.

Sandton T +27 11 458 90 00 F +27 11 458 90 34 sales.southernafrica@epcos.com

AMERICAS

NAFTA

EPCOS, Inc. Iselin, NJ, USA T +1 732 9 06 43 00 sales.usa@epcos.com

South America EPCOS do Brasil Ltda. São Paulo T +55 11 36 12 51 87 F +55 11 36 12 51 65 sales.br@epcos.com

Argentina ELECOND CAPACITORES S.A. Buenos Aires T +54 11 43 03 12 03 F +54 11 43 03 12 10 info@elecond.com.ar

Electric Mundial S.R.L T +59 13 33 32 90 91 import@electricmundial.com.bo

SIEMENS S.A. Santa Cruz de la Sierra +591 3 31 10 011 ext.7013 +591 3 31 12 000 edson.carderon@siemens.com

Brazil

EPCOS do Brasil Ltda. São Paulo T +55 11 36 12 51 87 F +55 11 36 12 51 65 sales.br@epcos.com

IFG ELECTROMEC Gravataí T +55 51 34 88 25 65 F +55 51 34 31 38 87 ifg@ifg.com.br

RIONFPAR Rio de Janeiro T +55 21 38 99 35 33 F +55 21 38 99 35 33 rionepar@uol.com.br

Siemens LTDA São Paulo T +55 11 38 33 49 82 F +55 11 38 33 48 50 marcio.modesto@siemens.com

WGR Indústria Comércio Importação e Exportação Ltda. São Paulo T +55 11 21 55 55 29 +55 11 21 55 55 16 cesar@wgr.com.br

Chile CLAS INGENIERÍA ELÉCTRICA S.A. Santiago de Chile T +562 6 22 52 12 F +562 6 22 35 65 clasmail@clas-sa.com

SIEMENS S.A Santiago de Chile T +562 4 77 13 07 F: +562 4 77 10 58 cristobal.lyon@siemens.com

SIEMENS S.A. Bogotá T +571 2 94 22 57 john.buitrago@siemens.com

ESPECIALIDADES ELÉCTRICAS S.A. Cali T +572 4 39 81 81 F +572 4 46 44 62

ventasee@especialidadeselectricas.com Costa Rica SIEMENS S.A.

San José +506 2 87 51 19 mauricio.albaredo@siemens.com **Ecuador**

SIEMENS S.A. Guavaguil +593 4 2 16 00 50 ext.4282 F +593 4 2 16 00 50 ext.4279 gabriel.lelek@siemens.com

El Salvador SIEMENS S.A. San Salvador T +503 2 78 33 33 mario.tobar@siemens.com

Guatemala SIEMENS S.A. Ciudad de Guatemala +502 3 79 23 32 +502 3 79 23 18 miguelangel.lopez@siemens.com Paraguay LUMINOTECNIA Commo lectrical
Assunción
T +59 521 55 10 75
F +59 521 55 12 12
cristina.benitez@luminotecnia.com.py

Peru SIEMENS S.A.

T +511 2 15 00 30 ext. 4077 jerson.zelada@siemens.com

MGI S.A. Montevideo T +598 22 00 78 00 mgarcia@mgi.com.uy

Venezuela EMI – EQUIPOS Y SISTEMAS Caracas T +582 12 2 43 60 79 F +582 12 2 43 64 01 mduarte@emi-ve.com

Bangladesh S.A. Traders & Co. Dhaka +880 2 955 83 40 +880 2 956 57 26

China EPCOS (Shanghai) Ltd. Xiamen T +86 592 22 02 22 10 F +86 592 22 02 22 50 sales.cn@epcos.com

EPCOS (Shanghai) Ltd. Beijing T +86 10 85 86 86 73 +86 10 85 86 92 04 sales.cn@epcos.com

EPCOS (Shanghai) Ltd. Shenzhen T +86 755 82 75 91 00 F +86 755 82 75 91 35 sales.cn@epcos.com

EPCOS (China) Investment Ltd. EPCOS (Shanghai) Ltd.
Changning District, Shanghai
T +86 21 22 19 15 00
F +86 21 22 19 15 99 sales.cn@epcos.com

FPCOS LIMITED Hong Kong T +85 2 36 69 82 00 F +85 2 36 69 82 56 sales.cn@epcos.com

India EPCOS India Private Ltd. Bengaluru T +91 80 40 39 06 08 T +91 80 40 39 06 40 F +91 80 40 39 06 03 sales.in@epcos.com

EPCOS India Private Ltd. Mumbai, Maharashtra T +91 22 42 56 06 00 F +91 22 26 83 26 45

EPCOS India Private Ltd. Kolkata T/F +91 33 24198815

EPCOS India Private Ltd. New Delhi T +91 11 43 54 99 11/12 F +91 11 23 70 41 46

Indonesia PT Industrindo Niagatama Jakarta +62 21 65 30 26 57 +62 21 65 30 26 59 djohari@indotama.biz PT Ometraco Arya Samanta

Jakarta T +62 21 619 61 66 F +62 21 619 34 47 sales-eld@oas.co.id

Saba Khazen Co. Tehran T +98 21 88 88 90 13 F +98 21 88 77 20 67

Israel Nisko Electricity & Electronics Ltd. Tel Aviv T +972 37 65 71 00 F +972 37 65 71 10

Japan EPCOS KK Yokohama T +81 45 4 78 72 00 F +81 45 4 78 72 25 sales.jp@epcos.com

EPCOS KK Osaka T +81 6 62 92 69 11 F +81 6 62 92 69 15 sales.jp@epcos.com

TDK-EPC Corporation Tokyo T +81 3 52 01 72 41 F +81 3 52 01 72 62

EPCOS Korea LLC Seoul T +82 2 34 50 75 70 F +82 2 34 50 75 98 sales.kr@epcos.com

Malaysia Alpha Automation (Selangor) Sdn. Bhd. Selangor T +60 3 55 69 36 98 +60 3 55 69 40 99 alphamail@alphakl.com

Get in Contact

EPCOS RDC Sdn. Bhd. Kuala Lumpur T +60 6 79 98 168 F +60 6 79 98 162 sales.asean@epcos.com

Nepal

Machinery & Electric Complex Kathmandu T +97 71 423 25 44 F +97 71 423 05 73

Philippines GTB Industrial Network Inc

Manila T +63 2 563 83 38 F +63 2 563 25 29 cathie.pintado@asiaphil.com www.asiaphil.com

Saudi Arabia

Bahrain Advanced Modular Power Systems Al Khobar T +966 38 82 10 55 F +966 38 87 68 64

Singapore

Asia Electric Technologies Pte Ltd Singapore T +65 62 98 85 50 +65 62 99 60 69 ivan.lim@aet.com.sq

Sri Lanka

K.I.K. Engineering Co. (Pvt) Ltd. Mount Lavinia, T +94 11 271 74 13 F +94 11 271 50 55 oswald@kik.lk

Syria ZAHABI CO.

Aleppo T +963 21 21 22 23 5/6 F +963 21 21 22 23 7 zahabi-co@mail.sy

Taiwan EPCOS Taiwan Co. Ltd. Taipei T +886 2 26 55 76 76 F +886 2 27 82 03 89 sales.tw@epcos.com

Thailand

ITM Capacitors Co. Ltd.
Samut Prakam
T +66 2 336 11 16
F +66 2 336 11 14 tm@itm.co.th

United Arab Emirates

Gama Electrical Trading CO. LLC Sharjah T +971 65 33 54 53 +971 65 33 81 82

Vietnam

Vietnam LTP Tech Co., Ltd Ho Chi Minh City T +84 8 35 15 89 60 F +84 8 35 15 89 66 info@ltptech.vn

AUSTRALIA

Electric Components Solutions Pty Ltd. Mulgrave, VIC 3170 T +61 3 85 61 19 99 F +61 3 95 74 70 55 sales.au@epcos.com

FUROPE

Austria, Bulgaria EPCOS OHO Vienna, Austria +43 51 70 72 56 30 +43 51 70 75 56 45 sales.csee@epcos.com

Benelux, France EPCOS SAS PANTIN

T +33 1 49 46 67 89 sales.france@epcos.com

Croatia ERG d.o.o.

Varaždin T +385 42 35 17 77 +385 42 35 17 70 erg@erg.hr

Czech Republic EPCOS s.r.o.

Prague T +420 2 33 03 22 81 F +420 2 33 03 22 89 sales.czech@epcos.com

Estonia, Finland EPCOS Nordic OY

Espoo T +358 95 480 7000 F +358 95 480 7001 sales.nordic@epcos.com

Germany, Liechtenstein, Switzerland

EPCOS AG Customer Service, München T (D) 0180 500 33 48 (0,12 Euro/Min.)
T (CH) 08 48 37 26 71 F +49 89 63 62 80 10 sales.germany@epcos.com

Greece

Siemens A.E. Amaroussio/Athens T +30 210 68 64 148 +30 210 68 64 562

Hungary EPCOS Kft. Értékesítési iroda Budapest T +36 1 436 07 20 F +36 1 436 07 21 sales.hungary@epcos.com

TDK-EPC Italy srl Milano T +39 02 50 99 54 26 F +39 02 50 99 54 55 sales.italy@epcos.com

Trendfin s.r.l. Limena (PD) T +39 049 88 48 011 F +39 049 88 48 143 info@tecnologic-pfc.com

Poland, Latvia, Lithuania EPCOS Poland Sp. z.o.o. Warsaw, Poland +48 22 24 604 13 +48 22 24 604 00

sales.poland@epcos.com

Elgerta LTD (Elgerta Group Lithuania) Vilnius, Lithuania T +370 5 265 26 83 F +370 5 265 08 28

lithuania@elgertagroup.com

OLKO - Zakład Montażu Urządzeń Elektronicznych Gdańsk, Poland T +48 (58) 55 42 911 F +48 (58) 55 43 113 gdansk@olko.com.pl

Elhurt Sp. z o.o. Gdańsk, Poland T +48 58 554 08 00 F +48 58 554 08 06 elhurt@elhurt.com.pl

Portugal EPCOS 2 Portugal LDA

Évora T +351 91 75 67 927 F +351 21 49 33 476 sales.portugal@epcos.com

Romania

EPCOS Sales Representative Timisoara T +40 723 114 111 F +40 356 416 133 sales.romania@epcos.com

EPCOS Sales Representative Brasov +40 724 58 84 94 +40 368 00 35 62 sales.romania@epcos.com

Russia, Belarus, Kazakhstan, Moldavia, Ukraine

EPCOS LLC Kiev/Moscow T +7 495 663 21 41 (Moscow) T +380 44 362 54 26 (Kiev) sales.cis@epcos.com

Serbia

MK Trade d.o.o. Belgrade T +381 11 318 37 80 F +381 11 227 46 35 info@mktrade.co.rs

Montprojekt d.o.o. Belgrade T +381 11 312 92 31 F +381 11 312 91 69 office@montprojekt.rs

Slovakia

EPCOS Sales Agency Dolný Kubín T +42 1 43 5 82 36 73 F +42 1 43 5 82 37 33 sales.slovakia@epcos.com

Slovenia, Croatia, Bosnia & Herzegovina, Montenegro EPCOS Sales Representative Škofljica, Slovenia T +386 59 95 63 53 F +386 59 95 63 54

sales.slovenia@epcos.com

EPCOS ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS S.A. Getafe (Madrid) T +34 91 514 80 00 F +34 91 514 70 14 sales.iberia@epcos.com

Sweden, Iceland, Denmark, Norway EPCOS Nordic AB Kista, Sweden T +46 8 4 77 27 00

F +46 8 4 77 27 01 sales.nordic@epcos.com

Turkey EPCOS AG Liaison Office Istanbul T +90 216 5 69 81 00 F +90 216 4 64 07 56 sales.turkey@epcos.com

United Kingdom, Ireland EPCOS UK Ltd. Bracknell +44 13 44 38 15 10 +44 13 44 38 15 12 sales.uk@epcos.com

08/11

The addresses of our worldwide distributors and regional sales offices are available at www.epcos.com/sales

© EPCOS AG, Corporate Center, P.O.Box 80 17 09, 81617 Munich, Germany, T +49 89 636 09, F +49 89 636 226 89 Reproduction, publication and dissemination of this publication and the information contained therein without EPCOS' prior express consent is prohibited.

© EPCOS AG 2011 93

